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AMERICAN.

Chili Matters.

WASHINGTON, 30.—There is still much concern felt by the President and Secretary of State over the immediate result of Trescott's action in South America. Up to yesterday no replies were received from him acknowledging the receipt of two telegrams of Jan. 3d and 4th, and which were dispatched by way of Europe and which were designed to show him a complete change of policy had been adopted by the President. These telegrams were sent as most urgent matter and every precaution taken to insure their prompt forwarding and delivery. The days succeeding the sending of these telegrams were days of grave anxiety. At the end of the fourth day, no reply having been received, the Secretary of State sought a personal interview with the Chilian Minister here to impress upon him in an informal talk that the President had no policy in regard to the pending troubles between Chili and Peru beyond a desire to exercise the good offices of the United States impartially and in a most friendly spirit toward both nations and solely for the purpose of bringing about peace. Both the President and Secretary of State after carefully examining instructions to Trescott were impressed with the belief that if they were executed in the temper in which they were written we were on the threshold of war with Chili. They further believed only by prompt and decided action could trouble be averted. The frank conference with the Chilian Minister was for the purpose of adding greater certainty to desire as evidence of the first stage of trouble. The anxiety now is lest Trescott, before he receives the new advices sent him may have taken the first instructions, which will lead to an open rupture of diplomatic relations. Serious results of such a misfortune have been in some degree escaped, it is believed, by the wide publication of this Government's real motive of purpose, as shown in the recent instructions, and by the conference with the Chilian Minister, at which a good understanding was reached. The president would in any event have made known his change in policy, but it was felt it would be much less embarrassing to announce it before trouble had actually arisen and grown publicly known. It is not yet certain that the difficulties have not already arisen, as portions of Trescott's last dispatch, not fully deciphered, are of a character to create much uneasiness, and there will be a great relief here when it becomes officially known Trescott has received and begun to act under his new instructions.

Mexican Misunderstandings.

The War Department has received official information concerning the imprisonment of Lieutenant D. N. McDonald and scouts at Ascension, Mexico, by orders of Mexican troops, from which it appears that McDonald's action in crossing the frontier was unauthorized, and that he was ordered back by Colonel McKenzie. Both Colonel McKenzie and General Pope, commanding the department of the Missouri, say McDonald is a brave officer and he did not intentionally violate the order not to cross the border. The chief scout of McDonald's command says he was on a trail and went into Ascension to buy forage. The people all treated them well and gave them an entertainment. During the night they were surrounded by Mexican troops, who insisted on disarming the Indians. This McDonald complied with, after which the Mexicans disarmed the Americans. Next day they were taken as prisoners to Janoss, staid there two days, were then taken to Casa Grand, and were there four days, when orders came for the release of the whole party and directing that all their arms and ammunition, supplies and animals, should be returned, and if anything was not returned it should be paid for. When the party left Janoss, the Mexican officer who made the arrest at Ascension was reported under arrest. McDonald is on his way to Warrington and will be in on the 21st or 22nd.

Forgery.

The four jurymen whose signatures, it is alleged, appear on an extra *Critic*, appended to an affidavit filed by the defense in the Guiteau case, Saturday, with the motion for a new trial, deny most positively that a copy of that or any other paper was ever in their apartments at the hotel; they declare they never had a pen in their hands during the whole course of the trial except to write autographs for outside parties, and that this was always done in a room occupied by the bailiff and in the immediate presence of these officers. The general impression with those who have examined the matter is, it is a clever piece of forgery.

Canals.

The sub-committee of the House committee on commerce, in charge of the several bills which have been introduced in regard to inter-oceanic canals, met to day, and after consideration, agreed to report favorably to the full committee, Representative Gibbon's bill, which provides for the appointment of an inter-oceanic commission, to determine a plan and route for the establishment of communications between the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. It authorizes the President to appoint commissioners, one from the navy, one from the army, and one from the coast survey and geodetic survey and two from civil life. Representative Buckner's bill to incorporate the Inter-Oceanic Ship Railway company, which is in the interest of the plan proposed by Captain Eads, was considered by the sub-committee, and an unfavorable report agreed upon. These respective reports will be submitted to the full committee to-morrow.

Prospective State.

It is stated with much positiveness that President Davis, of the Senate, favors the admission of Dakota into the Union. He holds, it is said that the southern portion of Dakota is entitled by reason of population and other considerations to admission, and that it is not a question for partisan consideration. Judge Davis' vote, combined with the republicans, would give the bill a majority, and as the republicans control the House, it would appear the measure has a good prospect of becoming a law the present session.

