# THE PUGILISTIC FIASCO.

Great Fight in New York Ends in Pandemonium.

SHARKEY AWARDED FIGHT ON A FOUL.

Referee Corbett's Second, Jumps Through the Ropes and Stops the Proceedings ...Designated a "Jobb."

New York, Nov. 22.—The Sharkey-Corbett fight, which was witnessed by the largest and most representative gathering of sportsmen ever seen in Coney Island Sam tonight at the Lenox athletic club.

The following is the contest by rounds:

First Round—The men sidled for several seconds and Jim made a left and for the head. Tom responded with left and right in the mix. Sharkey rushed Corbett to the ropes with a left and right for the head, which landed, Sharkey rushed in left and right for the body with some effect. He kept forcing Jim into the various corners, pounding with right and left on the body, which seemed to be his objective point. Jim broke and tried to draw his man on, but Sharkey was always ready with his left jab and right swing, which landed variously on the body. Corbett failed to get home any of the great short arm jab with which he has been credited, and ended with Sharkey at his mercy.

Second Round—Corbett, with the left landed lightly. Then there was an exchange of left and right on the head, in which Sharkey showed the advantage. He kept trying to push his left into Tom's face, and the latter would come back with a right hook on the body. He was inclined to be a trifle wild, and so frequently cautioned by O'Rourke, to whom Tom smiled in a pleasant way. Sharkey rushed him and got a straight right on Jim's nose, which seemed to bring the blood to that member. Sharkey put in a right hand smash on the jaw, which sent Corbett down. He attempted to repeat the dose, but was warned by the referee. The men then mixed with Tom all over his man.

Third Round—Corbett led with his right for the body, landing. Sharkey responded in kind. Jim then reached out with several blows, but Tom came right back with both for the head. A right on the body sent Corbett down. He attempted over a tremendous right hand smash on the jaw. The sailor's body was now reddened by the numerous blows which cut the figure. Corbett was getting lightly for the head, and Sharkey came right back at him with the same hand sunshine on the wind.

Fourth Round—The sailor was right after his man, and landed right and left on the head, landing early three times. Corbett clinched and acted entirely on the defensive. Sharkey led for the head, landing on the neck, and Sharkey got back a hard right on the body. Corbett seemed to do some punishing and landed his right on the jaw with a big range, but Tom always had a counter ready. Corbett repeatedly led for left and danced around, fighting very cautiously. The sailor chased his opponent into the latter's corner, and received a shower of jabs for his pains.

Fifth Round—Corbett started right at it with a left jab on the face, and was answered by a straight left from his man. Sharky, however, was not in a playful mood, and brought his right hand over with such force enough to make Jim sink. Jim hooked his left repeatedly on the body, and lifted Sharkey's left foot with his shoulder. Corbett seemed to be playing with his man, and Jim acted steam whereas there was a wild of force behind Sharkey's blows.

Sixth Round—Corbett led for the head with his left, landing, but Sharkey was not to be denied, and came in whirlwind fashion. Tom tried to mix it up, and when he came to close quarters on the body. Corbett received a left, like right jabs on the body, and Sharkey landed a hard one on the jaw. Sharkey through the round threw a rushing mix-up, both exchanging right and left blows on the body, Sharkey while rather having a shade the best of it. There were cries of "Foul, foul," from the men in the ring, but the referee paid no attention to them, and let his men go on in a break. They were the referee's words, and the men were clinched at the bell.After Sharkey in a very fast mix-up.

Seventh Round—Sharkey made a rush for Jim and planted left and right on the body. Corbett clinching. Corbett landed on Sharkey's face, and the latter's nose began to show signs of punishment. Sharkey's rushes. He later shipped in a beautiful left hook on the wind, and followed it up with a right hook on the face. Sharkey was all over the ring, and was always after it up on the slightest provocation. He straightened out after the left and rush on head and body, occasionally changing to left hooks on the head. Sharkey was now but one of attempting to Corbett's case. It is Sharkey's fight so far. The pace was terrific.

Eighth Round—Sharkey was first to land landing a left shot on the neck. They clinched frequently and the referee had to separate them several times. Tom tried a left chop from which left shot, and Jim jabbed his left hard on the nose. Sharkey was right straight at it, fairly, which made a fine looking mark, but Jim was quick with a left hook, which grazed Sharkey's face. Sharkey landed a terrific right swing which looked for sure hard on Tom's jaw, but dodging him. He quickly recovered and looked back at his man between and rushed.

