

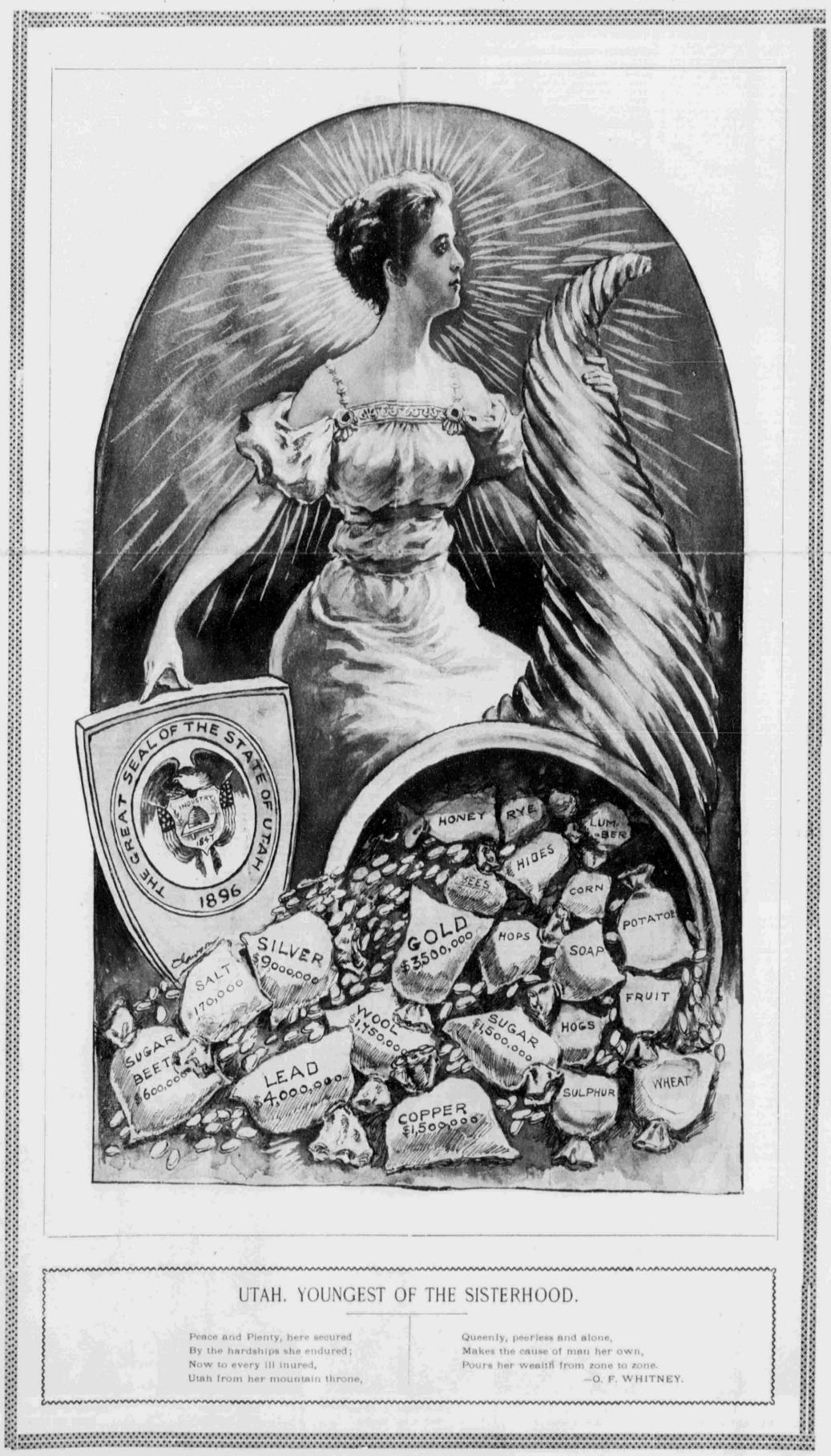
well illustrated by artist in the picare accompanying this arti-Cah is shown emptying her horn aty before the gaze of the world. and among its contents are to be seen eatth of products which her soil, climate, and the energy and skill inhabitants now annually bring forth. The figures attached to such of the products as can be measured by figures: are in some cases those of 1899. in others those of 1900 estimated, but in other case they are fairly accurate. Thus our output of silver, gold and lead during 1899, amounted to \$16,500,000, and the wool clip and the sugar crop of 1900 are now so far advanced that It will amount to \$1,750,000 and \$1,500,000 respectively. The sheep industry in Utah makes steady advances from year to year, and the total for 1900 will reach the highest figure in the history of the State. The beet sugar industry is one of the coming great sources of wealth of the State. It is only in its ninth year as far as Utah is concerned, but its success has been such as to warrant the most sanguine hopes for its future. The first year's run of the factory at Lehl, 1891, resulted in the production of 1,112,so pounds of sugar. There is now another factory at Ogden, and the capaduy of the Lehl plant has been trebled. so that the two companies are relied on to turn out 30,000,000 pounds during the season approaching, or 10,000,000 pounds over and above Utah's consumption. Biah's wheat, oats, harley, corn. rye and potatoes, her varied fruits, her lnexhaustible salt supply, obtained simply by the evaporation of the waters of the great Salt Lake, her lumber, her wealth. af building stone and her constantly increasing volume of manufacturesall make up a variety of pursuits and industries that argue eloquently forher future position among the sisterhand of States.

