

TRIED TO BREAK UP A PARKER MEETING

Democrats by Sheer Force of
Number Shouted Down Their
Adversaries

GREAT WELCOME TO THE JUDGE

Discussed Issues of the Campaign, the
Audience Being Most En-
thusiastic

Newark, N. J., Nov. 1.—Eventually ineffective but temporarily successful, was the attempt made tonight to rout a monster Democratic meeting at the Essex Troop armory, where Judge Parker was the principal speaker. The great building, with a capacity said to be more than two-thirds that of Madison Square garden in New York, was filled. At the first mention of the present administration and the name of President Roosevelt hundreds broke forth with terrific cheering, and for several minutes it appeared as though the Democrats were in the minority. The scene that followed was one of unimaginable confusion. Hisses and cheers were mingled. Words in anger and threats were heard, and the police were powerless to control. Finally the Democrats by sheer force of numbers and their greater volume of sound drowned out their adversaries.

The disturbance occurred before Judge Parker reached the hall. Judge Parker's invasion of New Jersey to make in the present campaign the first speech he has delivered outside of his native state was met with a resounding welcome. This started when the candidate boarded a ferry of the Lackawanna railroad at Christopher street, New York, and was continued at the Hoboken station, on a crowded train to Newark and en route to the home of former Senator James Smith, Jr., where the members of his party were guests at dinner. At the Broad street station in Newark several thousands of people gathered, and despite extensive police protection passage up Broad street was forced with great difficulty. Led by a squad of police and a military band the party in two carriages was driven to Mr. Smith's home. A big crowd was gathered there, and lines were established by the police to enable the party to reach the house. As Judge Parker mounted the steps there was a tremendous cheering. He several times lifted his hat and shook hands with women who rushed to the steps. After dinner a reception was held at Mr. Smith's home, where many people met the candidate.

Judge Parker and Mr. Smith started for the armory at 8:30. The street and park in front of Mr. Smith's house was crowded with people who cheered the carriages and those in charge of the arrangements for the candidate's reception, enjoyed an unimpeded passage to the armory, but there they found the capacity of the building overtaxed. After several attempts to gain an entrance by the back door, a gateway was found beneath the stage.

Upon the appearance of Judge Parker on the platform at 9:03 o'clock the demonstration was phenomenal. The applause came from every part of the armory and the volume of sound was deafening. Flags were waved, chairs were hammered with hands and feet, some persons whistled, others shouted, and all contributed their full share to the enthusiasm.

After exactly 20 minutes Judge Parker took a hand in quelling the enthusiasm. One minute later he addressed the chairman. In an instant the armory was converted from tumult to absolute silence. Throughout his speech the candidate was well treated, being cheered heartily when he scored a point and listened to attentively at all times. There were no more demonstrations from his political opponents that were worthy of notice.

Judge Parker's voice was rather stronger than usual. It penetrated the furthest sections of the armory. Judge Parker described the method by which the United States was being built, beginning with a narrow fringe along the Atlantic coast, and spreading steadily across the continent, speaking the same language and possessing the same ideals.

"It is this expansion," said Judge Parker, "natural, inevitable, almost as silent as the tides of the ocean, which has made the country what it is and in the society that has come of this varied effort the words 'empire' and 'subject' have become meaningless and obsolete.

"Turning for a moment from this picture to that which sets before us the process of expansion even in the great countries of Europe and we find an entirely different truth. There it has been accomplished by the cruelty of the conqueror, the ambition of the soldier and the rapacity of the tax collector.

"It has gone on, not over virgin lands, but among crowded populations. It has put millions of people under the elbow of the conqueror. It has educated among those people the idea that these masses have been brought into the world to serve a distant master whom they would never see or to provide business or pleasure or profit for a conquering race.

"It has promoted the growth of navies, useless and unnecessary for their purpose of protecting commerce, and armies which quarter on the conquered lands have been paid by revenues drawn from scanty or decaying industries. Even in these days of arbitration and peace conferences the rage for conquest, national rivalries and the fear

"Make a
confidant of a
dog; he can't
talk."

TREE TEA SELECTED WISDOM
The pure, good tea, sold in
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It's Easier To Cure, Than Endure Pain.