Confirmations.

The Senate to-day confirmed the following receivers of public moneys: Geo. B. Carry, La Grande, Oregon; C. B. Hookman, Lake City, Col.; Registers of Land Offices: H. C. Olney, Lake City, Col.; L. T. Barren, Oregon City, Ore.; Louis Dugal, Denver, Col.; T. J. Watts, Silver Hume, Col.; C. B. Stimson, South Pueblo, Col.; H. A. Wickran, Bakersfield, Cala.; M. A. Shelley, Logan, Utah.

Blaine and the President.

The *Post* has an interview with ex-Secretary Blaine upon the subject of the diplomatic correspondence relating to Chili and Peru. The Secretary says: The statement published that instructions to Mr. Trescott signed by him had been drafted and committed to Trescott without the knowledge of the President has absolutely no foundation in truth. The instructions were not only talked over fully with the President, but when written were twice read to him for criticism and change. I have the original draft in my possession with the modifications desired by the President clearly noted. It is inconceivable that an extraordinary mission, important enough to be mentioned in the annual message to Congress, could be allowed to leave the country without the President knowing the instructions by which its action should be governed. No friend of the President could possibly make the suggestion, and on his behalf I repel it. The President specifically referred in his message to the instructions given Mr. Trescott, and besides what possible interest could I have myself in sending an instruction without full knowledge of the President? I was to leave the Department in a fortnight, and I would naturally take care not to send an instruction merely to have it revoked. In addition to all other considerations, I had no desire to send Mr. Trescott on a fool's errand.

Q. How do you account for the change of policy?

A. That is none of my business. It is the undoubted right of the President, as it is of a private citizen, to change his mind. Either President Garfield or President Arthur saw every dispatch of importance that was sent, and no step was taken without the full concurrence and approval of the Executive. During the late President's illness, no dispatch of any special moment was sent either to Peru or Chili.

The ex-Secretary was then asked what he meant by the expression "a fool's errand," and he answered: "I meant there seemed to be no possible need of Mr. Trescott's being in Chili if he is simply there to be a helpless witness of the utter spoliation of Peru.

Dakota.

A delegation from Southwestern Dakota and the Black Hills headed by Representative Pettigrew had an interview with the President to-day in reference to the admission and division of that Territory. It is also understood they urged the removal of Gov. Ordway.

The Funding Bill.

The following is the text of the amendment to the funding bill as modified by Hawley's amendment: From and after the first day of July, 1882, the three per centum bonds authorized by this shall be the only bonds receivable as security for national bank circulation, or as security for the safe-keeping and prompt payment of public money, with such banks hereafter organized and banks applying hereafter for increase of their capital, to the extent of such increase, provided, the Secretary of the Treasury shall not have issued all bonds herein authorized, or so many thereof as to make it impossible for him to issue the amount of bonds required, and provided further, that section 4 of the act of June 20th, 1874, entitled, an act fixing the amount of United States notes, and providing for a redistribution of national bank currency, and for other purposes, be and the same is hereby repealed. That any national banking association now organized, desiring to withdraw its circulating notes, upon deposit of lawful money with the Treasurer of the United States, as provided in section 4 of the act of June 20th, 1874, entitled, an act fixing the amount of United States notes providing for the redistribution of national bank currency and for other purposes, shall be required to give 30 days' notice to the Comptroller of the currency of its intention to deposit lawful money and withdraw its circulating notes; provided that not more than $5,000,000 of lawful money shall be deposited during any calendar month for this purpose; and provided further, the provisions of this section shall not apply to bonds called for redemption by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Illegal Court.

CHICAGO, 30.—Smith Hanchett, clerk of the probate court of this county which was recently declared illegal, has made a statement of the business done by that court during its four years of existence. It includes 4,094 cases transferred to the county court, and 2,978 new cases. Value of transferred cases settled and pending in court, $19,185,000; value of new cases settled and pending $32,934,000; value of transferred cases distributed under the orders of the probate court, $19,185,000; value of new cases distributed, $8,027,000; number of appeals, 145; number of decrees of sale of real estate 408; number of judgments rendered on claims filed, 5,217. Preparations for quo warranto proceedings are not yet completed.

The Stolen Body.

NEW YORK, 30.—Superintendent Walling, to-day received a circular from the Scotland Yard police, advertising a reward of £3,000 for the recovery of the body of the late Earl of Crawford, which was stolen from the family vault in Aberdeenstown. The English Government will pay £500 and the family £2,500 to any one who will give information leading to the apprehension of the thieves. Pardon is promised any accomplice who will give information. It is supposed the thieves came to this country.