Ninth Round—Corbett landed with his left. Tom came back at the same time with a right hook on the ear. Clinching was the frequent order of the round. Corbett refused to break together. Corbett then struck Tom rather low on the left side, and the latter dropped to the ring. Corbett stood Tom from and said: "Oh, you go away." He then went to the referee and said: "Will you caution him?" The referee made no answer, but continued watching Tom ear to mind Corbett's request.

Just at this moment, for some unaccountable reason, McVey, one of Corbett's seconds, jumped through the ropes, apparently thinking that something wrong to Corbett. The referee immediately ordered the said McVey climbed through the ropes and resumed his place. While the referee was thus engaged Corbett called to Tom: "Fool! Fool! Corbett looked at his second in the ring.

Referee Kelly seemed to pay no attention to the matter, but kept looking at the fighters, who continued their mixup. Corbett was forced to the ropes, away from the impetus, while the referee kept rolling at the referee, the latter warned the fighters and ordered them to their corners. Corbett seemed not to understand why the referee should interfere and protested. Mr. Kelly was obdurate and stopped it. Meanwhile the spectators stood up and yelled. Any one could be heard. Corbett's second, Dan Stuart, was seen to dance around like a madman. Mr. Kelly announced a foul on Sharkey, and Mr. Wade was immediately proclaimed. An announcement was made for quiet, and the men resumed their seats and awaited the decision of the men from the ring.

**Bad Year for Tapers.**

Peoria, Ills., Nov. 22.—The price of whisky was advanced one cent today. The cause of the advance was from $1.25 to $1.26 for finished goods was a demand for corn, stiffness of the market and crop shortage.

**SMOTHERING EVIDENCE.**

**Mrs. Susan G. Gosnell Reluctantly Furnishes Startling Testimony.**

New York, Nov. 22.—The war investigation commission decided today that it would not visit Montauk Point, the seat of Camp Wikoff, in a body, but would send a committee to prepare a report.

Mrs. Susan G. Gosnell of this city was the first witness.

She said she did not know why she had been called as she had never been at all near the camps. She had read in the newspapers of the treatment received by the soldiers.

"Were you told you," explained Gen. Wilson, "because we heard that when you offered to go to camp as a nurse you were refused admission? Did you or not agree to maintain secrecy did you feel any direction of duty. We wish to know who exacted such a promise from you."

"I wish you would not ask me that question."

"But," said Gen. Bowen, "the answer might aid us materially in our investigation. To whom did you make the offer to act as a nurse."

"To an officer of the auxiliary of the Red Cross society."

"Was it a male officer or a female officer of the Red Cross?"

"I do not care to say."

"Well, I hold no officer any authority at camp. Was it an officer in the U. S. service?"

"It was an officer in the army. I do not know what authority that person had in camp. My offer and its rejection were made in a private house."

"Did you have a friend with you?"

"I did not."

"Then," said Gen. Wilson, "would you mind telling us whether you or the Red Cross society was the first to make the offer?"

"I do not know who could have told of it. I do not remember having told any one but my husband. He may have told Mr. R. B. Bennett."

**THAT CHARGE OF CORRUPTION.**

**Interesting Evidence Furnished by State Senator Burke at Cleveland.**

Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 22.—Hans Stanley Burke was a witness today in the disbarment proceedings against him. He testified that he was introduced to Mrs. Mannings by Senator Hanna and was present at the latter's private office, and that the latter there told him all about the Mannings' claim against the government.

Detectives Smith and Sheard testified about Mrs. ——— she had identified the offerers of Mr. Manning and there was no question about her. He said he had talked it up and knew she was worth $20,000 anyway. He said she owned property at least $25,000.

Continuing, Burke said that upon the suggestion of Judge Dellenbaugh he had gone to see Mrs. Manning and had found she could not raise $25,000, but finally agreed to pay $10,000.