HISTORICAL

Utah was founded by the "Mormon' who, led by President Brig-

HE position attained by were a few wagons and tents, and ani- in a comparatively unknown country; the master solvit of the camp, in promised land of rest till they should semblage had voted upon the location lasting hills, had spoken with one Itah, the youngest member mais, the property of the Pioneer band a valley, to the human eye uninviting whom his people recognized an Apostle become a mighty people, and his mesthe sisterhood of States, of the Caup of land, and in reputation among the few trap- of the blessed Redeemer through whom sage had been received without doubt land, and in the solemn grandeur of under the solemn inspiration of that just completed a long and wearisome pers who had visited R, inhospitable for came the voice of God to this latter- or hesitation. fourney of more than a thousand miles civilized habitation, had been reached; day Israel, had declared this to be their On that momentous evening, the as-

their position as installing a new dis-



hour they listened to the declaration that what they had done was in obedience to the instruction of their beloved martyr-Prophet, and they responded thereto with a hearty amen, for they realized the truth of what had been said. They also gave assent to the further remark of their leader, recorded in the journal of President Wilford Woodruff on July 28, 1847: "Joseph; would still have been alive if the Twelve had been in Nauvoo when he recrossed the river from Montrose."

The statement of President Young was the reiteration of a fact well known to his hearers. The location of the "Mormon" people on the western slope of the Rocky Mountains had been indicated to them by the first President and Prophet of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, Joseph Smith, whose unsulled life, with that of his faithful brother Hyrum, was sacrificed to the hatred of a ruthless mob at Carthage, Illinois, at the very time when the Prophet was contemplating leading the Saints to the West, there to become a great people, as he had declared years before they should be, in these valleys.

To Joseph Smith belongs the responsibility and honor, as such may be accorded to man, for the Latter-day Saints locating in Utah. The great man on whom devolved the actual task of leading the Camp of Israel over a trackless desert to these vales did not fail to give prominence to that fact, Further, he felt in the depths of his soul that if the Church quorum over which he presided had not been scattored at distant points from Nauvoo when Joseph and Hyrum Smith re turned from the western pioneer journey they had started on already, the tragedy of Carthage would have been averted; and those who knew the vigor and determination of Brigham Young, and his intense love for

ng, entered the Salt Lake Valky July 24, 1847. In the original coripasy were 143 souls, of whom three "Mormons" had women. The hern driven from Nauvoo after the asmaximation of the Prophet Joseph Suith, and had made their rallying headquarters at a place called Winter Quarters, now Council Bluffs, Iowa, From here the emigration westward was pushed, and during the fall of 1847 he population of Utah had increased to about 2,000 souls. Treatles were made with the various tribes of Indians. and settlements were founded in all peris of Utah, and an era of prosperity followed, Utah, which been a part of Mexican 1108 when settled by the "Mormons," was ceded to the United States was organized as a Territory on Sept. 9, 1850, Hrigham Young being appointed the first governor. Statehood did not come till January 6, 1896, Heber M. Wells, the present incumbent, Imbeen the first governor. The list of our various governors, from the orgaugation as a Territory down to the present time is as follows

