THE EVENING NEWS.

GEORGE Q. CANNON,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Monday, - - November 6, 1871.

THIS is how the Denver *Tribune* talks about one of its contemporaries in this city—

The *Deseret News*, edited by Geo. Q. Cannon, is a paper of considerable merit, rarely indulging in invective or anything but the calmest reasoning. But it has a way of treating the "crisis" lately arisen in Mormon affairs, peculiar to itself, a way which challenges admiration for its ingenuity, if not for its wisdom. It affects to believe that it does not know what the real meaning of the government "crusade" against the Mormons can be. It affects to believe that there is no reason for the steps which have been taken except in the hate of the government and its officers. The continued reiteration of this ignorance, stated with the most saint-like air imaginable, may mislead some into believing that there is really virtuous innocence there, but we call it hypocrisy. There are none so blind as those who will not see, and that is why Elder Cannon is peering here and there to see what the United States authorities mean. As he is already arrested, together with Brigham Young and other high dignitaries, for criminal conduct, and yet does not know what is the matter, will not some intelligent judge or juryman in that Territory of many wives inform him?

We are much obliged to the *Tribune* for its complimentary remarks. Of the real meaning of the "crusade against the Mormons" we have our opinion, but we do know that there is no sort of cause for it, except in ignorance or malevolence. As to the insinuation of hypocrisy, the *Tribune* is welcome to indulge in it if it chooses, but very ignorant indeed of "Mormon" history, or wilfully slanderous, must that man be who prefers the charge of hypocrisy against the "Mormon" people. If any religious body under heaven have fairly and fully earned a title to sincerity, it is the Mormons." We contend, and we can prove before any equitable tribunal, that the present crusade against the "Mormons" is wholly unjustifiable, and we are confident that such will be the verdict of history.

THE Reese River *Reveille* has several very sensible paragraphs upon the situation in Utah, some of which we extract—

It is the misfortune of the United States courts in Utah that they are openly accused of being biassed against Mormons. There is no doubt in the mind of the impartial observer that the trial of a Mormon is tantamount to a conviction. The Hawkins case sufficiently demonstrated this. What aggravates the matter is that the indictments against Wells and Stout were procured on the evidence of a self-confessed murderer. Bill Hickman says that he murdered Yates, but acted upon the suggestion of others. Surely no intelligent and honest jury would attach any importance to the testimony of such a man. There may be others who testified as he did; but we think it safe to affirm that they will be found to be of the same ilk.

The Salt Lake —— is relenting towards the Mormons. That paper has done a good deal towards bringing about the prosecutions against the Mormon chiefs, it has waged vigorous war against them, has been the firm support of Judge McKean, but now pronounces his method "questionable." It discovers that that magistrate persistently "ignores the true intent and meaning of the Territorial Acts, and arbitrarily turns those Acts from their legitimate uses, so as to make them weapons of warfare against the fanatics who contrived them." Just so; but this discovery should have been made sooner and before Judge McKean carried his "method" so far as to condemn a man to three years at hard labor.

There is not another place in American territory to which he (Pres. Young) could lead and reorganize his people were the latter willing to abandon the homes built by them at such enormous cost of labor and hardship. The Mormons will not leave Utah in a body, nor is it desirable that they should. They are a thriving and industrious population which it would be found impossible to replace for a long time.

THE following is from the Salt Lake correspondence of the New York *Tribune*—

You have already published the section of the Territorial statute, passed by an exclusively Mormon Legislature in 1852, when Brigham Young was Governor, and approved by him, under which the present indictment was found. Of course that law was never intended to punish the act of polygamy as practiced by the Mormons. It was aimed at a totally different offense, that of sexual intercourse without the formality of marriage. This fact has been variously commented upon by visitors since the commencement of these proceedings. It has happened that several prominent members of the bar, east and west, and one United States Judge, have visited the city temporarily during the past week. To all these the Court room has been an object of interest, and criticisms not altogether favorable to the positions assumed by the Chief Justice, have been publicly indulged in. The visiting Judge to whom I have alluded remarked to your correspondent that in his opinion the intent of the law should govern the proceedings under it, and that as the men who passed the Act did not intend to stamp as infamous one of the prominent articles of their religious faith, it would be a gross perversion of law as well as of justice to so construe the Act as to make the system known here as "plural marriage" lewdness under the Act. He characterized the course pursued by the prosecuting officer, under the sanction of the Court, as rather the trick of a pettifogger than the well directed effort of a sound jurist to punish crime. With the Act of Congress against polygamy—the very crime which it is now sought to punish by this prosecution—still on the statute books unenforced; with the duty of the prosecuting officer plainly pointed out by the terms of that Congress enactment, he failed to see the propriety of instituting proceedings under a Territorial statute, designed solely for the punishment of prostitutes and other vile characters.