It is needless to suffer pain. It is easier to take a Pain Pill and be cured. If you will provide yourself with a 25c package of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills you have the means of preventing attacks of pain, as well as a positive cure. If you are subject to nervous or sick headaches, neuralgia, backache, menstrual pains, stomach ache, indigestion, nervousness, if you have dizzy spells, sick stomach or headache while traveling, or sickness—all that is necessary is to take one of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills when first symptoms appear, or just before starting out to visit or travel, and they will soothe the irritated nerves, and free you from all these disagreeable affections.

In doing this you take no risks, because they are perfectly harmless, and you will have no other evidence of having taken them than the knowledge that you are free from pain.

They relieve and cure by relaxing the nerves, and by stimulating the secretions. "I am glad to find the relief that comes with the knowledge that I am free from these terrible headaches. I have had all my life. All I have to do is to take one of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and I am free from my suffering in three, six or twelve hours duration." J. M. DAVIS, Prof. Nurse, and Health Officer, Little Lake, Wis.

Write to us for Free Trial Package of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, the New Scientific Remedy for Pain. Also Syntonin Balm, our Specialized Pain Remedy. Tell us what is wrong and how to fight it. Free. DR. MILES' MEDICAL CO., LADYBOROUGH, ENGLAND.

that one might obtain an advantage over another have made conception almost universal over the whole continent of Europe. They have divided unknown continents into protectorates and spheres of influence which thus far have been almost useless to the holders and harmful to the natives.

"It is that kind of expansion upon which we are invited to look with favor. We are asked to turn from our own mightily but peaceful triumphs, from the conquests of this country, to spheres of influence which thus far have been almost useless to the holders and harmful to the natives.

"When we are asked, then, to turn away from the assured triumphs which a popular system—familiar as household words—has brought to us, and to adopt methods which, opposed to all our traditions, have not even the merit of success, or of bringing self-government, happiness and contentment to a single people, thus far subjected to them, we may well enter our protest against such a policy. We feel and know that the chart of our liberty by which our people have guarded their course for more than a century and a quarter has been brought to a halt by a government of constitutional fraud and regard for law, we have been able, through peace and war, foreign and intestine, to grow from a population of 3,000,000 to one of 80,000,000, why may we not go on until we have doubled that number? Why should we now consent to take away the right of self-government from the people, and, according to their advocates, is certain to lead us to what they call 'empire'?"

Taking up the trust question, Judge Parker said: "It is expected that during the last three or four years the increase in the cost of living has amounted to one-third. Secy. Shaw rejoices in it and says the wages of the workmen and the income of our people are greater in proportion. Now, if that is true, the householders of this country know it. If not their wives do. They know whether the bread winner's income is greater by a sixth than it was four years ago. There are instances in which it is. But in the great majority of cases you will find it is not true. You will discover that it requires just a little more work on your part, and more care on the part of your wives to make both ends meet from month to month. Now, why is it that the prices of the things we have to have are pushed up in time from time to time, and the improvement in our income or not? It is in part because the business of this country today is largely in control of combinations or trusts which are enabled to shut out competition and thus control prices arbitrarily.

"When an individual violates the law the law punishes him. When a corporation violates the law the law punishes it. A corporation is no more entitled to immunity from the consequences of its wrongful acts than an individual. A combination of individuals to control the market price of products of any kind is void. A combination of corporations for the same purpose is also void. We would not hesitate for a moment to prosecute the individuals thus violating the law for the purpose of oppressing the people. Why should there be any hesitation in enforcing the law against great corporations for illegal business? Are the official creations of the government exempt in practice from the operation of that sacred principle of equal and exact justice to all men? It ought not to be so. And it will not long be so if we as a people act wisely in both state and national councils.

"Overwhelming in importance tower the questions: Shall the partnership between the Republican leaders and the trusts continue with profit to both and hurt to the country? Shall the trust contributions of millions to the campaign for securing the right to continue wrongful taking of millions a year from the people?"

Another ovation was given the candidate when he concluded. It continued several minutes—in fact, until Judge Parker left the meeting to take a special train for Jersey City, where he made speeches before returning to New York tonight. The demonstration outside the armory as the party was escorted to the special car was even greater than that which greeted his entrance to the armory. It is estimated by Democratic leaders that many people were unable to get into the armory as the number in the audience.

AT JERSEY CITY.
New York, Nov. 1.—An audience that filled Elks hall, Jersey City, to overflowing remained until 10:50 to greet and listen to Judge Parker tonight. When he appeared they gave him a vote of enthusiastic cheering. Several minutes after he entered the hall he was at once to the front of the stage, shook hands with the chairman of the meeting and then faced the audience which had mounted the chairs, cheering wildly and waving flags.

