

were held in Hamilton County to-night to select delegates to the republican State convention to nominate State officers and also delegates to the Chicago convention.

The *Commercial Gazette* last night has reports from 38 delegates classified as follows: For Arthur, 10; Sherman, with Blaine as second choice, 10; Blaine, with Sherman as second, 4; unknown, 4. The nine county conventions held in the State for a similar purpose show so far seven counties for Blaine, two for Sherman.

SAN FRANCISCO, 20.—The six days' horse versus bicycle tournament, riding 12 hours a day, terminated at one o'clock this morning. Anderson had charge of 15 horses and John S. Prince and Miss Armadio alternated on bicycles. The two latter made 1,073 miles, the best on record, beating the 15 horses by a mile and a quarter.

CLEVELAND, 20.—A special to the *Herald* states that Frank BeWalt, alleged defaulting president of the First National bank of Leadville, Col., was arrested early this morning at his mother's house in Canton, and that he will be taken back to Leadville where a reward of \$5,000 is offered for his arrest. Three months ago the bank failed for a quarter of a million and DeWalt disappeared. Investigation indicated that he took \$50,000 with him.

TROY, N. Y., 21.—The high water in Lake Champlain caused the biggest washout ever known. On the Delaware and Hudson Railway the tracks were washed out for miles between Whitehall and Ticonderoga. No trains running to-day on that division.

Bermuda, 21.—The French steamer *Marseilles* from New Orleans bound to Bordeaux, was discovered to be on fire three days after leaving New Orleans. A terrible gale was prevailing at the time. The hatches were opened and fifty bales of cotton jettisoned, but the fire was so intense that the crew and passengers, though working with the energy of men anxious to save their lives, had to abandon their operations, not, however, before several cases of asphyxia had occurred. The hatches were then battened down and it was decided to sail for Bermuda, 250 miles distant. On arriving there, with the assistance of the naval authorities, the fire was finally extinguished. Had the deck of the vessel been entirely of wood, nothing could have saved the ship.

NEW YORK, 21.—Gen. Badeau arrived this morning. When asked as to his causes of his resignation of the onsl generalship at Havana, Badeau replied that he was not at liberty to say anything on the subject at present.

It is stated that a conference was held in this city last week between General Butler, Walter H. Sharpe, Henry Nichols, John W. Keogh and Jno. F. Henry at which arrangements were made for the nomination of Gen. Butler for President and Congressman Reagan of Texas for Vice President by the anti-monopoly party. An understanding was arrived at with the greenback party by which they were to ratify the nomination at their convention.

The *Commercial Advertiser* says: Undoubtedly an immense amount of Union Pacific Stock long held by insiders, directors and others, has been sold of late.

## FOREIGN.

PARIS, 18.—The dynamite taken to England is conveyed by persons who conceal the explosives between the lining and cloth of their coats. The dynamite is wrapped in oiled paper, in cakes, which are an inch thick and five inches in diameter, and are left at one place in England and joined into one mass. One section of the dynamiters complain that the recent explosions were unworthy of the great cause. They think the public building should have been blown up. The manifesto of Patrick Joyce is not considered serious. Manifestos are contrary to the spirit of the Clan-na-Gael. It is denied that Joyce is the secretary of the Fenian Brotherhood. The actual chief, it is said, lives in Paris and is not connected with the Clan-na-Gael, and repudiates violence.

CAIRO, 18.—Zehbeh Pasha is willing to go to Khartoum and act under the authority of the Khedive, but not under General Gordon. Nubar Pasha believes that Zehbeh is the only man who can pacify Sudan, and hopes his departure to that region may not be delayed too long.

Suez, 18.—The cholera at Calcutta is increasing. There were 257 deaths there during last week.

LONDON, 19.—Advices from the Far East, bring rumors of fresh massacres of Christians in Laos.

It is reported from Darmstadt that Queen Victoria is suffering from lumbago. She is confined to the palace and receives daily visits from physicians.

LIVERPOOL, 19.—The suspected dynamiter, John Daly, was brought into court this morning, but again remanded to jail to await until the authorities are fully prepared to begin his trial.

TUNIS, 19.—Dr. Gastive Nachtigal, the celebrated traveler, has left here for West Africa and the Congo country. He is sent out by the German government. This mission has political, scientific and commercial features.

