TELEGRAPHIC.

KENTUCKY CONVENTION.

A Resolution Denouncing the A. P. A. Offered and Defeated.

Majority and Minority Reports on Resolutions.—Uproar and Confusion.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 25.—On reassembling at 8 p. m. the boxes at Music Hall were filled with ladies in brilliant dress, and the rush for the galleries was even greater than during the day. The heat up in the hall was almost unbearable.

A resolution denouncing the A. P. A. was offered and a commotion caused by efforts to adopt it without reference. The resolution was defeated.

The committee on permanent organization reported Congressman A. S. Berry for permanent chairman and other officers were elected. Mr. Berry made a vigorous speech upon taking the chair.

Numerous dilatory motions were indulged in, the Clay men wanting an adjournment until tomorrow.

Senator Lindsay presented the majority report on resolutions which contained a strong "sound money" plank and endorsed Cleveland and Carlisle for their financial policy and administration. It was signed by nine of the thirteen members of the committee.

There were two minority reports, one signed by Rhea and Ellis, for the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1, and the other simply reaffirming the platform of 1892, signed by Clardy and Coulter.

Senator Lindsay and Chairman Berry refused to report the resolutions or do anything till the report on credentials came in.

The committee on credentials closed up shortly after midnight and voted in favor of the Hardin delegates for the Louisville and Newport districts, when the scenes of disorder had a short suspension.

When the Clay men offered a minority report on credentials, a lively scene was begun with the usual motions for adjournment.

The following is the financial plank of the minority report of Clardy and Coulter, who represent the conservatives, the other minority plank is a declaration of unlimited coinage at 16 to 1:

"We believe in the coinage of both gold and silver as the primary money of the country into legal tender dollars, receivable in payment of all debts, public and private."

The following was offered by Mr. Rhea in the committee and voted down:

"Resolved, That we endorse the platform adopted by the Republican convention that recently convened in the city of Louisville and have great confidence in the ability of the united forces of the Democratic and Republican parties to win a great and glorious victory over the common enemies, the Prohibition and Populist parties, at the next November election."

Shortly before 2 o'clock the uproar and confusion became such that Chairman Berry declared the convention adjourned until tomorrow at 9:30.

Utah Southern Bondholders to Meet.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Holders of the general mortgage and extension mortgage bonds of the Utah Southern Railroad company have been notified that the payment of interest having been defaulted, Messrs. J. H. Ham and Oliver Ames, trustees for the first mortgage, have called a meeting of bondholders for July 11th in this city, to consider what steps shall be taken in the premises.

Salvation Army in Denver.

DENVER, June 25.—A special to the News from Colorado Springs says: Last week Captain Blanche Cox of the Salvation Army was fined for stopping on the streets with the army. The police understood that she had given orders that the army should not stop again until the cases now pending against other officers had been appealed to the county court, and at the request of her attorney the case was dismissed and the fine remitted.

Last night the army again stopped, and today Captain Cox was in the police court. She was fined $25. She has wealthy and financial friends present who offered to pay the fine, or to sign an appeal bond, but she declined to accept, and insists on going to jail. The police magistrate declined to commit her for five days, the time that the law provides shall be allowed for making an appeal. The army stopped again tonight, and there are likely to be some more arrests.

The town is divided into two hostile camps on the subject.

BOND SYNDICATE AFFAIRS.

Closing Up Its Transactions With the Government—More Bonds Talked Of.

CHICAGO, June 25.—A special from New York says: It is rumored in financial circles that the Belmont-Morgan syndicate is closing up its transactions with the government, that the balance of the bonds sold on European account will soon be delivered in London, and that the members of the syndicate would then receive from the managers thereof their share of the profits of the transaction.

According to members of the syndicate, however, the rumor is a little premature, as the syndicate has still a good deal of gold to import under its contract with the government, but they said so well had the syndicate managers done their work there would in a little while be no obstacle to the closing up of the syndicate accounts.