"I went back after reporting to Dellenbaugh and reported," said Burke, "what had taken place. Mrs. Manning did not want to take $10,000, but Dellenbaugh insisted that she should do it. He and I left the room together. Mrs ——— told the would make the first payment of $5,000 and that Dellenbaugh should be one-third of that amount. He said he would take $1,666.66 and that I should have the same amount. I then went to see Mrs. Manning about her settlements was made to my office."

"Did you?" continued Burke, "I have up a check which Mrs. Manning gave me for $1,666.66 to Judge Dellenbaugh. I gave it to Judge Dellenbaugh. I told him Mrs ——— wanted a receipt and he gave me a receipt which I gave to Mrs. Manning. The papers were then left with Dellenbaugh. I have been on since and not to mentioned. He told me to draw a check for $1,666.66 and I did so and gave it to him. It was signed later by Mrs. Manning.

"After the settlement was all Judge Dellenbaugh asked me to him a check for $1,666 for Mrs. Ellis Manning. He endorsed it on the back 'Ellis Manning, by Dellenbaugh,' and I cashed it in Cash."

Burke here produced the check.

"What did you give Dellenbaugh?" asked Dr. Corner.

"I gave him a check payable to F. E. Dellenbaugh for $1,666. He said he preferred the currency. I then went to the Treasurer's office and drew a check for $1,666 in favor of myself. That was July 5, 1895. Here is the check."

"I then had the check cashed and took the money over and gave it to Judge Dellenbaugh."

Burke then went on to give the dates on which he had collected the several sums given by Miss ——— and paid Dellenbaugh his share.

"It was agreed," he said, "that Miss ——— should be kept quiet. Along about July 15 or 16 Judge Dellenbaugh said he had a bill on the proposition of a Sunday paper and could keep the matter quiet. I knew that paper was ———."

**TEDDY TESTIFIES.**

**Col. Roosevelt Appears Before the Investigation Committee.**

New York, Nov. 22.—Col. Roosevelt took the stand today, and in reply to a question from Gen. Wilson, told of the encampment and mustering of the First volunteer cavalry, known as the rough riders.

"Where was mustered Tampa," Col. Roosevelt said. "There was a condition of utter confusion. We were dumped ourselves, a mile away from our camp. No one knew where the camp was. There was no one to tell us where to go or what to do. After waiting exactly four hours I took the law into my own hands and brought food for the men and horses. Later, when we found our camp we were all right."

"Were you furnished for your outfit?"

"I never asked it. It was a personal matter entirely."

Col. Roosevelt said a great condition of confusion existed at Tampa. No body seemed to know anything, and no arrangements were either as to what supplies were to be used. His own regiment was assigned to the Yuacian. Incidentally he heard that the Second New York volunteers and Seventh Infantry were also assigned to the Yuacian. In case of the latter he heard that they hurried on the rough riders and took possession of the ship, and held it against the Second New York, which had died to get to Cuba, and get there.

"Do you attribute all the confusion," asked Gen. Wilson, "to the lack of information on the part of the men in charge, or to the natural overcrowding of affairs?"

"I was only a lieutenant colonel, and I could not know whose fault it was."

Replying to other questions, Col. Roosevelt said he was ample. Everything was ample with the exception of the second coast line, was good. The beef was very good indeed. However, half of the beef was spoiled on the voyage to Cuba, and of the disembarkation of the regiment at Daiquiri. The commissary general of the First army corps, Captain Shaw, who was associated with Col. Roosevelt in the navy department, was a Cuban planter who lived in Tuscaloosa, and he took the transport a mile and a half nearer the shore than other ships. There was a great scarcity of material for feeding men and horses.

Col. Roosevelt, still replying to questions, said in detail of the march of his regiment to its first camping place.

"After supper" he continued, "Col. Wood came to me and said that we were to start next morning to take the Spaniards. The march was a hard one, especially for the men on foot. Roosevelt gave brief details of the fighting.

Asked about the rations, he said: "We had a bad regulation rations of salt pork, hard tack, coffee and sugar, but the men wanted vegetables, and I wanted to get them for them. I took forty men and went to the front with Kibbey and tried to buy them. The department refused to sell me beans and tomatoes, and I had to buy them of the sutler's private office, and that the latter there told him all about the Mannings' claim against the government.

Detectives Smith and Sheard testified about Mrs. ——— she had identified the offerers of Mr. Manning and there was no question about her. He said he had talked it up and knew she was worth $20,000 anyway. He said she owned property at least $25,000.