Judge Parker bowed several times. He took his manuscript from his pocket and stood ready to begin, but as the cheering died away it would be renewed again. Judge Parker was intensely earnest and even dramatic at times in his delivery and manner. He was frequently interrupted by applause and received another ovation when he concluded. He said in part:

"Because we are opposed to the purchase of the electorate and have felt it our duty to say so, those who would corrupt it to the end that their power to plunder the people may continue, cry out in these closing hours of the campaign that the business interests would not be safe with a Democratic administration. As I have had occasion to say before, and I deem it my duty to say again, the trusts are furnishing the money with which they hope to control the election.

"I am sorry to be obliged to say it. If it were not true, I would not say it to gain the presidency or any other earthly reward, but it is true, and, that being so, it becomes my duty to warn the people of it.

"On Friday last, in a public address I called attention to the fact that the charges had not been met and could not be met.

"Promptly it was given out that Mr. Cortelyou would make answer to the charge—Cortelyou, the chairman of the Republican national committee—the one time private secretary of the president, later a member of the cabinet as head of the department of commerce and labor and as such having the right to obtain the secrets of the so-called trusts—secrets which, under the statute may not go beyond the president if he so desire.

"And then it was almost as promptly denied that he had any such purpose. "The New York Tribune of this morning publishes a dispatch from Washington under the head of 'Cortelyou Falsely Accused,' with a sub-head saying that he 'Has Not Extorted Confidential Communications from Corporations.' It gives what purports to be the statement of a man who withholds his name. He is described in the Tribune article as 'a man who knows all that occurred at Mr. Cortelyou's last call on the president.' Whether it was one of the other is left to the reader.

"But in any event it is of no consequence which one it was for these grave charges cannot be met anonymously. There are only two persons who can interest the people in this subject. If they have anything to say they would like to have it said promptly.

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"But in any event it is of no consequence which one it was for these grave charges cannot be met anonymously. There are only two persons who can interest the people in this subject. If they have anything to say they would like to have it said promptly.

"Weeks have passed since the New York World, the New York Times and the Brooklyn Eagle made charges covering fully this, the most vital question before the people—charges that were reproduced in every part of the country—the former propounding ten questions, beginning with 'How much has the beef trust contributed to Mr. Cortelyou?'

"There has been plenty of time to answer these questions, but they have not been answered and they will not be. "It is for the people now to say whether the trusts of this country shall be permitted to control its national elections in order that their privilege to pay tribute may be continued.

The candidate left the hall after concluding and went to St. Peter's hall, where he received another ovation and delivered the same speech.

Judge Parker left Jersey City for New York at 11:00.

There were large crowds in the streets of Jersey City, and they cheered him enthusiastically.

Expenditures Exceeds Receipts.

Washington, Nov. 1.—The monthly comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures shows that for the month of October, 1904, the total receipts were \$4,384,900, an increase as compared with October, 1903, of \$2,977,295.

The expenditures for last month were \$5,244,122, an increase as compared with October, 1903, of \$1,932,644. The deficit last month, therefore, was \$859,214, as against a deficit of \$4,324,000 for the corresponding month last year.

Since June 29, 1904, the expenditures have exceeded the receipts by \$21,809,129. For the corresponding four months in 1903 there was a surplus of \$899,288. During the last four months, however, \$1,000,000 have been expended on account of deficiency in the postal revenues, made necessary principally by the extension of the free rural delivery service.

Union Depot for Seattle.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 1.—J. D. Farrell, assistant to President Hill, of the Great Northern railroad, returned from St. Paul today with the news that the contracts for the union depot in this city and extensive improvements to the Great Northern's docks had been let. He refused to give out the contract price. The depot will be built by a Chicago firm.

Cordray's Theater Sold.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 1.—Cordray's theater, owned by Cordray & Russell, was sold tonight for \$30,000 to a syndicate headed by Timothy D. Sullivan of New York City and John D. Considine of Seattle, Wash. The theater will be turned into a vaudeville house to be operated in connection with a chain of theaters being built or secured by the Sullivan-Considine syndicate that will extend across the continent.

Killed by a Train.

Portland, Or., Nov. 1.—A telephone message from Roseburg, Or., to the Oregonian, says the mangled remains of a young man named Jacob Cross were found on the railroad at Myrtle Creek, Or., tonight. Cross is thought to have been beating his way on a train, and to have fallen under the cars. The man was a Spanish-American war veteran enlisted from Ohio.