If the contract were to be carried out literally, the syndicate would yet have to import $16,813,000 more gold, but it is thought the secretary of the treasury may have consented to certain modifications of the contract in the interest both of the government and syndicate. The acceptance by the treasury of a deposit of gold amounting to $10,440,000 on account of the foreign portion of the bonds is believed to have been done in connection with and fulfillment of the clause of the contract requiring the syndicate as far as possible to maintain the gold reserve and prevent exportation of gold during the life of the contract. That deposit, it is said, was simply a clearing transaction; a large order of gold for Austria was filled in London instead of in this country, through Mr. Morgan's efforts. In this way the syndicate prevented an exportation of gold and all the bad effects thereof, and was saved the necessity of importing gold to make up the deficiency. They did it by selling sterling entirely when exchange was high.

WALL STREET FULL OF RUMORS.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Wall street is full of rumors as to the bond syndicate operations and the treasury department. Neither Mr. Morgan nor Mr. Belmont will talk on the subject, and sub-Treasurer Jordan will make no statement in connection with the matter beyond this fact, that the gold surplus reserve of the treasury will, within twenty-four hours, when the gold now deposited goes through the books of the treasury, be $107,450,000. It is understood that this sum is reached by the statement of the bond syndicate's indebtedness to the government as regards the payment for the bonds. It is believed further that the bond syndicate either has received or will at once receive the full amount of bonds due it.

There is some vague talk about an arrangement for a further issue of bonds by the government, but there is no suggestion of such a course from any authoritative quarter, as the managers of the last bond syndicate will say nothing whatever on the subject.

The payment into the sub-treasury yesterday of $6,500,000 is, according to the *Evening Post*, believed to be proof that the government has agreed to a modification or change in the contract with the syndicate so far as requiring the syndicate to import $32,500,000 of gold, but as the syndicate managers admit that their contract does not expire until October, and that they are required to do all in their power in the meantime to maintain the government's gold reserve, they may yet have to import gold, unless they continue to prevent its exportation. Of their ability to do that until October 1st no one seems to have any doubt. The *Evening Post* continues:

Thus far the syndicate has imported for the account of the new 4 per cent bonds $14,411,000. It has $200,000 of imported gold in the assay office to its credit, and has deposited in the treasury altogether more than $56,000,000 of gold.

That the managers of the syndicate are masters of the sterling exchange market, and thus enabled to maintain the government's gold reserve, was said by bankers today to be shown by the fact that they notified the members of their syndicate of their intention to return to them this week the balance of 40 per cent of the money they advanced in gold for the syndicate to deposit in the sub-treasury last February to purchase half the bonds sold in this country. This 40 per cent will amount to many millions of dollars, and when they get it the bankers, members of the syndicate say, will not know what to do with it as there is such a plethora of money that it is almost unlendable except on call at unprofitable rates.

EITHER—OR.

The Money Question Must be Settled Says Senator Vest.

SWEET SPRINGS, Mo., June 25.—Senator Vest, who is stopping at his cottage near here, has this to say on the money question in its relation to the country as a whole, and especially Missouri:

"There must be a settlement of the silver question without equivocation. We must determine to adopt the gold standard permanently, retire the greenbacks, and perpetuate the national banks with their paper, based exclusively on gold, or we must open our minds to silver.

"The financial servitude which now exists on the part of the United States to foreigners should cease. Nothing could be more degrading than the present conditions.

"I believe in real bimetallism—the use of both gold and silver as standard money—but if we must have one metal or the other, I would take silver, for we would then at least be independent, instead of being the tail of the English kite, and the helpless victims of the Rothschild syndicate."

When asked his opinion about calling a state convention of the Democratic party in Missouri to consider the silver question, Senator Vest said he believed a majority of the party desired the convention, and assumed that the state committee would obey the demand of the majority. The matter has gone so far that more irritation would come from the refusal to call the convention than anything the convention could possibly do.

"I do not know that I shall attend the convention," he continued, "if in the state, for its object has been published to be the consideration of the action of the state's delegates in Congress on the silver question. In any event, absent or present, in the Senate or out of it, I am against the single gold standard."

SOME ENCOURAGEMENT.