PARIS, 19.—The *Gaulois* says that the police are disposed to recommend to the authorities the expulsion of dynamiters from France, if their actions become too suspicious. A man recently engaged in the dynamite traffic in Avenue Lepera has suddenly disappeared.

ST. PETERSBURG, 19.—A dispatch from the Governor, Trans-Caspian, says that several trade caravans had left Mero for Bokhara, Khiva and Mised. The Turcomans bought from the caravans their entire stock of American cotton seed.

HAVRE, 18.—The export of dynamite from this port to England continues unchecked, as there is no law to prevent it.

PARIS, 18.—A telegram from General Millot, commander of the French forces at Tonquin, dated Hanoi, April 16, says: The enemy have again been encountered not far from Hungloa and completely routed. After the engagement we destroyed the citadel of Phulam Gram, where the leaders of the Black Flags had taken refuge. Our forces are now following the right bank of the river Dai, with the object of threatening the enemy in the south and obtaining redress for the massacre of missionaries. The Black Flags have withdrawn to northern Tonquin. The remnants of the garrisons of Bacinh and Hunghoa, Chinese and Anamites, to the number of 5,000, have retreated to Ninhbin to observe them. In the capture of Phulam Gram the French lost five soldiers killed and eleven coolies drowned.

CAIRO, 18.—A dispatch from General Gordon, dated April 9, says that a merchant had reached Khartoum from El Obied, after a journey of 12 days. The merchant reports that the Tegeba tribes had twice defeated Mahdi who suffered heavy losses. Mahdi is now as completely hemmed in as General Gordon.

LONDON, 20.—Kassala is surrounded by 6,000 rebels who fire into the town nightly. It is reported that Osman Digma, with 2,000 followers, again threatens Suakin and if he attacks the town many of the neutrals will join him against the hated Egyptians.

CAIRO, 20.—A large number of refugees, owing to shortness of provisions, left Shendi a few days ago in a steamer for Berber. The steamer ran aground near El Boala and was soon surrounded by swarms of rebels, who attacked the steamer on all sides and massacred everybody on board. The fugitives numbered 450, including a portion of the Suendi garrison and many women and children. Nubar Pasha, prime minister, fears before long that the spirit of the rebellion will reach Assouan. He has received a desponding telegram from Hussein Pasha, Governor of Berber, who states that the attitude of the population generally is threatening. He expects that Berber will shortly be surrounded and captured by the rebels, who are constantly increasing in numbers around the town, and threatening all the avenues of communication. Hussein Pasha says he will resign, unless troops are sent to assist in the defense of the town.

LONDON, 20.—Gordon has notified the British Government that owing to the difficulty and delay experienced in sending and receiving communications, he will henceforth act on his own judgment and responsibility. After several conferences the French government has assented to a modification of the Egyptian law of liquidation, and agrees to support English proposals for a financial reform. An Egypto-European conference on the question is now needless. No further opposition is expected from and power.

LONDON, 21.—The *Times* publishes interviews with prominent Irishmen in the French capital, among them one with Patrick Casey, of the *Moniteur Universel*, who is strongly in favor of the dynamite policy and upholds the Irish Invincibles in the doctrines they preach and the course they pursue. He declares it probable that the dynamite policy will be extended to the blowing up of Atlantic passenger steamers and merchantmen, thus ruining England's commerce.

James Stevens formerly Fenian head centre, however, condemns the principles and advocates armed revolution. The continuance of the dynamite policy, he thinks, means certain death to revolutionary agitation during the present generation and perhaps forever. It may besides this lead to the expulsion of all Irishmen from England. John O'Leary, formerly editor of the *Irish People*, likewise disapproved of the dynamite policy, on the ground of its inexpediency and criminal character. He favors open rebellion. A war between England and Russia he thinks would give the Irish a chance to strike one effective blow.

Father Hogan, of St. Sulpice Catholic College, thinks that explosions do Ireland no good, but alienate from the Irish cause many honest people who would otherwise support it. The action of the dynamiters he declares is morally a crime, politically a blunder and socially a disaster. Ireland will get home rule in the course of time. If the recent concessions had been granted some years ago, Ireland would now be happy. If the Irish now get fair play, Ireland, in a few years, will be one of the most prosperous countries in Europe.