A DISASTROUS FIRE.

Two Men Burned to Death; Loss Ten Thousand.

Dodesto, Cal., Nov. 1.—A fire which cost the lives of two men and destroyed a property loss of \$10,000 has destroyed the City hotel, a cheap lodging house in this place. Many inmates of the place had to jump from the second story windows to save themselves. In the ruins were found the remains of James Rice, an employee of the hotel, and Levi Beck, a laborer. Both had been terribly burned. Defective electric wires are supposed to have caused the fire.

LARABEE'S MURDERERS.

Six of Them Killed While Trying to Escape.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Mr. Pearson, United States minister to Persia, today called the state department that he has emphatically reiterated his unequivocal demand for the just and proper punishment of those responsible for the murder of Dr. Larabee, the American missionary.

Mr. Pearson also reported that he had just been told by the minister of foreign affairs, who received his information from the crown prince, that six of the accessories to the murder, while endeavoring to escape, were killed yesterday afternoon by Persian forces and that the remainder of the gang is being pursued actively by the military.

By way of retribution for Larabee's mutilation the Persian military commander had two of the ringleaders decapitated and their heads exposed on bayonets.

TEA

The two most significant words between you and your grocer are Schilling's Best.

They mean more than tea. Your grocer returns your money if you don't like it.

FARBANKS TO THE HOOSIERS.

Vice Presidential Candidate Made
Nearly Twenty Speeches
Yesterday.

ENTHUSIASTICALLY WELCOMED.

Makes a Stirring Address to Students
Of a Military Academy—An-
swers His Opponents.

La. Porte, Ind., Nov. 1.—Nearly 20 speeches were made today by Senator Fairbanks. With one exception, that of Sturgis, Mich., the senator's addresses were delivered to the citizens of his own state. At all points he was enthusiastically welcomed, and his speeches were repeatedly punctuated with applause. During the day he dwelt mainly upon the prevalence of prosperity throughout the country, claiming that this was due to Republican administration of government, and that its continuance was dependent on Republican success next week.

At several points he referred to portions of Judge Parker's speech in New York last night, with special reference to the opening of foreign markets to American manufacturing products.

During most of the day the senator was accompanied by J. Frank Hanley, the Republican candidate for governor of Indiana. At Lima, Ind., the students of Howe Military academy were present to greet the vice presidential candidate. To them he said:

"Some of our political opponents have much to say about militarism and the spirit of militarism. There is no spirit of militarism which is a menace to our country. The soldiers of the republic have always been its friends and not its enemies. The young men studying military tactics here are learning the lessons of the republic, and are learning how to better protect it against its enemies the world about. There are no enemies of the American flag at home. The 80,000,000 of citizens—I care not to which party they belong—whether they are Republicans or Democrats—are all friends of the American flag. The little army of the United States is necessary. It will continue to be the protector and guardian of our national interests. The strength of the republic, however, is not in the army, splendid as it is, nor is it in the navy, splendid as it is, but in the people. It is the people who have brought us such renown, the strength of the republic always in the patriotic hearts of our countrymen."

The largest crowds of the day were at Goshen, Elkhart and South Bend. Last night the speaker was at Hammond and the scene of the speech was side-tracked at Michigan City during the night.

Taft RIDICULES WILLIS' LETTER

New York, Nov. 1.—Secy. of War Taft spoke last night in Carnegie hall and was held by the audience. He ridiculed the recent letter on the Philippine conditions written by E. Parker Willis and quoted approvingly by Judge Parker.

JOHN B. CARLSON DIES.

Was Shot by His Son While Protecting His Mother.

Tacoma, Wash., Nov. 1.—John B. Carlson, who was shot by his son, Emil J. Carlson, yesterday afternoon while protecting his mother and himself from the father, who had burst open the door and threatened to kill them, died at St. Joseph's hospital shortly before midnight. The doctors found the bullet had entered about an inch and a half to the left of the naval and punctured the intestines in twenty places. He rallied from the operation, but did not seem to realize what had happened.

Young Carlson, who had succeeded to the sheriff, was taken before Justice Griffin about half past 4 o'clock and was released on \$1,000 bail on the charge of assault with a deadly weapon. A coroner's inquest will be held tomorrow at 10 o'clock. Meantime no other charges will be filed against Young Carlson.

THE CALIFORNIA ARROW.

