

(Special to the Deseret Evening News.)

By Telegraph.

GENERAL.

Cincinnati.—Yesterday, at Cynthiana, Kentucky, the monument to the Confederate dead was unveiled at Battle Grove Cemetery.

Chicago.—The *Tribune's* special says, the *Lizzie Major* case has been amicably settled. Spain will make a formal apology to the United States; also for the capture of the American citizen Annibel, and will also make suitable compensation to him.

A dispatch from St. Louis, Missouri, says the original great seal of the State of Missouri, was sent to Governor McClurg, yesterday, by Thos. C. Reynolds, Lieut.-Gov. under Clark Jackson, at the outbreak of the war, by whom it was carried away.

New Orleans.—The commercial convention, yesterday, adopted the following resolution, embodying the views of the convention in regard to the Pacific Railroad: resolved, that a main trunk railroad line, from San Diego, California, should be built to the junction of the rivers Colorado and Gila, along the valley of Gila, south; the same to El Paso and the Rio Grande, and thence to a convenient point near the 32d parallel west of Brazos at or near that river in the State of Texas, to which the main trunk, feeding the road, may be built from Cairo, Memphis, St. Louis, Vicksburg, New Orleans or Galveston on the east, and Guyamas, Mazatlan or San Francisco on the west, with equal rights of connection for all, which shall be known and designated as the Southern Pacific Railroad. The discussion on the Pacific Railroad was lengthy and exciting. A longitudinal route from Cairo to Mazatlan was strongly advocated by Texans and Illinoisans.

The *Republican's* special says President Grant, in conversation with a Senator, yesterday, said all the newspapers statements purporting to give his views on the *Alabama* question, and Motley's instructions were, pure fictions.

Providence.—The Senate has ratified the Fifteenth Amendment by a vote of 22 to 11.

Washington.—Major Wolford, of Mississippi, had an interview with the President, to-day, stating that if the disfranchising clause, the test oath and militia clause be submitted separately, the Constitution will unquestionably be adopted. The President expressed his satisfaction at the state of affairs in Mississippi, and said that no election would be ordered till after the election in Virginia; and that the objectionable clauses should be submitted separately.

Chicago.—The *Post's* special says the forthcoming statement of the public debt will show a reduction of over 13,000,000 during the month of May.

St. Louis.—The Grand Army of the Republic has decided to decorate the graves of the soldiers at Jefferson Barracks on Sunday, but they recommend and invite those opposed to the decoration on Sunday to visit cemeteries adjacent to the city on Saturday. The national cemetery at Jefferson Barracks is twelve miles from the city. Arrangements have been made with the Iron Mountain Railroad to transport persons to the ground. The programme includes not only strewing flowers on the graves, but music, and orations in English and German.

News from Shirely, Cloud County, Kansas, says that four men of a party of six, buffalo hunters, have been killed by Indians near White Rock, 24 miles west.

New York.—A joint prayer meeting of the two Presbyterian assemblies was held this morning. In the New School Assembly, the Rev. Dr. Adams offered a preamble and resolutions, looking to the appointment of a joint committee of the two Assemblies to prepare and publish a reply to the Pope's apostolic letter of September 13, 1868, as to a certain statement of reasons why his claims cannot be recognized and regarded, and as an expression of the sentiment of the Presbyterian Church of the United States; adopted. The committee from the Old School Assembly were introduced, and announced their adoption of the report on re-union; they congratulated their hearers on the auspicious result of that movement, to which the Moderator replied in a feeling speech. Rev. Mr. Moore offered a resolution approving the growing disposition of the members of the church to attend opera and theatre, and to participate in social dances at home or abroad; referred to the committee on bills and overtures. Resolutions were adopted by the Old

School body, sending to the Presbyteries the terms of re-union for ratification; read and adopted. The reception of a delegation from the Bohemian Reformed Church was made a special order for to-morrow morning. An animated discussion was had on the best systematic means of raising money for missionary work, which was finally referred to a committee. A resolution was adopted to attend the decoration of the graves of the Union dead soldiers, in King's Court, on Monday next. The joint committee on re-union and the moderators of each Assembly were instructed to prepare a pastoral letter to the churches on the subject of the ratification of the action of Assemblies on re-union. There was no afternoon session to-day.

In the Old School Assembly, resolutions were adopted for putting to the vote in the presbyteries the plan of re-union adopted yesterday. The committee on freedmen presented their fourth annual report. The receipts were \$79,169; the number of churches, 72; communicants, 5,634; Sabbath schools, 69; scholars, 4723. Over 3,000 pupils have been in attendance on day schools, besides institutes and high schools. Rev. Dr. Adams and Judge Strong were introduced as representatives of the New School Assembly, and made able addresses, to which the Moderator feelingly replied. Some discussion on the freedmen followed, without any particular action.