Foreign Consuls at Khartoum report, April 9, that General Gordon considers the time for retreating has arrived. Gordon will send with Col. Stewart Vice Consul Power, who are to return to lower Egypt by way of Abyssinia. All foreigners who choose will accompany them. Gordon himself, has no intention of retreating. He has hopes that England will send him aid.

PARIS, 21.—The police authorities have decided to expel from France two Austrian Socialists recently arrested. The police believe that they will presently have secured sufficient evidence

to justify the expulsion of several prominent Irish Americans.

PARIS, 21.—Monsignor Rigni, papal nuncio, has returned from Rome, charged with a special mission to Prime Minister Ferry, which is expected to influence the future relations of France and the Vatican. Rumors are again afloat to the effect that the Pope will presently seek an asylum in France.

## BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

SAN FRANCISCO, 17.—The first fast overland Central Pacific mail train arrived this morning on time.

Chinamen have started the gardening business near New York, and are supplying the market there with early vegetables.

It is reported George Jones will retire from the active management of the *New York Times*, in June, his son Gilbert succeeding him.

It is stated that Blaine declines avowing himself a candidate, because he is convinced the New York independent republicans won't vote for him.

The postoffice at Spruce Mount, Elko County, Nevada, has been discontinued, and S. A. Stills has been appointed postmaster at Corning, Cal.

A countess, name unknown, yesterday, at Monaco, cut her throat and that of her child. She had been losing heavily at a game, and thus disposed of herself rather than confess to her husband.

Pittsburg, 17.—The Pennsylvania Wool Growers' Association convened here in annual session this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Delegates were present from all parts of the State.

The Secretary of the Navy issued today a proclamation offering \$25,000 reward for the discovery and rescue, by any private person or vessel, of the Arctic signal service party with Lieut. Greely.

The Comptroller of Currency has authorized the First National Bank of Petaluma, California, to begin business with a capital of \$200,000. This bank was formerly the First National Gold Bank of San Francisco, the last gold bank in existence, all others having been changed to currency banks, or gone out of existence.

Senator Jones, of Nevada, yesterday presented to the Senate a memorial of many wool growers in that State, asking Congress to restore the tariff of 1867 on wool. They state Nevada has 400,000 sheep, valued at \$1,300,000, the yearly clip of which is 2,400,000 pounds. The memorial comes rather late, as the House refused last week to pass the Converse wool bill.

Laconia, N.H., 17.—The Lake Company's dam at Lakeville is expected to give way, and every dam and bridge on the stream to Franklin will be swept away.

San Francisco, 17.—Reno special: The Nevada-Oregon Railroad was sold to-day by the United States marshal to satisfy a mortgage to Moran, of New York, who re-organized the company and will complete the route.

New York, 17.—The Huguenot Society of America held its annual meeting to-day, and elected John Jay president for the ensuing year.

New York, 17.—The Maritime Exchange unanimously adopted a memorial to Congress asking for the suspension of the coinage of silver dollars for two years.

Santa Barbara, Cal., 15.—Rev. Father Sanchez, the last pioneer of the Franciscan missionaries who arrived here in 1841, died to-day, aged 71.

Mexico, 17.—The government is negotiating with the representative of the Franco-Egyptian bank for a loan of \$20,000,000, ten of which is to be paid the present administration, three millions to be advanced immediately. The success of the negotiation is probable.

Denver, Cal., 17.—Hiller, Hallock & Co., bankers of Buena Vista, have assigned; available assets are estimated at \$25,000; liabilities, \$50,000. The immediate cause of the failure is said to be expensive litigation over the Nest Egg mine, in which the concern was largely interested.

At a meeting of the House committee on the law respecting the election of President and Vice-President, the proposition to limit to twelve months the time during which Cabinet officers may perform the duties of President was acted upon favorably. It provides if the duties of the Presidency fall upon a member of the Cabinet more than twelve months before the next ensuing presidential election, he shall issue a proclamation for a new election.