Makes a Second and Most Successful Flight.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 1.—Thomas S. Baldwin's alrship, the "California Arrow," made its second flight today from the world's fair aeromantic course with A. Roy Knabenshue of Toledo, who made two previous flights, at the helm. The day was clear and a seven-mile breeze blew from the southwest.

When released from its weights, the alrship rose gradually to a height of about 700 feet and sailed, with the wind in a northeasterly direction with the machine under complete control. Knabenshue piloted the machine for at least 300 feet and returned, circling about the course.

To show the sailing qualities of his craft Knabenshue, then at a height of 1,000 feet, steered directly into the teeth of the wind and proceeded for about half a mile, returning to the starting place soon after, as his orders were to land at once, as was expected he would. Knabenshue kept on maneuvering, crossing the course in every direction, then shooting off to the west. Finally, after being up nearly 40 minutes, he returned and brought the machine to the ground. As during yesterday's flight, the absolute brilliancy of the "California Arrow" demonstrated beyond a doubt. The crowd of several thousand persons assembled voiced their satisfaction with the performance by prolonged cheering.

Knabenshue another rousing reception as the alrship dropped down gracefully among them.

A BOY AND A GUN.

Little Fellow Shoots an Eight-Year-Old Girl.

Hamilton, Mont., Nov. 1.—While playing with a small rifle today John Tyler, a 6-year-old boy, shot and fatally wounded the 8-year-old daughter of John Marvel. Both families are prominent in this city. The rifle was given the boy as a present some time ago, but his parents did not know he had any bullets, and when he heard there was a mystery. It was said the boy was playing with the rifle a few nights before at which a robbery was depicted, and the child was imitating this scene when the shooting occurred. The bullet struck the little girl's neck, severing the jugular vein. The physicians have no hope of her recovery.

IS NAN PATTERSON FALSELY ACCUSED?

Milton W. Hazleton Says that He
Saw Caesar Young Shoot
Himself.

WHY HE COMES FORWARD NOW.

His Conscience Snote Him—Tells the
Story of His Arrival in New York
And of Meeting a Stranger.

New York, Nov. 1.—In defense of Nan Patterson, the actress now in the Tombs prison charged with having killed Caesar Young, the wealthy bookmaker, in a hansom cab in West Broadway, this city, on June 4 last, Milton W. Hazleton, a prominent business man of Oneonta, Oswego county, N. Y., today appeared at Dist. Atty. Jerome's office and declared in an affidavit that he saw Young fire the fatal shot.

Hazleton said that another man was with him at the time of the shooting. He does not know the identity of this witness, however, as he was a chance acquaintance, attracted by a Masonic emblem on his watch chain. He declared that his conscience has been troubling him so that he finally had to come forward and tell the story.

Hazleton told the assistant district attorney that he is 78 years old and lives in Oneonta. For a few weeks previous to the affair of June 4, Hazleton says he was staying with the family of Rev. D. W. Crouch, whose wife is his cousin, at their home in Brooklyn.

He says that he came to this city to see Joseph H. Hoadley, president of the International Air Power company, with whose father he had been associated years before in California; that on the day to which he refers he cannot remember the date, he came from Brooklyn looking for a boiler shop, which he thought was somewhere on the lower west side.

"Up the street," continued Hazleton, "I met a man from the west who was attracted by the Masonic emblem on my watch chain. He spoke to me and we walked along together. At first I thought that he was a 'bunco steerer,' and was suspicious of him because I thought that he wanted to go to me. But he showed me that he was a Mason in good standing and we went along up the street together.

"I saw a hansom cab coming toward me. In this was a man and a woman sitting partly facing each other. When I first saw them they were about 100 feet away. Their four hands were raised. From their excited faces and positions I saw that they were in a commotion of some kind. My companion saw them at the same time and said to me: 'Look there.'

"After that," said the young woman, "I saw the man as he stepped out of the hansom and toward her lap and a draw hereafter I saw the revolver in his hand and saw and heard it go off. I saw him fall forward into the lap of the woman. The hansom did not stop, but drove by us, it being near to us when the shooting occurred."

Hazleton says that as he and the man he was with did not wish to be detained as witnesses they agreed to say nothing about what they had seen.

After making his statement Hazleton was taken under escort to Bleeker street and West Broadway, where the shooting occurred, but was unable to identify the locality. Hazleton further said that when the stranger he was with introduced himself he gave his name but not his card, and that he had forgotten the name.

