

## LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM TUESDAY'S DAILY, FEB. 18.

THE "NATIONAL TRIBUNE," the first issue since the office was destroyed by fire last September, comes to hand. It is published weekly at Russellville, Arkansas.

GOVERNOR OF UTAH.—A dispatch in the *Ogden Junction* says that President Grant has appointed W. H. Claggett, the outgoing delegate from Montana, Governor of Utah. If true, a more unwise and unjust appointment could hardly be made.

FIRST WARD.—The good people of the First Ward, Bishop Joseph Warburton, have erected a brick school house 30x50 feet, and they intend to commemorate its opening and also Washington's birthday by a picnic and concert on Saturday, Feb. 22, commencing at 2 p.m. Committee of arrangements—W. C. Patton, S. B. Allen, E. Cox, J. Cox, W. Hill, C. Hawkins, G. Clark.

DANGEROUS.—As two gentlemen were walking along First Street this morning, they heard the report of a rifle, and a bullet whizzed past them. They could not see the person who fired the shot, but it appeared to be directed at some snow birds. A dangerous practice and a breach of the law.

THE UTAH SOUTHERN BLOCKADE.—The train that should have arrived in this city from Lehi on Saturday evening at seven o'clock reached the depot last night at about seven. It was only freed from the drifts after the most energetic and incessant labor. Mr. James Sharp, freight and ticket agent, and Mr. George Swan, secretary of the road, were at the blockade in person. The road was open last evening between this city and the Point of the Mountain, but dispatches from Lehi stated that the cuts between that place and the Point were all filled with snow. We understand a force of men are at work clearing the track now.

CASH PATENTS.—We are requested to publish the following:

U. S. LAND OFFICE,  
Salt Lake City, U. T.,  
February 18th, 1873.

The following Cash patents have been received at this office and are ready for delivery on surrender of the receipt.

No. 774 in the name of Phineas H. Young.

No. 804 in the name of John Coon.  
M. J. ROCHF,  
Acting Register.

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY, FEB. 19.

STEALING BUFFALO ROBES.—H. Walker, colored, and another individual were arrested last night on a charge of stealing a couple of buffalo robes from the Townsend House. They were to have an interview with Justice Clinton this afternoon.

NO WATER.—One of the passengers who had to stay over at Sandy on Sunday night on account of the railroad snow blockade said that he was much distressed on account of the lack of water at that point, the almost universal beverage being whisky, except in a few cases when the temperately inclined take to snow water at this season of the year. We understand there are seven saloons in that small place.

MARRIED in this city, Feb. 18th, by Hon. Elias Smith, Mr. Henry Thomas Druce and Miss Rosa J. Margetts, daughter of Richard and Catherine Margetts.

"Then come the wild weather, come sleet or come snow,  
We will stand by each other, however it blow;  
Oppression and sickness, and sorrow and pain,  
Shall be to our true love, as links to the chain."

A LETTER FOR SAMUEL JONES.—Mr. John Bennion, of West Jordan Ward, who returned from England a few days since, brought a letter for Mr. Samuel Jones, blacksmith or nailmaker, who left Newmarket, Flintshire, Wales, for Utah, about twenty years ago. The letter is from the nephew of the above, Mr. James Jones, now of her Majesty's Customs, Liverpool, England. Mr. Bennion has enquired for, but cannot ascertain the whereabouts of Mr. Samuel Jones, and if the latter will apply for the letter to Mr. Bennion he can obtain it.

WANTS HIM BOUND OVER.—One Borg called at the City Hall this morning for the purpose of having one Olsen bound over to keep the peace towards him. Both are Scandinavians, and Borg alleges that Olsen threatened to kill him and drew a pistol on him the other day on the street. Jealousy on the part of Olsen is the alleged cause of the disagreement, and for which Borg says there are not the slightest grounds in fact. The matter was postponed till this afternoon, Justice Clinton being unable to hold court till then, on account of his being sick.

SUSPICIOUS.—An address to the management of the Theatre, suggesting a benefit to Captain Martin, to make amends for the disappointment incurred on account of the meagre audiences which attended on the presentation of his new drama, has been floating around lately receiving signatures. One of the signers grew suspicious after affixing his name to the document and sent after the individual who was carrying it around. On again seeing the paper, the signer wrote near the place where his name was, "For Captain Martin's benefit." It is presumed the gentleman was afraid the complimentary benefit was a ruse and that his signature was aimed to attach to such a petition as that published in the News lately and which emanated from certain members of the Utah bar, or something like the baby petition of last year, sustaining a certain sorrowful judge who came here on a mission in his illegal course of last winter. Taking these things into consideration it is not to be wondered at that the gentleman should have manifested a trifle of suspicion.

