

MAYOR DELIVERS ANNUAL ADDRESS.

(Continued from page three.)

was 202, an increase over the previous year of 27, and the total losses were \$11,757.44, as against \$288,606.46 in the year 1904.

The construction of buildings, extension of fire alarm systems, new appraisement of improvements, etc., during the year amounted to \$7,364.96, and the revenue received from the sale of city property, condemned horses, etc., was \$333.23.

The estimated value of buildings and contents to which the department was assessed amounted to \$3,777,667.80. The insurance involved amounted to \$1,565,400. The insurance loss on buildings and contents was \$41,170. The losses on uninsured property amounted to \$10,590.

The record of water pressure for the year 1904, based on an hourly reading at the fire alarm office, giving the highest and lowest average for each month, gives the grand average at 96.6 pounds, which is the average for the year. This is considered by the insurance exchange as the best of the city's most excellent showings.

NEW FIRE STATION NEEDED.

The chief declares the fact that there is absolutely no fire protection for the southern portion of the city, and recommends that a station be immediately erected on land in that section owned by the city. One extra first size Metropolitan fire engine and 3,000 feet of new high hose is also recommended to be purchased for the better protection of the business district.

The chief suggests that the number of men in the department be increased, so that each member be allowed one day off in every seven. Such an arrangement, I am satisfied, would injure to the detriment of the service.

The recommendations are submitted to your honorable body for most serious consideration.

STREET LIGHTING.

The chief of the fire department reports the cost of street lighting for the year 1904 to be \$34,920.60. After deducting \$297.21 for interest, leaves the net cost of lighting \$34,623.39.

The same number of additional arc lights 225 were placed during the year, making the total to date 507 now in use.

In regard to this outage I would strongly recommend that some arrangement be made with the Utah Light & Heat company that a man in the employ of the city be made patrolman on street lighting; the expense to be borne, as at present, by the said Utah Light & Heat company. This, I firmly believe, would give to the city's superior lighting service than has been received heretofore.

The fire department of this city has made a most excellent showing for the year just passed, and certainly has placed itself second to none in the country in its management, discipline and effective service.

CITY RECORDER'S REPORT.

The report of the city recorder shows: Licenses issued 401; Druggists' liquor licenses issued 74; Restaurant licenses issued 30; Merchants' licenses issued 219; Miscellaneous licenses issued 2,456.

The department during the year dissolved:

Petitions and communications 412; Reports of city officers 823; Reports of committees 1,210; Ordinances 196, of which 115 became laws.

The fees collected from various sources amounted to \$9,183.62.

CITY COURT.

The report of the recorder, acting as ex-officio clerk of the city court, shows:

Civil Division—Cases filed, 808; receipts for the year, \$2,034.80.

Criminal Division—Complaints filed, 823; state cases filed, 283; receipts from state cases, \$1,065.87; receipts for the year, \$3,535.12.

(Included in the latter item are the receipts reported under the head of the Police Department.)

The department shows a marked improvement over previous years.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

The report of the health commission for the year 1904 shows the total number of births to be 498, representing a rate of 11.84 per thousand, based upon a population of 75,000. The total number of births was 1,746, a rate of 23.3 per thousand.

EFFICACY OF VACCINATION.

The number of cases of contagious diseases for the year was 921, a decrease over the previous year of nearly 25 per cent. The city is reported as entirely free from smallpox from Aug. 10 to Nov. 1. Of the 240 cases of smallpox reported, but 11 had ever been vaccinated. This, it would seem to me, is conclusive proof of the efficacy of vaccination.

At the isolation hospital there were confined during the year 109 cases of smallpox at an average cost per case of \$21.75.

The chemical and bacteriological examinations amounted to 706, of which 109 were of milk—79 of which were found to be below the standard.

CITY WATER ANALYSES.

Seven samples of city water were analyzed and tested for pathogenic bacteria, and were found pure. One sample of flowing well water was tested and found pure.

At the crematory there was destroyed during the year:

Garbage, pounds 3,220,000
Sewage, pounds 906,000
Undigested food, pounds 31,141
Horses 259
Cows 51
Dogs 424
Other small animals 39

The expense of the health department for the year was:

BABY'S TERRIBLE SORE

Body Raw With Humor, Caused Untold Agony, Doctor Did No Good. Mother Discouraged.