Frederick, Md.—Geo. Truman, colored, was hanged to-day for the murder of an unknown man, Jan. 30th, near the point of rocks.

Providence.—The House of Representatives, this afternoon, postponed the consideration of the 15th Amendment until the January session.

Extensive preparations have been made by the Grand Army of the Republic for decorating the soldiers' graves at Spring Grove to-morrow; much larger numbers than last year will attend. Special trains will bring delegations from the neighboring towns. General Sheridan will be present. Lt. Governor Lee will deliver an address. All the public offices and business houses will be closed, and the day be generally observed in this part of Ohio.

The late accident to the Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton, who was thrown out of his carriage, near his residence at Clifton, on Monday last, turns out to be more serious than was anticipated; it will confine him to his room for a number of weeks. His ankle was dislocated, besides being sprained; other injuries were inflicted of a very painful nature.

Wheeling.—About 3 o'clock this afternoon, the most terrific rain and hail storm ever known in this vicinity, passed over the city: for full twenty minutes hailstones as large as eggs, and some even larger than men's fists, fell like rain; the water rushed down Munroe Street with irresistible fury, carrying away boxes, barrels and bales. Market and Main Streets were flooded to the depth of a foot, and the sewers being obstructed by ice, the water flowed into cellars and warehouses, doing much damage. All the south-east windows from the suspension bridge to the creek were broken. Many awnings were completely riddled. The number of panes broken is estimated by thousands. The loss in two hotels, alone, amounts to \$2,000. The vineyards on the Island, and on the hills surrounding the city, were greatly injured. The iron roof of the depot was blown off. Many accidents are reported, but no lives were lost. The belt of the storm did not extend more than a mile above the city. The lower wards escaped the hail shower entirely. At this hour, 7, 30 p.m., the rain and hail are again falling with great fury. The loss is variously estimated at from \$20,000 to \$50,000.

Washington.—The Central Pacific Company, in accordance with the decision of the President and Cabinet, to-day, deposited \$4,000,000 of the first mortgage bonds, with Secretary Boutwell, as security for its completion and equipment, as a first-class road; they were thereupon paid the full amount of government bonds to which they are entitled by law, subject to the security required. The U. P. will be considered by the President in a few days when a like security will be given.

New York.—The case of Commodore Meade is again in court, he having sued Chas. Meigs, and Benj. T. Carlies, for \$200,000 damages for false imprisonment in an insane asylum.

It is stated on the authority of District Attorney Pierpont, that the Spanish consul had furnished evidence that the steamer *Quaker City* was being fitted out as a privateer to prey on Spanish

commerce. The counsel for the owner, today, filed a claim to the ownership of the vessel, and deposited security for the costs.

The fast new iron clad steamer *Belguens*, has returned to this port, having circumnavigated the globe; she met with no accident whatever.

San Francisco, 28.—The French gunboat *Lamothé Piquet* has gone into quarantine; two of her officers were taken with the small pox soon after the ship left Panama. No one else contracted the disease. The men are now convalescent and have been removed to the small pox hospital in this city.

The appointment of Henry A. Pierce, Minister resident to Honolulu is regarded with satisfaction by Americans here, having the interests of the Sandwich Islands at heart.

Georgetown, California, was nearly destroyed by fire to-day; five lives were lost.

Cincinnati, 28.—Yesterday there was a tornado at Athens, Ohio, which blew down the house and barn of Edward Mansfield, near that place, occasioning a loss of \$10,000.

The wife of Jacob Lynxweiler committed suicide, at Dayton, this evening, by opening a vein with a razor; she had been sick.

New Orleans.—In the Commercial Convention the committees on commerce, postal subsidies and gulf harbor, submitted a lengthy report, with accompanying resolutions. The report of the committee on foreign commerce and postal subsidies favored the creation of ports of entry at all the principal cities on the Mississippi river and its tributaries, and such revenue regulations as will insure the prompt transmission of foreign imports, received at New Orleans or any other outlet or port, consigned to the interior. It recommended that the canal at the falls of the Ohio be enlarged, and completed by the national government, and that the national government should confer upon the constituency of this convention an equal share of the postal subsidies granted by Congress, and so establish lines of steamers between the outlet ports of the Mississippi river and the principal commercial ports of Europe and America. The report also embodies a resolution that Congress be memorialized, in the name and on behalf of the States interested, to make the necessary appropriations to complete the survey ordered by Congress in 1850, with a view to the ultimate construction of a ship canal across the peninsula of Florida; also that the construction of a canal and other inter-oceanic ways of communication to the isthmus of Central America is regarded by the Convention as of great incidental importance to the commercial interests of their constituents.

The report of the committee on the Gulf harbors urged immediate action for the improvement of the harbors of Mobile and Galveston.

The report of the committee on immigration, which was adopted, was quite lengthy and interesting.