Per Deseret Telegraph.

LOGAN, 19.—Miss Julia Merrill of this place died last night of apoplexy, caused through excitement in consequence of the murder of David Crockett, whom she thought considerable of.

Crockett was buried to-day at ten o'clock.

LOGAN, Cache co., Feb. 18, 1873.

On investigation before Judge Wm. Hyde, the following facts appeared:  
Charles A. Benson, who shot and instantly killed David W. Crockett, on February 14th, was this day arrested about two miles west of town, by the city officers, followed by many citizens, and was brought here and lodged in the court house, amidst much excitement among the people; the officers having great difficulty in preventing him from being shot before reaching the court-house, before which place gathered armed crowds of men, most of whom had been searching the town for Benson. The crowd increased, the police endeavoring to disperse them, but to no avail. They forced the door of the court-house, in spite of the resistance of the officers, who threatened to fire upon them if they did not desist. The chief of police, who was on guard in the building, held the door as long as he could, but the force was so great that he was thrown upon his back and the crowd rushed in, and seizing Benson dragged him out and immediately hanged him as shown by the following coroner's inquest:

Territory of Utah,  
Logan precinct,  
Cache County.

An inquest holden at the county court house, in Logan, in said county, on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1873, before Charles O. Card, coroner of said county, upon the body of Charles A. Benson, there lying dead, by the jurors whose names are hereto subscribed. The said jurors upon their oaths do say that the said Charles A. Benson came to his death by strangulation, caused by a rope around his neck, and that we further find, according to the evidence here presented, that the said Charles A. Benson, unarmed, was taken from the officers, by a mob, with violence, and that said mob hung the said deceased to the sign in front of the county court-house until dead.

In witness whereof the said jurors hereto set their hands, on this the 18th day of February, A. D., 1873.

SYLVANUS COLLETT,  
ELI BELL,  
O. G. BEACHE.

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 18th day of February, 1873.

CHARLES O. CARD,  
Coroner of said county.

FROM THURSDAY'S DAILY, FEB. 20.

DEEP SNOW.—L. W. Porter, writing from Porterville, February 14th, says: "Snow is two feet two inches deep on the level here this morning. The weather to-day is fair and pleasant. There are no additional cases of smallpox."

DEPARTURE.—On Wednesday, the 15th inst., President Carrington left Liverpool for Rome, via London, Paris and Turin. On the evening of Thursday, the 16th inst., he left London, and expected to arrive in Rome at 5 p. m. on Sunday the 19th, where he was to join President George A. Smith, and form one of the party in traveling to Northern Egypt and Palestine.—*Mill. Star*, Jan. 21.

THE LYNNING AT LOGAN.—Every good citizen is opposed to mob law. In the recent instance of the reported execution of young Benson by an excited crowd at Logan, although the provocation may have been great, the exasperation of the people intense, and the guilt of the person certain and heinous, yet the people had no authority to execute him. From all we can hear we must believe him to be a murderer, and his life virtually forfeited to the law, but that did not empower irresponsible and unauthorized persons to inflict punishment upon him without due process of law, even when that punishment was undoubtedly deserved.

NOW IS THE TIME.—If men who have substantial interests at stake in this Territory do not now wield an influence by voice, pen and otherwise, against the outrageous proceedings of the anti-Mormon "ring," who are, to say the least, jeopardizing the business interests of Utah, they stand in the way of their own welfare. It is to the interests of all who have anything at stake to secure peace and good order. Should this advice not be taken and anybody lose by it, it will not be very consistent for non-protestants to growl afterwards. A prominent motto of the Latter-day Saints is peace, and they are determined to pursue a peace policy so far as they are allowed by their enemies.

SNOW PLOW.—A new Erickson snow plow for the Utah Central and Utah Southern roads, is in course of construction. When this plow is completed snow drifts will not be such formidable impediments to traffic on those lines. Those who have witnessed the feats of this implement state that it excels anything else in the line, for effectiveness, in existence. The only fault of the first one made here was its being too lightly constructed. No fault could be found however with the principle upon which it operated. A great advantage it possesses over other snow plows is that it frees the track from snow clear to the rails. We presume the fault of lightness of construction will be remedied in the one now being made.