THE New York *World* thus gives the reasons why the "Mormons" are officially persecuted and the Oneida Community are not, but it should be remembered that we institute no comparison between the two communities—

Certainly their social practices do not, to the general apprehension, gain by a comparison with the mere polygamy of Utah. Nevertheless, let not the hearts of the perfectionists be troubled. As an ideal of domestic life the community may not be a success.

But its members are quiet, peaceable, and, except in the social province of things, law-abiding persons, and they make no attempt to convert the Gentiles to their peculiar modes of thinking or of acting. They make honest silk and forge good traps. All these things might not protect them from the angry virtue of Uncle Sam. But luckily for them they are few in numbers.

And still more luckily there is no political point to be made by bringing the great moral ideas of the dominant party to bear on them, and making up at their expense for the sins that Mr. Grant and the Hon. Tom Murphy are inclined to by loudly and expressively damning those which those gentlemen have no mind to. That is the real difference between the Saints of Salt Lake and the Saints of Oneida, which exposes the former to grievious persecution and lets the latter go free.

THE Nevada State *Register* talks thus of Salt Lake affairs—

The Utah correspondent of the Sacramento *Union* expresses the belief that if the persecution of leading Mormons continue, they will abandon Utah, destroy their property there and go to British America, or Mexico. Knowing as we do the deep seated attachment of the mass of the Mormons to their leaders and creed, we regard the proposed exodus as ex[illegible] probable, unless a stop be made to the foolish raid of the Federal officials against them. Mormonism left alone would have speedily decayed by contact with the mining population, which have invaded that Territory, and internal jealousies and divisions among themselves. This useless attack by the federal officials only strengthens the decaying cause, and reanimates the dying embers of fanaticism. Instead of weakening the system, it strengthens it. The power of the Government could be used to better purpose than bastardizing innocent children, and degrading honest women into mistresses. Plural marriages should be stopped; and if necessary the Act of Congress of 1862 should be enforced for this purpose; but there is no excuse for the violent course of the Territorial Judiciary in overriding all law in a wild extravagant war of extermination. It is injurious to the Territory, impairing values by rendering life and property insecure, and discouraging the investment of foreign capital. A few unknown Federal officers bring their names into notoriety at the expense of the people whose prosperity ought to be their chief aim.

Now comes the Omaha *Herald* again, and talks paragraphically thus upon matters and things connected with Utah—

He (Hawkins) was convicted under a Territorial statute which was enacted by a Mormon Legislature, and no man knows better than Judge McKean that polygamy was never thought of by its framers. A greater outrage was never perpetrated in the name of law than that was.

Our virtuous contemporary is rejoicing that Mormon leaders are being convicted of adultery for practicing polygamy. If McKean could be a general high court for trying all those who are guilty of the secret practice of this crime, will its irate editor be kind enough to tell us, in his opinion, what proportion of radical editors and Congressmen in this country would be likely to escape the fate of poor deluded Hawkins?

To our question to the concern over the way as to what proportion of radical editors and Congressmen would escape the fate of Hawkins if they were punished for the crime of adultery, the concern over the way thinks "about half the editors," including himself.

An indictment against a Mormon in Utah, let it be remembered, is tantamount to a conviction. Brigham Young and Mayor Wells are already convicted as much as though the farce of trial and verdict had already been performed.

The Omaha *Herald* never said that Brigham Young is "the ablest and greatest of Americans," because it never says what it does not believe. It *has* said that he was one of the most remarkable men of these times. As to "why?" it was probably for the same reason that William H. Seward said that that eminent man was "a benefactor of his country."