The Prospects of an International Silver Conference.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—There is apparently considerable confusion as to the prospects of an international conference to consider the rehabilitation of silver, to be called on the initiative of Germany. This is due to the conflicting reports that have been received and also, apparently, to the complications of the question, as it presents itself in Germany.

Those who have given attention to the progress of the agitation in Germany say that Chancellor Von Hohenlohe announced in the beginning that Germany's action in the matter would depend upon two circumstances. The first of these was that the German state legislative bodies should instruct for the issuance of the call, and the second that there should be a substantial agreement among the powers as to the terms of the call. The latest report makes it appear that a majority of the federal governments want the conference and desire that Germany should issue the call for it.

It is understood now that, accepting this action on the part of the different states as an instruction, the chancellor will proceed to negotiate with the other European powers as to the terms of the call. The United States has made known its wishes in this respect, so far as the legislative branch of the government can act, in the resolution appointing congressional delegates. In this resolution provision was made that the United States should be represented only in case the conference should be called to provide for a restoration of bimetallism.

When the question was before the Prussian Diet, an effort was made by Chancellor Von Hohenlohe to amend the resolution so as to leave out the requirement that the call should be on these lines, but it failed. If the other federal German states have taken the same position as Prussia, the chancellor, it is held, will be virtually pledged to vote for a call on a basis of return to the bimetallic system. It then remains to be determined whether the other powers will accept this basis, and especially what England may do in the premises.

The advocates of an international understanding feel that the change of administration in England will be in the interest of the movement and they are, upon the whole, considerably encouraged over the outlook for another conference.

GERMANS ON THE REICHSTAG.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—Baron Von Thielmann, the new German ambassador, who presented his credentials to the state department yesterday, gave the Associated Press an interview today on current German-American questions.

"What are the prospects," he was asked, "that Germany will participate in an international monetary conference?"

"The agitation for silver," he said, "comes mainly from the agrarian population in the north of Germany, and is largely due to the low prices of farm products."

He did not believe that the imperial government would take any step towards the calling of an international monetary conference until after the Reichstag assembled in November, and a great deal would depend upon that body.

When asked if Germany intended to remove the restrictions put in force last winter against American cattle, the ambassador replied that this would not be delayed after Germany was assured that American cattle were free from Texas fever, and he denied very positively that Germany's policy respecting American cattle was in retaliation for the differential duty levied by the American tariff law on German sugars.

Found Murdered.

SEATTLE, Wash., June 25.—A dispatch from Ritzville says L. A. Condlee, a constable, a detective for the Cattlemen's association, was found dead in the road five miles from that place with three bullet wounds in his body. Condlee arrested Alfred Himes on Monday, and started for Ritzville with him, on horseback. Himes, who is known as Jesse James, is supposed to have overpowered Condlee and taken his pistol, as signs of a struggle were visible in the road.

Himes is a member of a gang of cattle thieves whose rendezvous was recently found near Rockford, Whitman county, where large quantities of stolen goods and many head of cattle were found.

Mexican Railroad Building.

TULA, Mexico, June 25.—The Mexican Central Railroad company has decided to build a short line connecting the City of Mexico with Tampico. The line will start at Tula and will follow the valley of the Panuco river all the way to Tampico. At present the route between the City of Mexico and Tampico is via San Luis Potosi. The engineers of the company are now employed in running the surveys of the new line. It will reduce the time between the City of Mexico and Tampico to ten hours.

Another Fair "Will."

SAN FRANCISCO, June 26.—According to a local paper Mrs. Lohr, a dressmaker for the Fair family, asserts that Senator Fair called at her house some time before his death and there met a Miss McKenna. Senator Fair afterwards married Miss McKenna before a justice of the peace in Oakland. Two children were born, one, a boy fourteen months of age, is still living.

A few weeks before his death Senator Fair called on the mother and read a paper purporting to be a will in which he provided for the children.

The mother of the children now lives in Lodi, Cal., and is preparing to make a fight for some of the dead man's millions.

BILIOUSNESS

Who has not suffered this misery—caused by bile in the stomach which an inactive or sluggish liver failed to carry off.