Interviewing Our Delegate.

Cannon, of Utah, who is in town, was interviewed by a reporter today. He believes that in the contest in which he is now engaged for his seat with Campbell, he will be successful, as precedent and right are on his side, and that if defeated it will be by the powerful influence brought to bear against him by his opponent and the government party. There is nothing new to be considered, save, perhaps, the latest aspect of the polygamy question, and of Campbell, who only received 1,337 votes to 18,188 cast for me, is admitted, it will be in the face of a precedent. I do not think Congress will dare to take such an unjust step, or that the country will approve of such a course. My defense against this charge of ineligibility on account of being an alien was ample and complete, and I have nothing to add to it now. In answer to the question as to whether there was a disposition on the part of the Mormon element to resist the passage of laws suppressing polygamy, he said: "No, the government will meet with no resistance on the part of the people of Utah. Such a course would be hopeless. However, they may regard any laws of this nature they will never resort to arms for redress, they will regard themselves as martyrs. They will remain in Utah where all their interests lie, relying on the people of the country for justice. He would not express an opinion with regard to the proposition to divide Utah among Colorado, Wyoming and Montana. He denied that the Mormons were inciting the tribes and other tribes to hostility nor was there any truth in the statement that his people were selling guns and ammunition.

The "Tribune" on Utah.

Reviewing its various articles on the anti-Mormon boom, the *Tribune* says: There is a fair prospect that some action will be taken by the present Congress, by which the Mormon evil may be effectively reached at last. This is the opinion of Representative Willetts, of Michigan, who takes a deep interest in the subject. Benjamin F. Hall, the first Chief Justice of Colorado, gives an interesting account of the establishment of Territorial government in Utah in 1850, and of the regret that Fillmore subsequently expressed that he had placed Brigham Young at its head. Rev. Dr. Newman preached a sermon in this city last night on the peril of the country from the toleration of Mormonism. Some features of the evil were set forth by Rev. Gallagher, who has done missionary work in Utah.

Financial.

The *Post* says: Private cables state the Union Generale of Paris has stopped payment, and that the Bank of Belgium advanced the rate of discount from 7 to 9 per cent. This, together with the belief in some quarters that gold exports are imminent, depressed the stock market and sent prices downward.

Railroads.

The *Evening Express* says: It is reported upon good authority, that the Union and Central Pacific railroad companies are agreed upon all questions except as to the Union Pacific interests in the Utah Central road and its branches. The Union Pacific owns a three-fourth interest in that line. The Central Pacific desires to be admitted to a proprietory partnership in the road. The Oregon Short Line is to be completed this year to Wood River mines in Idaho. It is reported that Gould is taking renewed interest in U. P. stock; that he has increased his holdings, and that an effort will soon be made to put U. P. to 125.

Murderous Assault.

QUINCY, Ills., 30.—News is just received from Clayton, Ills., that Colonel Thomas G. Black, one of the best and most prominent citizens of this county, a member of the Legislature of 1876, and one of the 306 Grant men at the National Republican Convention of 1880, was assassinated in his office at Clayton last night. Excitement is intense. The assassin is unknown. Col. Black was a native of Naury County, Tenn., and commanded the Third Missouri Cavalry during the war, was 57 years old, a physician, a quiet and exemplary man. The cause of the act is inexplicable.

Later advices say two unknown men entered Black's office at 7.30 on Sunday evening. Without saying a word, one of them struck him with a knife, cutting through his coat and vest. As he jumped up the other cut him an ugly gash on the forehead. Both men then disappeared suddenly. At midnight the doctor was removed to his residence. At first the report was that his wounds were mortal, but later advices say they are not serious. Robbery was the design.

Indian Children.

CHEYENNE, 30.—Charles Hattan, agent at Fort Washakie, with five Arapahoe chiefs, Black Coal, Sharp, Little Wolf, Iron and White Horses, passed through on the way to Carlisle, Pa., where 13 Arapahoe children were at school. The chiefs will then go to Washington for a big talk with the Great Father. The fact of the children being at school greatly pleased the chiefs, and is a splendid preventative of Indian wars. The children have only been at school a short time over a year, and have written letters to their parents in English, which were translated to the chiefs. Other Indians wish to send their children to be educated.

Killed for Jewelry.