Great credit is claimed for McKean & Co., for their war on Polygamy, yet it will have more influence in prepetuating than in abolishing it. The universal testimony of impartial observers is that the agitation which began with Mr. Cullom, and which culminates in the raid that is now being prosecuted against the Mormon people, has united the followers of Brigham Young and extinguished the schism which threatened so seriously to undermine his power with the advent of the Pacific railway. Mr.—— so stated to us himself pending that agitation, and so did Mr.——, and both deplored it for that reason. The Mormon leaders felt and knew this, and so did every man of sense who knew anything about the matter.

Great interests are at stake in the issue which is being forced upon the Mormon leaders and people by a usurping court from whose arbitrary decisions there is no appeal. It is idle to conceal from ourselves the danger, and it is wrong to indorse the folly, of the politico-religious raid that is now being made upon the people of Utah.

THE Idaho *Herald*, a new tri-weekly paper, J. M. Shepherd editor, ventilates recent Utah affairs after the following fashion—

The prosecutions now going on in Utah Territory against the Mormons, are not ominous of any good results. It cannot be denied that these suits have been instituted by federal officials recently appointed to that Territory. The Salt Lake country numbers 120,000 inhabitants, only six thousand are Gentiles. The Mormons settled that country. The first Governor appointed by the United States was the head of that Church. They knew that he was a polygamist, and that polygamy has ever since been tolerated by the laws of Utah. However great the evil, or abominable the doctrines, of this fanatical people, we know that this system has grown up and received sympathy and nourishment from Federal authority. It is a sad commentary upon a civilized government, but we cannot go back of accomplished facts. It is impossible to say what would be the most speedy and safe way to cure such abominable heresies. If the government is really in earnest, and determined to suppress polygamy, it will! But let the laws be passed, and let the Federal authorities act under the law. The trial of Hawkins and others now going on there is without precedent and without laws. They might as well have a military trial, out and out, as to go through the farce of getting a jury in the manner which they have done. No one who looks upon the proceedings of these courts from a disinterested standpoint, can fail to see it in any other light than persecution. It is hard to understand the object of this course of proceeding. If it is a war of extermination, and it certainly has that appearance, it will bring sympathy to the Mormons from every quarter. The quartering of large bodies of troops in that vicinity, with no appearance of resistance on the part of the Mormons is not ominous of any good. They have asserted their desire over and over again, that they are willing to submit to the laws of the country, and have manifested their submission by coming before the courts and contending for impartial justice. It is useless to contend that these courts are not pledged to the side of the prosecution. With such proceedings on the part of the court and a military power to back it, and overawe the people, justice becomes a mockery and a farce, and defendants cannot expect less than a conviction. The end of this matter is not in the Territorial courts. These cases will go to the Supreme Court of the United States for final determination. While the Federal official may gain a temporary advantage, the result will not be any benefit to the future of Utah. If the Federal officials will stop the practice of polygamy it is well. They cannot nor need not expect to take back what was done long before their day.

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

Per WESTERN UNION Telegraph Line

Afternoon Dispatches.

WASHINGTON.

Ku Klux Matters.

WASHINGTON, 5.—South Carolina papers report the excitement at Spartanburg subsiding. There have been no arrests for the past week, though the U. S. forces have been reinforced by a company of artillery. There have been no arrests yet in Chester, and but 21 in Look county, where two hundred persons confessed their connection with the Ku Klux organization, though they mainly allege that they never participated in its operations. Some say they were compelled to join, while others did it as a means of protection for their negro laborers. The confessions give the names of those who performed the initiation, and others who were present. Some acknowledge the commission of outrages, in Ku Kluxing murders. Of the recent arrests, four negroes and six whites were released; 88 remain in jail, including two negroes.

NEW YORK.

The Elections.

NEW YORK, 4. — Police superintendent Kelso to-day gave directions to the police force for bringing in election returns with promptness. The police telegraph instruments will be used exclusively after sundown for transmitting returns. The chief of police of Brooklyn to-day, gave instructions for the protection of citizens voting. Very little business will be transacted in the city on Tuesday. One hundred and eight leading commercial firms of the city have signed a paper agreeing to close their places of business on that day. The stock and gold exchange, produce exchange and grocers, and board of trade have all agreed to suspend business.