HOME FROM THE EAST.—Hon. A. P. Rockwood reached his home in this City on Tuesday evening, from a visit to the East. He left here on the 23rd of December, with the intention, while away, to attend the Prison Reform Congress at Baltimore and the sittings of the American Fish Association at New York. He attended both meetings, travelled in twelve States, journeyed six thousand miles, had a good time, and returns in good health. The Fish Association have recently imported a large quantity of salmon eggs from Germany, purchased with funds furnished by the government. Utah expects to receive her quota in a few days.

At the Prison Congress four wardens were present, two from New York, one from Ohio and one (Mr. Rockwood) from Utah.

FLATTENING.—The religious crusade attempted to be inaugurated against the Latter-day Saints is having a most unsatisfactory effect upon business in this section. There is a general complaint among bankers, merchants and others that they scarcely ever saw such a tight time for money as the present. In fact there is every evidence of the existence of a feeling of insecurity among business circles, and numbers of men who have property at stake are not uttering blessings upon the heads of the infernal crew of carpet-baggers, played out politicians, religio-politico fanatics who are endeavoring to stir up strife.

It is a fact worthy of note that probably not one of the delectable crowd who are incessantly puddling in dirty water to find stinking fish has any substantial financial interest in the Territory, and as a rule they are a pitiable, hungry and impecunious crowd.

WHAT IS THE MATTER?—On Tuesday night Mr. Snider, then manager of the Salt Lake office of the Western Union Telegraph Company, received notice from Corinne, from Assistant Superintendent Ed. Conway, that he was discharged. Mr. Snider telegraphed to Mr. Conway to ascertain the cause of this rather summary action on the part of the latter. A reply was received, which stated that Mr. Snider was not discharged, but was relieved from the management of the Salt Lake office, on account of bonds not being furnished. Mr. Snider's reply that the bonds were ready at any time was not noticed. We have nothing at stake in this matter, but it certainly does appear curious that those superintending the affairs of the Company should be so hard to please in the matter of employees. So far as we have been informed, Mr. Snider has given ample satisfaction in the position which he filled. It is to be hoped that those frequent changes are not the result of personal consideration. Mr. C. W. Moore, from Corinne, fills the vacancy created by Mr. Snider's discharge, or relief, or whatever it may be proper to call it.

CROYDON.—A correspondent, writing from Croydon, Morgan county, February 15th, says:

"Snow is three feet deep here, with a prospect of lots more. This is very much like the winter eight years ago. It is to be hoped it may not last so long, for our hay stacks are growing smaller every day and our stock will need all the surplus fat they had at the beginning of the winter."

"The small-pox is disappearing. The Swann family are all around again. No more cases at present. The epizootic is slightly manifest amongst our horses and mules, but not seriously."

"We have to-day sent a petition to the County Court of Morgan county, asking immediate attention to our county road, from Croydon to Morgan City. We have had several narrow escapes from death, several smashes of wagons."

The correspondent states that Mr. John Toome received some severe injuries about a week previous to date of writing, but was rapidly recovering and it was expected he would be around again in a few days.

PICNIC AND SOCIAL PARTY.—A picnic and social party was held yesterday in the 2nd Ward School-house, by the Bishop, James Leach, and the members, especially for the enjoyment of the poor, of that Ward, commencing at three p. m. A hundred and fifty persons sat down to a table abundantly spread with the bounties of nature in the shape of tempting viands. After the feast ten or twelve baskets full of provisions remained, which were distributed among the needy. Afterward Elder Joseph F. Smith addressed the company in an interesting manner. Bishop Warburton and choir (Bro. Harrison leader), of the First Ward, were among the guests, and the choir, by its sweet singing, added much to the interest and pleasure of the occasion, concluding with "All are talking of Utah." In the evening the party went forth in the dance and an excellent good time was enjoyed. Special praise is accorded to the sisters who prepared the food and exerted themselves to make the party a success.

LEHI, Feb. 19th 1873.

Editor Deseret News.