| Brigham Young 1850-1857 |
|---|
| Alfred Cumming 1857-1861 |
| John W. Dawson 1861-1861 |
| Stephen S. Harding |
| Jus. Laune Doty 1863-1865 |
| Charles Durkee |
| J. William Shaffer 1870-1870 |
| Vern 1 H. Vaughn |
| George J., Woods 1871-1874 |
| 8. B. Autoll |
| Area |
| Ell II MUFFRY 1886-1886 |
| Udic W. West, |
| AUD. Thomas |
| Cale W. West |
| Helper M. Wells 1896-1900 |
| Since 1850, when she was only three |
| years of age, Utah has multiplied her |
| net age, otan has multiplied het |
| population at least 300 times. The first |
| census taken was in 1851, when the to- |
| tal number of souls within her borders |
| amounted to 11,330, excluding, of course, |
| Telling, of course, |
| Indiana Her growth by decades since |
| that time has been as follows: |
| 1 11,330 |
| 40,214 |
| the state of a particular with a |

| 143,731 143,73 |
|---|
| DELEGATES TO CONGRESS. |
| Name Year. John M. Bernhisel 1851 Wm. H. Hooper 1863 John F. Kinney 1863 Wm. H. Hooper 1863 George Q. Cannon 1872 John T. Caine 1582 Joseps L. Rawling 1892 Frank J. Cannon 1894 Charges E. Allen 1895 |
| REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS. |
| Wm. H. King B. H. Roberts Wm. 1898 |

| Wm. 1) | King |
|--------|----------------------|
| UN) | TED STATES SENATORS. |
| Arthur | Brown |

Joseph L. Rawlins CHOOSING THE WESTERN HOME.

We have come here according to the direction and counsel of Brother Joseph, before his death," said President drigham Young to the assembled Pionwers, as they were gathered for the first time on the present site of the Tepple Block, in Salt Lake City, then a barren, desolate waste, with not a suse, or tree or plant of human cultivation, in sight.

It was a solemn occasion. There

Prophet of the latter-day dispensatio had no reason to doubt his assertion. But it was not in but the Twelve were not in Nauvoo, Joseph and Hyrun were martyred, and the Pioneer com pany of Latter-day Saints made its journey to the West three years later

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than the Prophet had intended. The westward migration of the body of members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints to the Rocky Mountain region, was a theme frequently considered by the Prophe and others before the former's death He named it to intimate associates in the days of Kirtland, and in the later years of his life, it received its practiular attention; for by his inspiration as a Prophet he knew it must come-that the house of the Lord must be established in the tops of the mountains and all nations should flow unto it, as a part of the work of the Gospel dispen sation committed to him by the Lord The subject of western removal was referred to frequently in Nauvou; Congress had been memoralized for legislation regarding it; the removal of the Mormons was discussed between the Prophet Joseph and Senator Stephen A. Douglas. The latter thought they should locate in Oregon, heard of as being at the extreme western limit of the continent. But the Prophet said no; the Rocky Mountains was the place where the Saints should assemble and become powerful. That district was then, known as Upper California, and as a result of Joseph's teachings, five years, before the death of the Prophet and

Patriarch, the late President John Tayfor celebrated in Mormon verse In Upper California, Oh, that's the land for me! It lies between the mountains and the

great Pacific sea.

The recrossing from Montross, referred to in the quotation from President Brigham Young, occurred in June, 1844, The Prophet Joseph Smith had directed the organization, in February of that year, of a Pioneer company to cross the great plains. There were about twenty-five members in the organization, Of these, Elder Samuel W. Richards of Salt Lake City is now living. On the night of June 22, 1844, the Prophet and his brother Hyrum, with Willard Richards and John Taylor of the Apostles, and others, crossed the Mississippi river to Montrose, Iowa, on the start for the Rocky Mountains. Some of those dwelling in Nauvoo, knowing of the

Prophet's movements and purpose, faltered, and upbraided him with abandoning them. At this, he returned, with the result that followed at Carthage in less than a week thereafter. The very thing the murmerers thought to prevent had occurred. Joseph was taken from them. One result was that the pioneer western journey was relegated to a later period, to be attended with greater hardships for the people.

Yet the design had been set forth clearly; the Prophet Joseph Smith had unfolded fully the plan for the Mormon people to be established in the mountains. The bullets of assassins interfered to prevent his being the founder of Utah, but he pointed the way and the Pioneers followed his direction and counsel. Therefore the Prophet Joseph Smith stands as leader, guide and instructor of the Pioneers of Utah, in definitely and determinedly setting their faces and pointing their steps toward this western Land of Promise.

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