CUTICURA CURED AT ONCE

"My child was a very delicate baby. A terrible sore and humor broke out on his body, looking like raw flesh, and causing the child untold agony. My physician prescribed various remedies, none of which helped at all. I became discouraged and took the matter into my own hands, and tried Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment with almost immediate success. Before the second week had passed the sore was gone, not leaving a trace of anything. Mrs. Jeannette H. Block, 21 Rosedale St., Rochester, N. Y."

A MATTER OF HEALTH



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY.

(DO YOU REMEMBER?)

The Washington monument was dedicated in Washington, D. C., in the presence of a vast concourse of people.

A terrific explosion of natural gas in Pittsburgh, Pa., wrecked a large building and killed six persons.

Two criminal cases were dismissed against Frank James, at Booneville, Mo.

TEN YEARS AGO TODAY.

Burglars entered the White House barber shop and made away with considerable booty.

Ex-Gov. Benjamin F. Prescott of New Hampshire died at Ennis.

James B. Gentry, the actor, who killed actress Madge York, is very near death in a Pittsburgh hospital.

FIVE YEARS AGO TODAY.

Low Sing, a Chinaman, was sentenced by Judge Hart at Brigham City to be shot for the murder of a fellow countryman.

Harry Hayes, a brakeman, was crushed to death by cars in the R. G. W. yards.

Hon. Richard Mackintosh, the wealthy mining man, died in this city.

The besieged fort at Ladysmith was relieved by British forces under Gen. Buller.

Robert Parker of Beaver, Utah, was seriously injured by the explosion of dynamite at Cheyenne, Wyo.

Chief Washakie, the noted Indian chief, died on the Windy river in Wyoming.

Department, proper \$23,622.81
Isolation hospital 4,050.11
Crematory 3,305.90—\$30,978.82

A decrease in expenses over the year 1903 of \$2,283.49.

INSPECTOR OF PROVISIONS.

The report of the inspector of provisions for the year 1904 shows:

Total number pounds food condemned 23,441
Samples ice cream analyzed 19
Samples milk analyzed 109
Samples ice analyzed 7
Samples city water analyzed 7
Samples miscellaneous analyzed 9
Visits of inspection 8,681

LEGAL DEPARTMENT.

The report of the city attorney for the year 1904 shows that 22 cases out of 68 pending in the courts were finally disposed of, 4 of which were for personal injuries, involving claims aggregating \$31,255, upon which the amount ultimately paid aggregated \$4,408.06; one for \$2,500 for damages to crops being settled for \$550. The remainder consisted of claims for fees, salaries, tax and insurance matters, and also a condemnation proceeding in which the city paid \$1,450. The cases still pending involve claims for personal injury and money demands aggregating \$97,511.50.

CLAIMS FOR INJURIES.

During the year claims for personal injuries aggregating \$29,000 were filed, five of which, aggregating \$10,330, were settled without litigation at an expense of \$885. Claims were also filed by reason of change in sidewalk and street grades aggregating \$5,000. Prominent among these is a claim for \$50,000 upon which an agreement has been reached involving a possible outlay by the city of \$500.

During the year the courts have held the trespass ordinance and the ordinance licensing bicycles void for want of legislative authority, and the supreme court has construed the statute of the state, requiring personal injury cases to be filed within 90 days.

The attorney recommends proper legislation to enable the city to condemn water or water rights for municipal purposes, and says: "We have prepared such proposed amendments to the existing laws as, in our opinion, will meet and remedy the conditions now existing."

WANTS A NEW LAW.

The attorney continues: "During the year, as in previous years, the perplexed and mooted questions as to who are officers and agents of the city within the meaning of the law vesting in the mayor the right to appoint them, has frequently arisen. In many instances the questions are full of difficulty, and if a suitable law were enacted by the Legislature, eliminating the uncertainty and doubt, it would materially promote the best interests of the city, particularly so as at present a decision of the court would reach only the particular question involved in the one case decided."