The Irrepressible Tweed.

Chas. O'Connor says he is certain that from three to six millions can be recovered from Tweed, whose aiders and abettors are also to be proceeded against. Tweed's election, by a large majority, is conceded. The *Herald* says the controlling political elements in his district are, according to Democratic authority, outlaws, vagrants, loafers, vagabonds and bummers. They would probably go for him if he were under conviction and awaiting sentence, as the robber of the public treasury.

Threatened Insolvency of South Carolina.

The *World* says there are most extraordinary rumors in circulation, concerning the issue of bonds of the State of South Carolina. There has been such an over issue as absolutely endangers the solvency of the State. It is stated that a bank note company of this city printed twenty millions of bonds, which have passed into the possession of Mr. Kempton, State financial agent, and that several members of the State government are in this city, other prominent South Carolinians are here watching the proceedings. Gov. Scott is said to have admitted this printing of the bonds, but does not state the object of their issue. It is also alleged that many of the State officials are implicated in the misappropriation of the money of the State, and that it is believed this fraudulent issue of $20,000,000 had been negotiated, and the money misapplied.

KENTUCKY.

A Heartrending Scene in a Church.

LOUISVILLE, 6.—At half past nine o'clock, last night, the giving way of a column in the lower room in the African Babtist church, corner of Fifth and York streets, created a panic among the congregation in the upper room, and the whole body rushed, jammed and crushed down two narrow stairways. On each side of the door men were trampling over women and children, and a number were more or less wounded. One had a leg broken. The killed are all women and children. The scene was terrible and heartrending. Mothers were screaming over their dead children, and husbands in agony over their wives. The column or pillar which gave way proved to have been set on the lower floor between joists, with nothing under it but inch flooring.

PACIFIC COAST DISPATCHES

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, 4 —About 11 o'clock last night an attempt was made to burn a lodging house on Kearney street, near Commercial. James McLaughlin, a drunken lodger, was arrested on the charge of setting it on fire.

About the same time a Frenchman, proprietor of the lodging house Bull Run, on the Barbary coast, was robbed and left for dead, having been terribly cut with a bar of iron. The police arrested Tom King, Mary Dolan and Frank Marll, old habitues of the place, on the charge of robbery and attempt to murder.

Mining Stocks.

350 Pioche, 9¾, 10¼: B. 30, 9¾.—150 Yellow Jacket, 56.—95 Lillian Hall, 2, 1¾.—2,035 Eureka Con., 22, 22¼, 22½, 23: B. 30; 21½, 21½, 21¾, 22½, B 30.—135 Chollar, 30, 30½, 31.—890 Raymond & Ely, 85, 84, 86, B. 30, 85½, 83, 86, 87, 88, B. 30, 88½, B. 30, 89, B. 30, 86 1-5.—25 Belcher, 355, 357½.—410 Washington and C., 6, 6½, 6¼, 6½, B. 30.—1,170 Phœnix, 4, 4½, B. 30, 4 and 5 cents —220 Missouri Valley, 32½, 32 1-5, B. 30, 33½, B. 30.—8 Gould & Curry, 100, 98, 97, 96, 95, 95, B. 30.—50 Jackson, ½.—25 Crown Point, 295. 10 Hale & Norcross, 100, B. 30.—398 Ophir, 20, 19, 20½, B. 30, 19 -10 Exchequer, 7.—200 Knickerbocker, 1¼.—140 Caledonia, 14, 14, B. 30, 30½, 13½.—10 Kentucky, 137.—50 Savage, 42½, 43, B. 30, 42, B. 30. —35 Succor, 4½.—70 War Eagle, 8½, 9, B. 30.—300 Mammoth, 70 cents.—185 Seg. Belcher, 24, 23, 22 —410 Overman, 21, 20½, 22, B. 30, 21½, B. 30.—260 Con. Virginia, 8½, 9, 9, B. 30, 9½, B. 30.

FOREIGN NEWS.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A Hot Controversy.

LONDON, 4.—A newspaper controversy concerning the international copyright law has taken so personal a turn and become so heated that the *Times* declares its intention to close its columns to any farther communication on the subject. Already one libel suit has grown out of the controversy, Hon. Mrs. Norton having brought prosecution against one of the writers on the subject.