Lehi depot is quite alive this morning with passengers from the north, that got in with the train due at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, but which got in at half past 3 this morning. The train arrived to time at Draperville yesterday morning, but from there to Lehi seemed almost an continual drift. Some of the banks of snow were at least half a mile long, and some of the drifts were eight feet deep, which had to be cut through. Mr. Charles Decker, road master, with about 50 hands, worked bravely in clearing the track, also all hands connected with the train did their best, so that amongst the passengers not one word of complaint was made. No engine did noble work, running into and half clearing the road, and all without any accident. The road even in Lehi is so full of snow that the men had to cut through a half mile drift and it is snowing now, with prospect of snowing all day. Great credit is due to all hands for their diligence and labor to get the train through.

G. HALLIDAY.

SAN PETE.—G. Brough writes from Spring City, Feb. 15—

"Two children died yesterday of the spotted fever, and since writing the above I learn that Joseph Major has died this morning, leaving a wife and four children. Two other children, it is said, can not recover. Quite a number of children are sick. No medical treatment seems to stay its progress, and quite a gloom is cast over this city."

## The Idea!

It is a well-known fact that the Mormons dislike litigation among their own people and use all the influence of their public opinion to compel persons in dispute about property rights to settle them by arbitration, but general attention has only lately been called to a Mormon statute which tries to convert attorneys into agents for the administration of justice; and an attempt has been made to arouse the indignation of the lawyers against the Mormons for that reason. An act of the Utah Legislature requires every lawyer to present all the material facts of the case to the court in which he appears! Was ever such an abomination heard of before? The idea of compelling a lawyer to tell the whole truth! Absurd!—*Alta California*.

## UTAH MATTERS.

WASHINGTON, 14.

The President is very determined about Utah and will bring matters at once to an issue. He says it is time to stop playing with Brigham Young. Mr. Claggett the present delegate from Montana is appointed Governor by the President.

Honorable William M. Mitchell, of Michigan, was to-day confirmed as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Utah. He is considered an able jurist, but very extreme in his political views. His appointment was suggested by Senator Carpenter, with whom he studied law in the same school.

WASHINGTON, 15.

All the troops now stationed in Texas, Louisiana, Alabama and Missouri, excepting detachments to do garrison duty, are ordered forward to Utah. The enforcement of the Acts of Congress is determined, inasmuch that the laws of the United States will be fully carried out. The troops are to be stationed within a short distance of Salt Lake City.—*Ogden Junction*.

THE TROOPS IN THE SOUTH ORDERED TO UTAH.—We are informed in a despatch from Washington that the President has ordered the United States troops now in the South to hold themselves in readiness to move out to the Plains, near Salt Lake City. This will be truly a move in the right direction. The civil power in Utah being unable to enforce obedience to the laws, it is time that the military were called to its aid. All Mormonism will doubtless cry aloud and wax wroth at this decisive action of the President, but the saints may take comfort in the reflection that their grief will be shared by the carpet-baggers, who will now have to stand alone among the reconstructed chivalry.—*New York Herald*, Feb. 8.

THE UTAH RAILROAD AND MINING CO.—Washington, February 11th.—A bill was introduced in the House yesterday to incorporate the Utah Railroad and Mining Company, with a capital stock of \$5,000,000, divided into shares of \$100 each. The object of the company is to develop the mining resources of Utah by constructing narrow gauge railroads, tramways and telegraph lines so as to connect the mining districts of Stockton, Rush Valley, Ophir and Camp Floyd with some convenient point of the Utah Southern Railroad or near Lehi. The company is to have the right of way across the public lands of the United States not exceeding 200 feet wide.—*Alta California*.

## The Mormon Question.

The Senate judiciary committee held a long meeting to consider the Frelinghuysen Mormon bill. The Honorable Thomas Fitch and delegate-elect Cannon asked permission to reply to the memorial sent there by the Salt Lake Bar, and to urge objections to the bill. They were allowed to file a printed argument, but not to personally appear.—*Omaha Herald*, Feb. 15.

## The Mormons.

"Omaha-ess" writes to the *Omaha Herald* from Salt Lake, February 11th, thus:

"On Mormonism my observations have been few. I had a rough idea when I came that I should know instinctively every Mormon and Mormoness that I met, but really they look like other people; anyway, they mind their own business. We read a great deal in outside papers of what is being and going to be done here, but we do not hear much of it at home, though, I think, leading Mormons anticipate restrictions that will be carried out with more severity than heretofore."