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**LETTER FROM THE DEAD.**

**Suicide Banker Cause of the Emporia Bank Confessed His Defalcations.**

Emporia, Kan., Nov. 22.—Since the sensational failure of the First National bank, which was followed by the suicide of Charles Cross, investigations have been made which show that Cross' Sunnyside stock farm, three hundred miles from Emporia, is covered with mortgages, a portion of which confession left behind, but not signed. Also what was made public today, by William Rothbaker, vice-president of the bank, who was associated with Cross in business, to the effect that Cross had confessed to him the defalcations.

Rothbaker says: "President McKinney and boards of having himself written the paper in order to protect his family. This is the truth, the whole truth. Yet Europe looks on undisturbed. All ideas of justice have vanished from the world.

It has been decided to issue a thousand million pesetas of national interior bonds at 4 per cent, to be devoted to the treasury.

## The New Issue in Temperance.

"WHISKY MEDICINES"

**THE VOICE.**

**The Leading Temperance Paper, Sounds the Call to a New Crusade to the Following Article:**

**"ANOTHER HEAD ON THE HYDRA."**

"It is clear question was drawn to a form of alcoholic traffic that seems to have been overlooked by those engaged in the crusade. It is heard that the use of rum is allowed and taught, alcohol is most dangerous when it forms an alcoholic habit, and it most frequently does so when it is the ostensible object of the manufacturer to create the pleasant sense and desire of the home, then the form of alcoholic poison is most dangerous. For years, for it comes in the guise of medicine and attacks a system prepared by nature to be healthy surrender to the assault. In many

PATENT MEDICINES

which are largely consumed throughout the country, by all classes of people, is found the percentage of alcohol which puts them on a level with beer, rum, and whisky as intoxicants. It is a well known fact that the use of proprietary alcohol prevents a prompt recognition of the intoxicating effects of these so-called medicines by those who use them.

"It is safe to affirm that they are

MEDICINES IN NAME ONLY.

Their chief value lies in their alcoholic contents, as a stimulant. In fact, those who know, attribute the benefits ascribed to this class of medicines wholly to the alcohol which they contain. They are used largely by persons not in the habit of drinking liquors, and the first dose, the first dozen or four times a day is so stimulating to those people as his regular "finger of whisky" is to the regular liquor drinker.

WHAT CAN BE DONE?

"What ought to be done at least is to compel every patent-medicine manufacturer to print on the wrapper of his bottle the quantity of alcohol it contains. That would at least leave people to judge for themselves how much they were taking. We would merely insist that, in paper true information to inquirers which print on the wrapper of their bottles the quantity of alcohol it contains. It should be the duty of every temperance organization and branch in the country to bring the question of facts home to each of its members by appointing the quantity of the intoxicating statements of facts made in the foregoing article, we think by the reader will be satisfied. The fact that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription contain no alcohol

NO ALCOHOL, NO WHISKY, NO INTOXICANT OF ANY KIND.

These medicines are equally free from opium and other narcotics.

They are in the strictest meaning of the words, temperance medicines. Of no other medicines, put up especially for sale through druggists, can the same be affirmed, as of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, that it contains neither alcohol nor opium or other narcotics in any form.

While the curative features of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery commend it to the favorable notice of some of the readers of this article, the positive features of these medicines must be of interest to all. The "Discovery" is the "Golden Medical Discovery" in the cure of diseased or deranged conditions of the stomach and digestive and nutritive organs. It is said to be the cause of thousands who have found health and healing in this great remedy. It is also said to be the cause of the active of the blood-making glands, and by putting the diseases which are caused by impure blood, through the digestive and nutritive organs, it enables a full and pure supply of blood to be sent to every part of the body.

WOMEN KNOW ITS WORTH.

Women who are always appreciative of benefits have been especially appreciative of the benefits following the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Its wonderful cures of irregularities, inflammations, ulcerations, and female weaknesses, have caused women to call it "that God-send to women." It is entitled to wear the "blue ribbon" of temperance, as well as the blue ribbon of temperance.

THE SIDE OF THE BODY.