Minister Washburne.

Letters from Paris say that the offering to minister Washburne on Thursday was a very agreeable affair. Dinner and tea services of very fine silver, the product of American mines and American manufacture were purchased by a large number of American gentlemen. Appropriate addresses were delivered, to which Mr. Washburne replied in a few graceful remarks, in the course of which he complimented colonel Hoffman and other members of his diplomatic household.

FRANCE.

Thiers will not Interfere.

PARIS, 5.—Victor Hugo has made a second visit to Thiers to procure the pardon of Henri Rochefort. The President declined to interfere.

The communist, Quesnel, has been convicted of firing buildings in Paris, and sentenced to death.

SPAIN.

Growing Political Difficulties.

MADRID, 4.—It is believed that an attack on the government by the Republicans under the lead of the Senor Zorilla will be made in the Cortes during the coming week on the subject matter of dealing with the international societies. Senor Zorilla and Sagasta are widely at variance on this point, the latter supporting the government heartily. A compromise between Sagasta and Zorilla, which has up to this time been discussed and looked forward to among conservative republicans, is now thought to be impossible, as the agitatation of the treatment of the internationals is sure to produce a complete rupture.

ARRIVALS.

TOWNSEND HOUSE.

Nov. 4th.

Hosmer, Carson City, Nev; Mrs Margaret Hosmer, Phila; T B Sage, W W Lowe, Omaha; R G Penington, Ohio; Mrs. W R Steele, Cheyenne; H Engelmann, M E Belleville, Ill; A Fry, wife and son, San Francisco.

Nov. 5th.

J Macfarlane, Quebec; C H Downs, Camp Floyd; D M Hosmer, San Francisco; M L Powers, Camp Floyd; J Butterford, England; G C Allen, New York; W H Lyon, Mrs Carter and children, San Fran; G G Griffith, Homansville.

Nov. 6th.

R Hushfield, Isaac Creeley, Thomas Wren, Richard Hocking, San Francisco; John Corbett, Vallego.

SALT LAKE HOUSE.

Nov. 4th.

R G Mattinson, Carlin; Miss A V Leavitt; Mrs Ryder, N Y; D M Hall, Montana; S Nebeker, E L Baker, Helena, M T; B F White, Malad city, Idaho; W E McHorg, Albany, N Y; G H Myers, Chicago; N Thompson, James McGovern, Montana; Sam'l Punnell, Ogden; Wm Seeple and wife, Kansas; G F Brown, Corinne; J Van Dyk, Brooklyn, N Y; L Berthand, Dennis Farrell, Montana; C J Irwin, C H McPherson, England; H P Willey, Evanston; Jos F Hood, Montana; H P Stewart, M D; P Lawlor, Little Cottonwood; M D Harman, Tintic; C A Bateman (Indian Agent) and family, Nev.

Nov. 5th.

C L Burnham, Ogden; H M Garvey, Lt Cottonwood; Jas Asterito; F Farnsworth, Phila; P Klipple, Corinne; P E Connor, Stockton; W Botsford, R E Howell, R C Thomas, Bingham; E J Ryan, Cottonwood; A Marens, Pioche; S T Eyck, J C O'Neil, Minersville; C G Davidson, Am Fork; E Chellowich, San Fran; L Greely, C R Greely, W F Carson, J McHenry, W E Blaney, Camp Floyd; E A Hamblin, Mass; W H Burnett, C Burnett, Ohio; L Voorhees, Kansas; A Robbins, Wis; J Copeland, Oregon, T W Macanly and wife, Holman, Boston; D H Cuthbert, Helena, Ma; Master Bateman and brother, Wadsworth, Md; David Knight, J D Berdler, Ma.

Nov. 6th.

G Thacker, Eureka, Nev; C E Mosley, Wis; H Lippens, A Lippens, C E Leonens, Ghent, Belgium; James Russell Lowell, Portland, Oregon.

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AND

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Is well supplied with THE Best the Market Affords.