## A Mess of Stupidity.

General Grant's late views, according to Newman, of affairs in Utah, are published. The able mess of stupidity who "presides over the destinies" of as reckless a rabble of corruptionists and conspirators as ever cursed a free country, evidently meditates a new raid on Utah.—*Omaha Herald*.

A PROTEST.—The following appears in the *Alta California*—

SALT LAKE, February 16th.—The alarm among business men here, and particularly Eastern, Western and foreign capitalists interested in mining, has been greatly increased by the evident determination to push hurried legislation for Utah upon partisan statements of the carpet-bag ring of political adventurers, and the receipt of the news of the President's special message has induced the immediate telegraphing to the President and Congress, of the lengthy refutation which was preparing, showing up the wilful misstatements, gross errors, and barefaced misquoting of the statutes, as given in the secretly prepared and circulated memorial, signed by a score of interested gentlemen of the ring, and mentioned in the President's special message. This document was telegraphed to-day, with a long list of signatures of our leading bankers, merchants, mining agents and business men generally, and is a strong expose adopted in a public meeting, which, if given a hearing in Congress, can scarcely fail of attracting its attention. It closes with a vigorous remonstrance against unfriendly legislation, based upon false and prejudiced statements, and urges the appointment of a commission, empowered to visit Utah and thoroughly investigate all causes of complaint.

## The Mormon Question.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

The representatives of the Mormon interests here are much dissatisfied with the information that the President and Attorney-General will urge the passage of Senator Logan's bill to promote justice in the several Territories as the only possible speedy solution of the Mormon problem, if it is to be solved at all. They desire that the attempt be made in a manner less severe than that which they think the Logan bill contemplates. They claim that the recent reports from Salt Lake are sensational and unfounded. They particularly charge that the memorial from Utah, claiming to proceed from the more eminent lawyers of that Territory, is a tissue of partizan misrepresentation and an unfair compilation from garbled extracts of the law.—*N. Y. Times*.

## Co-operation of the President and Congress to Suppress Polygamy.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.

The situation of affairs in Utah, judicial and administrative, is engaging the serious attention of the President and Cabinet.

On Monday the President visited the Senate, and conferred with some of the members of the Judiciary Committee, with a view to securing positive legislation on this subject at this session. Yesterday the President and Attorney-General had a conference on the same subject, and the necessities of the situation seemed to be agreed upon on all hands.

It is frankly stated in high official circles that if legislation which will enable the courts to act be not had at this session, the country must not be surprised to see troops sent to Utah in numbers sufficient to provide for any exigency which may arise. The temporizing policy has had its day.—*N. Y. Times*.

## Taking the Buttons Off.

There are indications that the Administration is inclined to take the buttons off its foils in dealing with Utah and the Mormons. Preliminary to the more energetic treatment of the surviving "relic of barbarism," a bill has been proposed by General Logan giving the United States courts wider jurisdiction in the matter of plural wives, and the power to choose their own juries. Armed with these very simple weapons, it seems that the fight of the Government with Brigham Young would be certain in its issue and not over tedious.—*New York Times*.

## Frelinghuysen's Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

Senator Frelinghuysen introduced a bill, to-day, which was taken to the printer with such haste as to lead to the belief that it was not intended for the public. The bill relates to the Mormon question, which the President and Dr. Newman seem determined to have settled this winter, if their exertions are of any avail. The bill provides for regulating the judiciary on the principle adopted by Judge McKean but reversed by the Supreme Court, with regard to juries. It also provides for preventing polygamous marriages in future, but does not propose to interfere with those already existing. The Senate Judiciary committee will hold a session on Saturday, for the special consideration of the Utah question in accordance with the President's request.—*New York Tribune*.

## MARRIED.

In this City, February 17, by D. H. Wells, ISAAC P. BRIGHT with CORNELIA BROWER; also, at the same time and place, by the same, FRANCIS A. BAIR with MARRIA E. BROWER, all of Richmond, Cache county, Utah, and both daughters of A. C. Brower.

## DIED.

At her son's residence, 18th Ward, Salt Lake City, Feb. 17th, PHEBE PETTIT aged 77 years, 1 month and 15 days.

At Haslingden, December 27, 1872, MARY HANNAH, daughter of John and Mary Scowcroft, aged 9 months.—*Mill. Star*.

In London, December 23, 1872, of heart disease, MARY ANN, daughter of Charles and Mary Ann Denny, aged 11 years.—*Mill. Star*.