The attorney recommends that a skilled and experienced detective be employed to assist the department when desired, and also recommends that his department be consulted prior to making any radical changes, from the natural surface grade, in street and sidewalk grades.

The attorney also recommends the appropriation of \$250 for the further betterment of the city's law library for the year 1905.

All of these recommendations I heartily subscribe to.

OIL INSPECTOR AND SEALER OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

The report of the oil inspector and sealer of weights and measures shows that during the past year he tested 327,141 gallons of illuminating oil, of which none were condemned, all being on the flash test of 110, or more, as required by ordinance. The inspector, however, is of the opinion that many gallons of oil which he inspects would not pass the required test were a "Fosbec" cup used instead of the "Tagliabue" cup which is now being used in conformity with the state statute.

The fees collected for such testing amounted to \$817.77. The fees collected for testing scales, weights and measures, amounted to \$177.25.

The net expense of this department, including the salary of the inspector, amounted to \$1,007, showing a surplus to its credit of \$285.02.

PLUMBING INSPECTOR.

The expense of this department for the year was \$1,960, and the fees collected amounted to \$963.

The value of plumbing done during

CONSUMPTION

Hope, fresh air, rest and Scott's Emulsion are the greatest remedies for consumption. Scott's Emulsion will always bring comfort and relief—often cure. Scott's Emulsion does for the consumptive what medicine alone cannot do. It's the nourishment in it that takes the patient in long strides toward health.

We'll send you a sample free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

laid out and various other improvements made.

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The total receipts of the public library for the year 1904 were:

City taxes, 1903 \$1,073.74
City taxes, 1904 6,309.00
Fines, etc. 690.17

Total receipts \$8,052.91
Total cost of maintenance for the year amounted to \$7,710.57

Net cost to the city \$1,171.62

An increase in the cost of maintenance over the year 1903 of \$1,444.83. The total collection of books on Jan. 1, 1905, was about 35,500.

HUMANITARIAN OFFICER.

The annual report of the humane officer for the year 1904, shows: Unredeemed dogs humanely killed, 228; disabled and worn-out horses humanely killed, 21; taken out of service for rest and recuperation, 35.

The humane officer recommends more watering troughs to be placed throughout the city.

AN ADEQUATE WATER SUPPLY.

Action Leading to Recent Bond Issue is Reviewed.

In my former message I referred to the necessity of increasing the city's water supply and promised to submit in a special communication my views as to the policy which should be adopted by the present administration with regard to that matter.

On the 4th day of April, 1904, I addressed a communication to your honorable body calling attention to the paramount importance of obtaining an adequate water supply for the city, and suggested that a special committee of members of the council be appointed to act with the mayor in devising and carrying out a plan for the accomplishment of that purpose. President Hewitt, with Councilmen Furston, Wells, Deans and A. J. Davis, were appointed such committee.

AVAILABLE WATER SOURCES.

The committee caused a careful and thorough investigation to be made of all the available water sources. It was ascertained that the city's present supply of potable water from City Creek, Emigration Creek and Parley's Creek, based upon September averages, which is the season of greatest scarcity, was about 10,000,000 gallons per day. It also appeared that the other available sources for potable water were Mill Creek, Big Cottonwood and Little Cottonwood creeks, which furnish an aggregate flow in season of low water, of over 32,000,000 gallons a day.

The present available supply of water from Utah Lake is about 45,000,000 gallons per day, with an opportunity to materially increase the availability without endangering the permanency of the lake.

EXCHANGE THE ONLY WAY.

It also became apparent that the only feasible way of securing the waters of Big Cottonwood and Little Cottonwood creeks was by exchange and lease, as the city's financial condition precluded the possibility of raising sufficient money to purchase the water rights on these streams. Besides it was more advantageous to the city to utilize its water rights in Utah Lake for exchange purposes, than to run the risk of losing them because of non-use.

About two-thirds of the waters of these mountain streams are used on lands lying under the present city water rights. The water on these lands is used on lands which would lie under an extension of the East Jordan canal.

The committee succeeded in obtaining options from the owners of water rights in Big Cottonwood creek for the exchange of about one-half of that stream for Utah Lake water from the city's canal, and it was ascertained that the water on the lands lying above the canal would be willing to lease their rights to the city, during the low water season, on reasonable terms.

RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE COMMITTEE.

When this had been accomplished the committee reported to the city council on the 18th day of November, 1904, giving a very full and complete account of its investigations and work. A recommendation was made that the taxpayers of Salt Lake City be requested to authorize the issuance of water bonds to the amount of \$550,000 for the purpose of constructing a conduit from

THE CITY'S PARKS.

The annual report of the city park keeper for 1904 shows the cost of maintaining the city parks to be:

Liberty park \$7,900.00
Pioneer park \$24.84
City Hall park \$11.00

Total \$8,035.84

An increase over the year 1903 of \$1,701.06.

Hay to the value of \$320 was furnished to the various departments of the city. Over 1,000 plants were purchased and set out, and about 1,000 new trees of various kinds were also purchased and planted. A new baseball ground was

THE SMOKE NUISANCE.

In my last annual communication to your honorable body I said that it was my intention to enforce the smoke nuisance ordinance to the letter; but owing to the fact that your honorable body delayed the placing of a stoker in the new city jail heating plant through the whole of the previous year, and that the said stoker is not as yet installed, it has been impossible to enforce the said ordinance for the reason that the city being in the position of not being able to furnish its own smoke, it could not compel others to do so. When the stoker in question is

THE SMOKE NUISANCE.

A long stride toward solving the mystery of curing catarrh was taken with the discovery of Hyomei. In fact, the percentage of cures by this treatment proves it equal to the final tests. The folly of taking medicine into the stomach to cure catarrh of the nose, throat and lungs, has been realized by physicians, but not until Hyomei was known, had they a practical method that would obviate stomach dosing.

A complete Hyomei outfit costs but \$1 and consists of a neat pocket inhaler that can be used anywhere without attracting attention, a medicine dropper and a bottle of Hyomei. Extra bottles of Hyomei cost but 50c.

Breathing Hyomei through the inhaler, every particle of air that enters the nose, throat and lungs, is charged with a healing balsam that soothes and allays all irritation, kills the catarrhal germs and enriches the blood with additional ozone.

E. C. Schramm has so much faith in the power of Hyomei to cure catarrh, that he is willing to under his personal guarantee to refund the money if it does not give positive relief.

Big Cottonwood creek to Parley's creek; for the establishing of a power plant at the mouth of Parley's canyon for the purpose of pumping sewerage; for the development of Utah Lake; making repairs on the city canal; improving the distributing system of the water works; paying bonuses for the exchange of water rights, and defraying the necessary expenses of carrying out the plan of perfecting the exchange and lease of the waters of Mill Creek, Big Cottonwood and Little Cottonwood creeks, including the cost of bringing the same into the city and distributing it to the inhabitants.

The report of the committee was adopted and an election ordered to be held on the 3rd day of January, 1905, for the purpose of voting on the proposition to issue \$550,000 of water bonds and \$150,000 of sewer bonds, which had been recommended by the committee for the purpose of providing sewerage for the southern and western portions of the city.

MATTER FULLY DISCUSSED.

Before the election came on there was a very full discussion of the subject, not only through the press, but also through local organizations in the city. A committee of five citizen taxpayers, namely, Messrs. O. J. Sullivan, John Clark, W. Mont Perry, Nephil L. Morris and George A. Whitaker, were associated with the mayor and council committee, in presenting to the taxpayers an address covering the proposition in all its phases.

A majority of the electors voted in favor of the proposition and the council committee has already taken steps to have the bonds issued from time to time, as the money shall be needed for the prosecution of the work, so that the city will not be required to pay interest until the use of the money is actually required.

It is confidently expected that the exchanges and leases will be perfected and the conduit constructed, so that the waters of Big Cottonwood will be flowing into the city before the end of the present year.

WATER SCRIP EVIL.

An existing evil which I most respectfully ask your honorable body to consider with a view of its abolition is the issuance of water scrip in exchange of cash, thereby giving the larger water takers a decided advantage over the small user.

First—The system compels a loss of not less than 5 per cent to all small property owners who are taxed for these extensions when the said small owners are obliged to borrow the money with which to pay their proportion of the tax. And who is benefited by this? None but the large water user and the money lender.