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ALSO ON HAND AND FOR SALE

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BEST BRANDS of

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d127 1y

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If any persons troubled with baldness or thin hair are not using the "Great Unknown's" Hair Restorer, they are hereby recommended to try it and not waste their money on other preparations which long experience has fully shown to be worse than useless.

For sale at Z. C. M. I. Drug Department, and at Calder Bros. Repository of Music.

PRICE $1,00 per Bottle.

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d293 2m SOLE AGENT FOR UTAH.

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THEATRE.

Doors open at 7. Performance to commence at 7-30.

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THE CARROLLS!

The Favorite Actor,
MR. DAVID McKENZIE!

Will be presented; the Favorite Melo-Drama, entitled

STEENIE;
OR THE
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Steenie.....Mr D McKENZIE

GRAND SOIREE DE VARIETE!
Lingard Changes.

To conclude with the Laughable Farce, entitled

THE OMNIBUS!

TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 7, 1871
Grand Complimentary Benefit and Last Appearance of
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WEDNESDAY EVENING NOVEMBER 8, 1871,
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Mr. JOHNNY ALLEN and Miss ALICE HARRISON,
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Oats, Barley, States Corn, Flour, Corn Meal, Bran, Shorts, &c.,

In Large or Small Quantities at

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Depot of the
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Manufacturers of Oak Tanned SOLE LEATHER.
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Fr. H. ROSENBAUM & CO.
Importers of, and Dealers in
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Importers and Jobbers of
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Pickles, Jellies, Jams, Vinegar, Cider,
And all Descriptions of CASE GOODS
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CHINA AND JAPAN TEAS
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And a full assortment of
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LITTLE GIANT
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&c., &c.

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LONDON.
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BRISTOL.

ALE IN BULK.
Joule's Stone Ale

ALE IN BOTTLES.
Tennet's Scotch Ale.
Blood's India Pale Ale.
McEwan's Pale Ale, in jugs.
Bass & Co's Burton Ale.
Worthington's Burton Ale.
Mallet's Pale Ale.
Jeffrey's Scotch Ale.

PORTER AND STOUT
Blood's XXX Dublin Stout.
Guinness' Dublin Stout.
Bridge's London Porter.
Hibbart's " "
Byass' " "
Tennent's XXX Stout.

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San Francisco.
d293 3m

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No Boiling Needed!

By the use of the Unequalled and unapproachable DOBBINS' ELECTRIC SOAP, clothes, money, fuel, labor, time and temper are all saved. Try it once, and use it ever afterward.

Every Grocer Sells it!
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None can do without it!

Be sure that the wrapper has on it the cut of Mrs. Fogy and Mrs. Enterprise, and that each bar is stamped with the name of the inventor and originator, J. B. DOBBINS, as none other is genuine.

Like everything of great value, it is extensively counterfeited, and the market filled with false and worthless Electric Soaps, not worth house-room, and dear if even given away.

The finest American Toilet Soap, fully equal to the French, made by a French soap-maker in the same manner as the French Soaps are made, and sold at one-fourth their price is.

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TRIPLE-SCENTED
TOILET SOAP!

No Toilet Table is Complete without it
The Best Emollient in the Market

It is given the preference at every watering place in the country, and is for sale everywhere.

Please ask for it!

Don't be put off with any cheap common soap. Try it, and see how much BETTER it is than we say.

The only Boot Polish that will produce
BRILLIANT AND LASTING SHINE
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Makes old Boots look like new ones!
And Calf-skin like Patent Leather!

It is put up in a Patent Box, the greatest novelty of the age. The box alone is worth more to keep than the price of Box and Polish combined.

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THE GENUINE
Turkish Bath Compound!

Used in all Oriental countries, in the bath and manufactured by us on a license and royalty, in exact style, odor and quality, from the original receipt, as that made in Constantinople, and import duties, premium on gold, etc., saved, thus enabling us to sell it at a very low price. By its use a bath becomes indeed a luxury. Very highly scented, and producing marvelous effects upon the skin. It is really worth a trial.

If you want to enjoy life and drive away dull care, use for your Clothes
Dobbins' Electric Soap!

Use for your person
DOBBINS' Triple-scented
TOILET SOAP!

Use for your Boots
DOBBINS'
Electric Boot Polish

Use in the Bath
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