Philadelphia, 17.—The sale of the remaining assets of the Jay Cook estate, scrip of the first and second issues, began to-day. The property included stock in the Pennsylvania Coal Company; the 185th street lots, New York City; a lot of dwellings known as "Cherry Hill," at New Barbadoes, Bergen County, N. J.; copper lands in St. Louis County, Minn.; farming land in Webster County, Iowa, and Lincoln and Ashland Counties, Wisconsin, and lands in Lake, Carlton, St. Louis, Anoka, Isanti and Chicago Counties, Minnesota.

Chicago, 17.—It is officially announced that the Chicago & Northwestern

railway has purchased all of the Blair railroad interests in Northwestern Iowa, including the Iowa Falls & Sioux City, the Sioux City & Pacific, the Maple Valley, the Fremont, Elk Horn and Missouri valley, possession to be given July 1st. The sale excludes the lots and lands. The Northwestern will issue over fourteen million dollars of stock in exchange for the stock of the companies bought, and assumes the bonded indebtedness of these companies.

A death from cholera is reported on the Suez canal, aboard the troop ship *Crocodyl*.

The Senate has confirmed Commodore Clark H. Wells, of Pennsylvania, Rear-Admiral of the Navy.

Nominations — Wm. H. Sears, of California, collector of customs for the district of San Francisco; John M. Johnson, postmaster of Tulare, California.

At the request of the Secretary of the Interior, the commissioner of patents has appealed from the decision of the Supreme Court of this district, in the case of Hoe vs. Scott, to the Supreme Court of the United States. The point in controversy is that there is no appeal to the Secretary of the Interior after the commissioner has decided the case.

An order has been issued from the headquarters of the Army directing the First and Second regiments of Cavalry to exchange stations.

The House committee on public lands instructed Representative Payson to favorably report his bill to prevent the unlawful occupancy of public lands. The measure provides that all inclosures of public land in any State or Territory, by parties who have no titles, shall be unlawful. It further provides that it shall be unlawful for any person to demolish any such inclosure when it incloses more than 610 acres of any agricultural land.

There are now about 1,800 men, including Chinamen, at work on the Oregon Pacific Railroad, and work is being pushed.

For the fast mail service the Denver & Rio Grande has secured from the Baldwin works three new locomotives, weighing 58,000 pounds each. All modern improvements.

Engine No. 13 of the Boston, Hoosac Tunnel and Western Railway has, within three weeks, killed Lockwood and Derrick, employees of the company, and James Fitzpatrick. The railway hands say its number is unlucky. It may not be generally known, yet it is true, that on but few roads will master mechanics permit an engine to be numbered 13, so superstitious are they of that number.

New York, 18.—The greenbackers of the 13th Congressional District elected delegates to the national convention at Indianapolis, and instructed them for Gen. Butler for President.

The republican primaries to-night resulted in the election of delegates to the State convention who are largely in favor of Arthur for President.

Oswego, N. Y., 18.—The republican congressional convention to-day instructed its delegates by a vote of 38 to 10, to vote for Blaine and Lincoln.

Winnipeg, 18.—It is feared that another Indian outbreak has occurred in the Northwest Territory. A dispatch dated the 16th from Battleford says it is reported that 2,000 Indians are there and more coming in. The operator there left the office and can't be raised since. The nearest telegraph office to Battleford is about on hundred miles distant.

San Francisco, 18.—The salmon run in the Sacramento river is unusually light so far this season, and the prospects are not flattering.

Boston, 18.—The Wendell Phillips memorial services at Tremont Temple this afternoon, attracted a more notable audience than any of a similar occasion in Boston.

Denver, Col., 18.—The mining towns are excited over alleged important gold discoveries in the vicinity of Pike's Peak, 75 miles southwest of Denver. Crowds of people from the neighboring towns are flocking to the new camp. Passenger and freight transportation lines from Canyon city, Fairplay and Leadville are established, and grocery and outfitting stocks are en route.

Cincinnati, 18.—A decline of 3 cents in the quotation of high wines, which occurred here to-day, caused some excitement in whisky circles. It was done without the orders of the whisky pool, and the sales reported to-day were those of leading members of the pool of this city. It is regarded as a necessary result of the dull market and the large quantity of Kentucky goods pressing for sale.

Mexico will send a band and a battalion of troops with her exhibit at New Orleans.