ST. LOUIS, 30.—Russell Brown, grandson of old Mrs. Darris, confessed that while in company with a dissolute companion named McGlew, he killed the old lady on Saturday night, and seized her rings and jewelry. She was left unconscious, but died during the night.

FOREIGN.

Russian Intolerance.

LONDON, 30.—The persecution of the Jews in Russia continues to awaken the deepest sympathy among all classes here, and to provoke strong feeling against Russia. Gladstone's refusal to remonstrate with the Russian government is strongly condemned. When the bastard and mongrel population of Bulgaria was badly treated, the Premier made all Europe ring with denunciation of the unspeakable Turk, but he was not in power then. The Rothschilds, and other powerful Jewish families, are raising a fund for the emigration of Russian Jews to the United States, but they cannot do much without active aid from the Government, and this Gladstone declines to give them. The Russian authorities appear to be encouraging the war upon the Jews, probably because Jew-baiting is heading off Nihilism.

Diptheretic Disease.

The great prevalence of scarlet fever in the fashionable part of London begins to excite alarm. Belgravia and South Kensington have suffered very severely. Many people think the infection is carried about in cabs, while others ascribe the unhealthiness of the West End to the fact that all that bank of the Thames was a marsh in Anglo-Saxon times. Both theories are somewhat far-fetched. The mansions of the rich appear to be more given to attack than the dwellings of the poor. Diptheria of a fatal character is unusually rife. The Duchess of Sutherland and her daughter are very ill with whooping cough.

Indecent Interpolation

A hideously indecent expression was interpolated in the *Times* report of a speech by Sir William Harcourt last Monday. The matter was made worse by an apology yesterday, and a statement that the management of the *Times* hoped to bring the guilty parties to justice. This has increased the morbid curiosity of the prulent, and copies of the issue referred to have been sold for £1 each. It is said that twenty compositors and two proof readers have been discharged from the *Times* office. The low weekly papers reprint the raport verbatim, and these papers are being sold by thousands in the streets. It is doubtly annoying to all parties to have this filthy expression put in the mouth of the Home Secretary.

Financial Troubles.

The *Observer's* correspondent at Dublin says: There was another and larger failure on the Stock Exchange yesterday. It is expected two or three large houses will fail during the present week unless assistance is rendered them. There has also been one failure in the foundry business, and one in the building business, liabilities, £60,000 and £150,000 respectively. There is quite a local panic, and business is at the lowest ebb. Tradesmen are endeavoring, as far as possible, to collect debts, but as debtors are mostly landlords, there is no possibility of a settlement for months to come.

Paris, 30.—According to to-night's *Soir*, an important meeting of Paris bankers was held to-day, to consider by what means the threatened financial disaster on the Bourse could be best avoided. Among the gentlemen present were Baron Saubeyran, Baron Rothschild, Joubert Mallet and representatives from seven or eight others of the richest banks in Paris. The banks represented at the meeting agreed, says the *Soir*, to advance a necessary sum, not exceeding 5,000,000 francs, the repayment of the sum to be guaranteed by the official Paris brokers collectively.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Scoville asks the public to donate $2,000 to the new trial.

A woman waiting trial in Moscow as a Nihilist has gone mad.

Scoville says Guiteau's mail will be dumped in the Potomac.

It is estimated that floods have done half a million damage in Tennessee.

The leading financiers of Paris decided to guarantee a loan of 85,000,000 francs required by the authorized brokers.

The Harrison brewery and malthouse, at Quincy, Ills., burned this morning. Loss about $130,000; insurance $120,000.

Tarapaca, which Chili proposes to take from Peru, is worth $1,000,000,000. The cost of the war to Chili was $30,000,000.

A London dispatch says: Richard Brindley, known as the only surviving son of James Sheridan Knowles, of dramatic fame, is dead.

Senator Morrill expresses the opinion that Senator Edmunds would not go to the Supreme Bench if he had the opportunity, as he declined to be placed on it once before. Many think otherwise.

The House committee on Indian affairs referred the question of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad's right of way through the Indian Territory to a sub-committee, to report upon it hereafter to the full committee.

The citizens of Alma, Arkansas, on Saturday, after holding an indignation meeting at the action of the governor in pardoning Bland, hanged Governor Churchill in effigy on the city park, with appropriate ceremonies.

Senator Grover, on Friday, presented in the Senate, a petition signed by 426 citizens of Oregon and Washington Territory, urging Congress to declare a forfeiture of the Northern Pacific Railroad grant, and to open the forfeited lands to settlement.

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