Second—The poorer property owner is obliged to sell his scrip at a discount and the whole issue is immediately gobbled up by the large water takers and paid to the city for water rates in place of cash, thereby giving the larger water takers a decided advantage over the small user.

To digress a little: With the additional advantage the large user has, by being given wholesale (so-called) rates, and from the fact that not one of these large water users pays as much tax in proportion for water consumed as do the small users, I believe it is absolutely wrong for the city to continue a system that wrongs hard-earned money from the pockets of the poor men and places it in the pockets of the rich.

CITY IS NOT BENEFITED.

Third—The city is not benefited one iota by such a system. When an assessment is levied for a water main extension, the true money is at once paid to the city by abutters on the particular extension; and that makes the city even on the work. But before the end of the year, as a rule, the city gets nothing for water furnished, except scrip, not only from abutters on the said extension, but from large water users in different parts of the city, who, if the system were abolished, would pay the system fully, and the city would be benefited without delay, and when a main extension is properly applied for, the city should put it in, pay for it and collect its water rates in cash.

FRANCHISE QUESTION.

Council is Warned to Exercise Utmost Precaution.

In my communication to your honorable body one year ago appeared the following:

"The granting of a franchise by the city for any purpose whatever should be gravely considered, and no franchise of any nature whatever should be granted unless the city receives an absolute and just compensation therefor. In the past valuable franchises have been given and the city has received practically nothing in return, and, by the manner in which public sentiment is drifting, all these grants will have to be purchased back by the city at no remote date and at an enormous cost to the taxpayers. I respectfully recommend that the council in future exercise the utmost precaution in the granting of a franchise of whatsoever nature."

It seems opportune, at this time, to again refer to this matter. The legislative tendency of the present time is to curtail the powers of public service corporations. In order to do this, municipalities are dispossessing water and light companies through purchase or otherwise, and are assuming control of the production and sale of water and electric and gas lights. When franchises are granted there are for a shorter time of life than formerly; the grantors having in mind the possible improvements in the various branches of the public service they are intended to cover. Reductions in street railway fares are being tried upon, and the companies obtaining franchises are required to pay percentages of gross or net receipts.

THE SMOKE NUISANCE.

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properly installed we will see if the smoke nuisance cannot be abated.

NEW STREET PAVING.

I respectfully recommend that immediate steps be taken to pave the following streets:

Main, from Fourth to Fifth South, State, from Fourth to Fifth South, Fourth South, from West Temple to Second East street.

I am assured that the county will assume its portion of the paving, which will leave the city one and one-half blocks to pave. Property abutting on this proposed extension is amply able to bear its cost of the work, and I have been assured that a majority of the

property owners on the streets named desire the work to be done and at once.

CONCLUSION.

At the close of my first year's service as mayor is a pleasant duty to extend my most grateful thanks to your honorable body and to the heads of all city departments, and to their assistants, for the loyal support given me, and trust that the cordial relations heretofore existing between us may continue to the end of my term.

Respectfully submitted,

RICHARD P. MORRIS,

Mayor.

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Washington's Birthday.
Read Tomorrow's Ad For
THURSDAY'S SPECIALS

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Extra Special

TODAY ONLY! A Sale of New Taffeta Waists That Should Sell For \$5.50.

This is an opportunity that does not come often. Through a fortunate purchase we are enabled to offer a large quantity of handsome Silk Waists, in very pretty new styles, all made with the new leg-o-mutton sleeve. The colors are black, white, brown and blue. Good assortment of sizes. None of these waists could be sold regularly for less than \$5.50. AS A GREAT SPECIAL FOR TODAY ONLY—

\$2.85

Remarkable NEW NECKWEAR

For Today Only we offer an immense assortment of the newest styles in dainty Neckwear that ought to sell for 35c and 50c and even higher. Today only, your choice **15c**

Notice Display in north window of the above Specials. You will quickly realize that these are items of more than ordinary importance.

"The Paris"

On account of Washington's Birthday, Keith-O'Brien's will not open on Wednesday.

Brains Repaired

on **GRAPE-NUTS**

Ten Days Trial Shows.

THERE'S A REASON.