THE PREVENTION AND CURE IS

liquid or powder, which gives quick action to the liver and carries off the bile by a mild movement of the bowels. It is no purgative or griping medicine, but purely vegetable. Many people take pills—more take Simmons Liver Regulator.

"I have been a victim to Biliousness for years, and after trying various remedies the only success was in the use of Simmons Liver Regulator, which never failed to relieve me. I speak not of myself alone, but the whole family."—J. M. FRASMAN, Selma, Ala.

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to household work, to the scrubbing brush and bucket, to the dish pan and broomstick. That was woman's position until

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

came to her release. Now she does all her work in the morning—does as she pleases in the afternoon. GOLD DUST has found out a way to make many thousands of homes happy; will you welcome it to yours? Large packages, price 25c. Sold everywhere. Made only by

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Come yourselves and see if ours is not the proper place for money-savers. Happy, delighted, pleased and satisfied buyers will throng all our aisles this week, to secure our splendid bargains.

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DUCK SUITS.

Ladies' Light or Dark Blue Duck Suits, with white pin stripes, value $1.50, latest style, for
$1.00 Suit.

A special new lot of Sample Suits in blazer or eton styles, all shades, value $2.50 to $3.00, special at
$1.50 Suit.

An elegant line of Tan or Navy Blue Duck Suits, stripped or figured effects, value $3.25, in eton styles, with box and buckle, very nobby, for
$2.20 Suit.

Our assortment of Duck Suits, worth $4.00 to $4.50, in tan and all shades of blue, in eton, blazer or waist effect, very stylish, large sleeves, will go for
$3.00.

LADIES' WAISTS

For very hot weather.

We are now showing a very large stock of Ladies' Soft Lawn Waists, they are quite new, pretty, Colored, Striped Lawn Waists, with detached collar, large sleeves, for
$1.00.

Very Fine Lawn Waists, plain or detached collar, blouse front, embroidery trimmed, assorted colors, from
$1.20 to $2.50.

New lot of Silk Waists, in black and colored, value $5.00, to
$3.85.

A big lot of Shirt Waists, assorted colors, to go at
45c.

WRAPPERS.

100 dozen new and stylish Wrappers, in all colors, from
50c, 85c, $1.00 up.

SPECIAL GREAT REDUCTIONS IN
UNDERWEAR and HOSIERY.

Ladies' White Jersey Ribbed Union Suits, in small sizes only, worth 85c, to close at
50c each.

Ladies' Ecru Fine Jersey Ribbed Sleeveless Union Suits, fine silk finished, ribbon round neck and arms, sizes 3 to 5, regular price 65c, at
40c each.

Similar style, finer quality, worth 75c, at
50c each.

Ladies' Ecru Jersey Ribbed Lisle Thread, Sleeveless Union Suits, sizes 3 to 5, value $1.25, at
85c each.

Ladies' Ecru Ribbed Sleeveless Vests, 8c at
5c each.

A better quality, well finished, ribbon round neck and arms, sizes 3 to 5, worth 25c, at
15c.

Ladies' Ecru Jersey Ribbed full fashioned Vests, ribbon round neck and arms, sizes 3 to 5, regular price 40c, for this sale
25c each.

Ladies' Seamless Tan Hose, fast color, sizes 8½ to 10, worth 25c pr, at
15c pair.

Ladies' Fast Black Seamless Cotton Hose, all sizes, worth 15c, at
10c.

Ladies' Extra Quality Regular Made Fast Black or Tan Hose, with double sole and toe, sizes 8 to 10, worth 35c, at
25c pair.

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150 yards Fancy Silks, in waist and suit lengths, worth $1.25 to $1.75 yd, at
75c yard.

100 pieces Checked Japanese Silks, taffeta finish, lovely combination of colors, this week at
25c yard.

27 inch Japanese Silks, in cream, white and black, worth $1.25, this week at
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Selected expressly for you and each article marked at a price you can afford to pay.

A close examination turns the tide of trade to our counters and the savings into your purse.

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A better one $8, worth $12. And all other grades at similar reductions from former values.

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