Perhaps no greater gift was ever offered than the "Peoples' Common Sense Medical Adviser." It contains 1008 pages, and has over 300 illustrations, and is the life work of its author, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. This book is entirely free. The only condition is that the sender pays for mailing only. It is the book what the Bible is to the soul. A long step in the right direction is taking faith. It deals with the great questions of physical life, and tells all that any sensible person should know. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.


# Deseret National Bank,

U. S. DEPOSITORY.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

L. S. HILLS, President. MOSES THATCHER, Vice-Pres't.

Capital, . . . . $500,000
Surplus, . . . . $950,000

DIRECTORS.

Geo. Romney, L. S. Hills, Moses Thatcher, A. W. Carlton, Wm. B. Dinwoodey, John C. Cutler, P. H. Peery, John R. Winder, David Eccles.

C. S. Tous, Cashier.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT.

THE.....

# State Bank of Utah,

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

HEBER J. GRANT, President.
WM. B. PRESTON, Vice-President
HEBER M. WELLS, Cashier.
CHAS. S. BURTON, Asst Cashier

DIRECTORS:

Heber J. Grant, Wm. B. Preston, Joseph F. Smith, Byron G. Wells, Isaac R. Barton, Chas. Graves, Wm. B. Preston, F. T. Farnsworth, Isaac Barton, A. W. Ferguson.

Commercial Banking in all its Branches.

ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

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# B. H. Schettler,

Who does a . . .

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At No. 22 Main Street.

Opposite Co-op.

And pays 6 per cent interest on deposits, deposit your accounts.

# Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Bank,

Salt Lake City, Utah.

. . . Established 1852.

Buys and sells exchange, makes telegraphic transfers on principal cities of the United States and Europe, and all points on the Pacific Coast. Issues letters of credit available in the principal cities of the world. Special attention given to the selling of mines and bullion. Advances made on consignments at lowest rates.

Particular attention given to collections throughout Utah, Nevada and adjoining territories. Accounts solicited.

J. E. DOOLY, Cashier

# Walker Bros. Bankers. . .

Established 1850. | Successors to the Union National Bank.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

Established 1841. 150 Offices.

The Oldest and Largest.

# R. G. Dun & Co.,

The Mercantile Agency.

GEORGE ONNOND, General Manager.

Utah, Idaho and Wyoming Office in Progress Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

# T. R. Jones & Co., . . BANKERS,

160 Main Street.

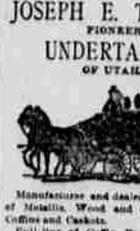
# Commercial National Bank.

Capital Paid in $200,000.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

DIRECTORS

Dr. Thos. Meyer, John J. Daly, O. J. Salisbury, Moyles C. Fox, Thos. Marshall, W. R. Noble, George M. Downey, John W. Donaldson, Newell Bronas.



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In the last 10 years nearly 30,000 fillings have been put in here. Investigate. Over 400 bridges, all doing good work to-day. Filling and extracting by painless process. Why not patronize THE BEST.

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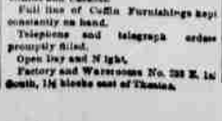

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Full line of Coffin Furnishings kept constantly on hand.

Telephone and telegraph orders promptly filled.

Open Day and Night.

Factory and Warerooms No. 232 E. 1st South, 1½ blocks east of Theatre.

SALT LAKE AND OGDEN RAILWAY.

Daily Time Table in effect Sept. 18, 1898.

| Leave Salt Lake | Arrive Farmington | Leave Farmington | Arrive Salt Lake |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7:00 a m | 8:00 a m | 8:30 a m | 9:30 a m |
| 9:30 a m | 10:30 a m | 11:00 a m | 12:00 m |
| 2:00 p m | 3:00 p m | 3:30 p m | 4:30 p m |
| 5:30 p m | 6:30 p m | 7:00 p m | 8:00 p m |

Additional Trains Sundays and Holidays:

Leave Salt Lake City 10:00 a m
Leave Farmington 11:00 a m
Leave Salt Lake City 4:00 p m
Leave Farmington 5:00 p m

Trains leave Ogden for Salt Lake City at 8:00 a m, 12:00 m, 5:00 p m, 6:00 p m.

H. W. HILL, Superintendent.
JAMES SHARP, Gen'l Ticket Agent.
JAMES HAMILTON, Gen'l Manager.

# OREGON SHORT LINE Railway.

TIME CARD IN EFFECT MAY 8, 1898.