New York.—Two rich brothers, named Young, living in Huntington county, N.J. were recently sentenced to two years in the State prison for kleptomania, they having stolen nearly all the turkeys in the neighborhood.

Kate Fisher, the actress charged with stealing a watch from a woman of the name of Bevins, has been discharged, Judge Spandley dismissing the case.

Prince Louis Ferdinand de Bourbon was married to Senorita Hamill, of Havana, yesterday, by the Rev. Dr. Wiseman, of St. Peter's church; they were married a few weeks since by a police justice.

An *ex parte* application was made yesterday morning to Judge Clarke, of the Supreme Court, by the counsel, on the part of Jno. S. Prouty and other holders and owners of the guaranteed stock of the Michigan and Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad Company to the amount of some millions, for a temporary injunction, restraining the directors, and LeGrande Lockwood, treasurer, from selling or in any manner disposing of the property, franchises or securities of this Company, until plaintiffs shall be paid all the arrearages of interest on their shares.

New York, 29.—The brig *Mornley*, from Porto Cabello, has arrived. When leaving that port she was fired at from the fort, first with blank and then with round shot and was struck amidships; the shots went through the bulwark, but did no other damage.

New Orleans.—A suit has again been brought in the second district court of this State, on behalf of a number of petitioners, for recontesting the validity of the title of Mrs. Gen. Gaines to the property in this city and State held by

the petitioners; they ask a revocation of the decree of probate, in reference to the pretended will of Danl. Clark, of June 13th, 1813.

Waterville, Ks.—Reports from Lake Sibley, state that a party of Sioux and Cheyennes attacked the Scandinavian colony, south-west of that place, on the 26th killing five, when they were driven off. Considerable excitement exists on the Republican river several settlers having been killed within the past few days. It is stated that two men lately from Sibley, Iowa, were among them.

Several buildings in South Brooklyn were fired last night, without serious damage; the incendiary was arrested.

An immense collection of flowers and evergreens has been made for the decorating ceremonies at Arlington, to-day; the day will be given up to the occasion. All the prominent Government officials will be present.

The Indian Commission has adjourned. All the members were present at their sittings except Dodge, of New York, and Tobey, of Boston, who were detained by sickness. After a full organization was effected, the commissioners called on the President with Secretary Cox, and told him they were ready to co-operate with him in all plans for putting Indian affairs upon a better basis. The President replied that he would act with them cordially, listen to all recommendations and give due weight to such advice as they might give as to any change in the present methods of dealing with the Indians. He said he would give them letters to all agencies, and direct that every facility should be extended for ascertaining the workings of the present system. Army officers and agents would give them transportation and aid them in every way. For the purpose of visitation the Indian country was divided into three divisions—the northern, embracing the country upon the Missouri, including the Indians in North Kansas and those of Wisconsin; the southern, including those of Kansas Indian territory, and the western, all west of these. The northern division is assigned to Messrs. Welsch, Farwell and Tobey; the western to Campbell, Stuart and Lane; the southern to Brunot and Bishop Dodge. Each of these divisions will be inspected by some of the gentlemen named, and a meeting will be held here previous to the assembling of Congress to prepare a formal report to be laid before the President and Congress. No recommendations were made to the President at this meeting, as it was agreed to leave all questions till the commission had visited the West. All the leading subjects connected with Indian affairs were discussed at length, though no formal decision was made regarding any. In the matter of treaties the commission is of the unanimous opinion that very great abuses have grown up with the present system, and that the best interests of the Indians and the country demand that no more treaties be made. It was the general opinion that the first step in advance should be to gather all the tribes upon their reservations, with the faith of the nation pledged for their protection there and to their permanency in possession. The matter of citizenship was discussed, but as the question involved the construction of the 14th amendment and other grave political questions, especially that of the status of the Chinese, the commission thought it best to take no action, some of the members looking forward to the formation, at some distant day, of two or three Indian territories as a final solution of the problem, with regular political organization and representation.

Washington, D.C.—Thousands of people, laden with bouquets and flowers and large numbers of wagon loads of flowers have gone to Arlington to-day, to participate in the decoration of the soldiers' graves; all business is suspended.

Boston.—The flags are at half mast, minute guns are firing and business is mostly suspended while the graves of the soldiers are being decorated; Farragut and Sherman will be present at the jubilee.

Columbus, O.—Business, generally, is suspended to-day. An immense crowd has gone to the cemetery to participate in the ceremony of decorating the soldiers' graves.

Philadelphia.—The flags on the Custom House and other Government buildings are at half mast; nearly one thousand soldiers and orphans formed in procession, and marched to the Concert Hall, where appropriate commemorative exercises took place. The orphans were reviewed by Governor Curtin, Mayor Fox, General Van Vleet and others.

New Orleans.—Dispatches from Jeff-