It is feared a return of the Emperor William's illness will prove fatal.

The fire at Rangoon raged for two days and destroyed 41 buildings, involving a loss of \$120,000.

The Yale College has accepted a gift of \$50,000 from the Marquand fund for a building for the Yale Young Men's Christian Association.

In a glove fight in New York last

night between Mike Cleary and Wm. Sheriff, the latter was knocked out in one round of 30 seconds.

A. D. Edgar, general agent of the Northern Pacific at Chicago, has been appointed assistant general freight agent of the Pacific division of the road, with headquarters at Portland.

The North Atlantic steamship lines have reduced the steerage passage from New York to Liverpool to \$18, and will make a still further reduction to meet any competition.

Ottawa, 19.—The Governor General has prorogued Parliament, and made a speech approving the legislative enactment of the session.

Chicago, 19.—The Queen of Tahiti, Pomare V, arrived here this morning over the Grand Trunk line and left quietly for San Francisco at noon.

New York, 19.—The Sons of the Revolution met to-day in Washington's headquarters and organized by electing John Austin Stevens president and Gen. John Cochrane vice president.

New Orleans, 19.—G. A. Burke, director general, states that though the main building of the World's Exposition is the largest ever erected in this country, it is necessary to construct another immense building, 1,000 feet by 100 for the Government, State and agricultural exhibits.

At a meeting of the House committee on public lands, to-day, Henley, Oates and Strait were appointed a sub-committee to prepare a bill to repeal the pre-emption and timber culture acts, and to so amend the homestead laws as to prevent fraudulent entries.

Representative Rosecrans has prepared an amendment to the pension appropriation bill, providing that paymasters in the army be detailed to act as pension agents.

Neosha Falls, Ks., 19.—Dr. Law, of Cornell University, who has been here the past week investigating the cattle disease, leaves for Topeka Monday. He is not very communicative concerning the results, preferring to give them to the public in the shape of a formal report. He does say emphatically, however, that the trouble is no European foot and mouth disease, but any other contagious affection.

The American Yacht Club elected the officers of the Greely relief expedition honorary members, and presented them with flags to be restored on their return from the Arctic.

Boston, 19.—The *Traveller* says: The relations of the Union Pacific and Chicago, Burlington & Quincy stand about as follows: The Burlington has consented to waive its claim to 20 per cent. of the Union Pacific business delivered at Omaha for eastern points. The question to be decided next week is territorial rights.

Chicago, 19.—The Western Trunk Line Association to-day announced a reduction of forty cents per hundred pounds on sash, doors and blinds to Colorado points, making the rate thirty-seven cents, or the same as that charged for lumber since the recent cut. The Burlington, and Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe roads met the cut promptly.

The sub-committee of the House committee on commerce to-day decided to report favorably Representative Mutchler's bill, providing for the appointment of a scientific commission to attend the international electrical exhibition to be held at Philadelphia next fall under the auspices of the Franklin Institute of Pennsylvania, for the promotion of the mechanical arts. The bill appropriates \$25,000 and requires the work of the commission to be completed within three years after the passage of the act.

St. Paul, 19.—The Secretary of the American National Agricultural Association having addressed a letter to General James S. Brisbin, commandant at Fort Keogh, Mont., requesting his views regarding the holding of a great national cattle show, the General replies urging that the show take place and suggesting that at the same time a national convention of cattle breeders and stock growers.

Chili wants to absorb Peru.

Prizes of £700 and £300 are about to be offered in England for "cheap, palatable, non-intoxicating liquors."

Miss Rossiter, who is at the head of the Woman Silk Culturists of the United States, is but seventeen years old.

Dr. Gross says that investigation has shown that the brain can be handled to a considerable extent with impunity.

The boy revivalist, Harrison, converted 1,300 white persons in St. Louis in ten weeks, and kept all the "niggers" on the back seats.

Queen Victoria has developed a passion for letter writing, and has just been condoling with the Khedive on the loss of his mother.

Bismarck denies the story that he is superstitious and says he will undertake any business, however important, as readily on Friday as any other day.

General Logan's adherents are in possession of the local committee of arrangements for the National Republican Convention and have also possession of the employes and tickets of admission.