Trains arrive and depart at Salt Lake City daily as follows:

ARRIVE

From Chicago, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver, Park City and Ogden ..... 7:30 a m
From Helena, Butte, Portland, San Francisco, Ogden and intermediate points ..... 8:15 a m
From San Francisco, Ogden Valley, Montana, Ogden and intermediate points ..... 10:30 a m
From Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver and Ogden ..... 10:30 a m
From Provo, Mercur, Eureka, Ogden and intermediate points ..... 4:30 p m
From Ogden, Montana, Ogden Valley and intermediate points ..... 6:30 p m
From Ogden, Provo, Mercur, Eureka and intermediate points ..... 7:15 p m

DEPART

For Chicago, Omaha, Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Ogden and Park City ..... 7:30 a m
For San Francisco, Ogden, Carlin and intermediate points ..... 1:00 a m
For Chicago, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver, St. Louis, Chicago and intermediate points ..... 1:15 p m
For Ogden, Butte, Helena, Portland, San Francisco ..... 4:45 p m
For Mercur, Eureka, Silver City, Provo, Nephi, Manti, Milford, Ogden and intermediate points ..... 7:30 a m
From Ogden for Garfield Beach, Saltair ..... 7:45 a m
Trains north of Ogden run daily except Sunday.
Daily except Sunday.

CITY TICKET OFFICE, UNDER MASONIC HALL.

No. 201 West Second South street.

Railroad and Steamship Tickets on sale to all principal points.

Pullman Palace Car tickets office.

D. E. BURLEY, Gen. Pass. Agent.

E. W. DYER, General Traffic Manager.

W. H. RANCHOT, Vice-President and Gen. Manager.

# CURRENT TIME TABLE.

Leave Salt Lake City.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 3—For Provo, Grand Junction and all points East | 8:00 a m |
| No. 4—For Provo, Grand Junction and all points East | 7:40 p m |
| No. 5—For Bingham, Gold, Provo and all points East | 8:00 a m |
| No. 6—For Bingham, Gold, Provo and all intermediate points | 5:30 p m |
| No. 7—For Ogden and the West | 10:00 a m |
| No. 8—For Ogden and the West | 12:30 p m |
| No. 41—For Park City and intermediate points | 8:15 a m |
| No. 42—For Park City and intermediate points | 4:55 p m |

Arrive Salt Lake City.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1—From Bingham, Provo, Grand Junction and points East | 12:25 p m |
| No. 2—From Provo, Grand Junction and points East | 9:00 p m |
| No. 5—From Provo, Bingham, Gold and intermediate points | 8:30 a m |
| No. 6—From Ogden and the West | 8:25 a m |
| No. 7—From Ogden and the West | 5:30 p m |
| No. 8—From Eureka, Provo, Provo and intermediate points | 10:00 a m |
| No. 42—From Park City | 9:45 a m |
| No. 41—From Park City | 4:00 p m |

TICKET OFFICE, 105 West Second South Street. (Postoffice corner.)

# THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE.

Leave Salt Lake City.

"The Overland Limited" for Chicago, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver and Pueblo ..... 1:30 p m
"The Fast Mail" for Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver and Pueblo ..... 7:00 a m

Arrive Salt Lake City.

"The Overland Limited" from Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver and Pueblo ..... 1:30 p m
"The Fast Mail" from Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver and Pueblo ..... 7:00 a m

City Ticket Office, No. 201 Main Street.

Only one night en route from Ogden to Omaha, two nights to Chicago and St. Louis. Other lines require more time.

The Union Pacific is the only Transcontinental line operating its own sleeping cars. Pullman's finest sleeping cars, reclining chair cars (seats free), modern, Finest dining car service in the world. Dining cars operated on the safe plan that is, you pay only for what you order.

Tickets at offices of connecting lines.

J. A. BENTON, Ticket Agent, R. G. W. Ry., Dooly Block.
E. P. NEELEN, Traveling Pass. and Freight Agent.
W. F. M'MILLAN, Gen. Agt., 214 S. W. Temple St., Salt Lake City.

# THE COLORADO MIDLAND RAILROAD

Two Through Trains Daily

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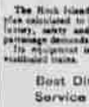

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