"After seeing of Nan Patterson's arrest he said, he came here and tried to visit her in the Tombs, but was unsuccessful. He then determined to tell his story in court when Miss Patterson was placed on trial. Before leaving the district attorney's office Hazleton was subpoenaed to appear there again next Friday.

Adolph Busch Resigns.

St. Louis, Nov. 2.—Adolph Busch, the millionaire brewer, who is prominently connected with one of the largest concerns on the Pike, has tendered his resignation as a director and a member of one of the most important committees of the World's fair company.

Mr. Busch declares that he has resigned from the fair directorate because of discrimination made against a concession with which he is connected.

"I have spent considerable time and money to make the concession possible at the fair," said Mr. Busch, "and I do not like the treatment we have been accorded by the fair management. My interests are such that I do not care to retain my position as director of the fair, and I resigned for that reason, it is final."

"JACK'S LITTLE SURPRISE."

The title of "Jack's Little Surprise," recently at the Princess theater, New York, and which is now touring, suggests a curd and whey comedy for children to perform at Sunday school entertainments, but it is a pell mell farce in which a superlative woman causes a tumult of trouble among three couples of husbands and wives.

One more of those wicked plays of connubial infidelity from Paris? No. Although it starts in Cairo, with a harem hour at the fore, the tourists whom her presence afflicts are Americans on their way back to New York, and nothing vicious is done by her or any one else. The husbands hide her again and again, the wives as often discover her, and there is an incessant hullabaloo of the men's fright and the women's jealousy. The Egyptian goes through the play in harem garb of veiled head and ankles and an intermediate tunic, accompanied always by a couchette-couchette, and seeks a refuge from a pursuing Turk on every male breast she can throw herself upon. But she is innocent of evil design, and the only desire of the faithful husbands is to get rid of her. The mistakenly suspicious wives commit no improprieties of thought or act in their vengeful efforts.

Louis Egan, author of "Jack's Little Surprise," has been clever in turning, twisting and tangleing his subject to get comic situations out of it, but there is little merit of wit or humor in the composition, and the permissible absurdity of farce is carried into the impossibility of travesty. James K. Hackett is the producer, and he has drilled a competent and very agreeable company into exceedingly rapid action.

Arthur Byron, son of the Oliver Doud Byron who made money with "Across the Continent" and increased it to a fortune by operations in Long Branch real estate, and nephew of Ada Rehan who earned fame under Augustin Daly's handling, was originally the star. However, when the play left New York the company was changed in some instances.

Constipation—Its Cause and Cure.

A person in order to be healthy must get rid of the waste products (poisons) of the body. Nature has provided four ways to get rid of them: The Bowels, the Kidneys, the Bladder and the pores of the skin. If the bowels become inactive, that portion of the food which should be thrown off lies in the intestines and decomposes, causing Blood, Nerve, Liver and Kidney Trouble, and closes the pores of the skin, thus creating disease in the entire system. You can immediately relieve and permanently cure yourself of stubborn Constipation or distressing Stomach Trouble and perfectly regulate your Kidneys and Liver by taking one dose a day of Dr. Drake's Kidney and Bladder Pills. Any reader of this paper can secure absolutely free a bottle by writing to Drake Formula Co., Drake Bldg., Chicago. A free test bottle alone has brought health and vigor to many, so you owe it to yourself to prove what it will do in your case. Write the company this very day.

A Disappointed Public

Will Be Given Another
Opportunity.

COMPELLED TO MOVE

Compelled to Move in the Midst of
A Sale They Turned Many Away.

Saturday and today a great many people called at Young Bros' store at 33 Main street to make purchases, but as the company was compelled to be moved by the 1st of the month, they were unable to show goods satisfactorily, nor did they have time to wait on the public.

They have concluded to extend the time of their sale for one week to enable those who were disappointed to secure the instruments they desire, for while the sales have been enormous, there were many who failed to make purchases who desired to.

At the new store, 23 West First South, what is left of the old stock, and all of the new stock will be offered at a sacrifice for the rest of the week.

Every piano in the old stock is sold, but the new stock is complete and sacrifice prices prevail. Some more of those fast selling sewing machines are offered at \$15.00, over 100 were sold in six days.

All sheet music still 10 cents; some of it is worth 60 cents.

Everything we have will be reduced for this short time, as we want to please you and are anxious for you to see our new store.

Don't forget the new location, 23 West First South, a few doors west of the Utah National Bank.



Hotel St. Francis
San Francisco, California
Most luxurious Hotel in the World
Most Reasonable Hotel in America
Single Rooms, per day, \$1.00