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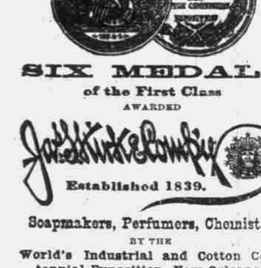

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GENERAL NEWS.

MATTERS AND THINGS AT WASHINGTON.

A Chapter of Criminalities.

The Cattle Men—Civil Service Illustrated, Etc.

By Telegraph to the NEWS.]

Washington Points.

WASHINGTON, 15.—A decision was rendered by the Supreme Court in the case of the steamer *Harrisburg* and her owners, appellants, vs. Emma S. Rickards et al., on appeal from the United States Circuit Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. This was a suit brought to recover damages for the loss of a human life through the alleged carelessness and negligence of the employes on board the *Harrisburg*. The court holds, first, that in the absence of any national law giving a right of action to recover damages for the death of a human being on the high seas or navigable water communicating therewith, a suit in admiralty in the courts of the United States cannot be maintained; second, that even if an action at law has been authorized by the statute in the State where the loss of life occurred, and a suit *in rem* can be maintained in admiralty against the offending vessel for damages (a point which, however, the court does not decide) the present case was begun too late. The law which gives

RIGHT OF ACTION

in Pennsylvania provides that such suit should be brought within one year. Five years elapsed in this case between the time when the accident occurred and the time when the suit was brought, and there was no equitable excuse for the delay. The decree of the Circuit Court is reversed with costs, and the case is remanded with directions to dismiss the libel. Opinion by Chief Justice Waite.

A decision was rendered by the Supreme Court in the land case of Chas. W. Butts, executor, against the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. Appeal from the Supreme Court of Dakota. The controversy in this case relates to the ownership of a tract of land now lying in the heart of the city of Fargo, Dakota, and formerly occupied by the Dakota or Sioux Indians. The appellant, Buttz, claims it by virtue of a pre-emption settlement made by his step-sister Frances Preportion, and the Northern Pacific Company claims it under its land grant. The Court holds that Preportion could not establish any pre-emptive right to the land so long as

THE INDIAN TITLE

remained unextinguished, because an Act of Congress excludes land in that condition from pre-emption, and that as soon as the land was freed from the incumbance of the Indian, the right of the railroad company attached by virtue of its grant. The judgment of the Supreme Court of Dakota is affirmed. Opinion by Justice Field.

First Comptroller Durham has made a ruling that the chairman of a Congressional Committee has a right to suspend a clerk to the committee and appoint another person in his place during the recess of the committee, but that his action must be approved by the committee or else the suspended clerk must be reinstated. He also holds that in a case of this kind the clerk is not entitled to compensation during the period of his suspension.

Second Comptroller Maynard has decided that a soldier who, after having served for two years or more in the army, deserted some months after the close of the war, but who subsequently received an honorable discharge, is

ENTITLED TO A BOUNTY

of $50, under the 13th section of the act of July 8, 1886.

The Secretary of War has decided that the soldiers belonging to Colonel Lawton's command, who were provided with worthless shoes from the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, while in pursuit of Geronimo's band, shall be fully reimbursed.

The trial of Police Lieutenant Arnold upon the charge of giving currency to a false report connecting Major Walker, Superintendent of police, with a proposed espionage of Congressmen, was continued before District Commissioner Wheatley today.

Lieutenant Arnold was put on the stand in his own defense, and repeated in substance a conversation which he said took place at a meeting of police lieutenants on or about October 1st. Major Walker, the witness testified, at that meeting, referred with gratification to the

COMMISSIONER'S APPROVAL

of the police estimates and said that he would like to have the men who knew members of Congress go and explain to them the wants of the department and that if this were done he expected to get one hundred additional men needed by the service. "He then said," continued the witness, "that he thought it would be a good idea for the men doing duty south of the Avenue (the reference is to a disreputable part of the city known as "The Division") to note the habits of Congressmen and that he would use that matter when he came to go before Congress. One of the lieutenants—my impression is that it was Lieutenant Gessford—remarked, 'Major then you propose to blackmail these gentlemen to get your estimates through?' The Major's reply was, 'No, not that.'"

The witness then repeated a reference which he said was made by some one to a prominent Senator's visit to Colonial Beach, "an excursion resort about forty miles down the Potomac," and his wandering through a peach orchard looking for the "Seventh Street kyars" pronounced as the word car sometimes is by Southerners).

"There was not," continued the witness, "one word of

CAUTION OR REPRIMAND

in regard to anything that was said. When the word 'blackmail' was used, Captain Austin laughed. I spoke up and said that I had been informed or knew where a certain member—mentioning no name—could be found once or twice a week, and the Major said, 'Yes, and that house is on the corner of Fifteenth and D streets.'"

Witness further testified that when he and Lieut. Kelley left Major Walker's office, Kelley said to him: "Now, I suppose you are going to watch members of Congress." Witness replied; "I intend to do no such thing." To which Kelldy rejoined: "I assure you I shall not." Witness said he had spoken to Sergeant Diggins about the matter, but cautioned him to keep it secret, because it might create a scandal. Witness signed a letter exonerating Major Walker, and also denied reports with regard to the Major's order, and it had leaked out. This he did to avoid a scandal. At the conclusion of Lieut. Arnold's testimony, two or three other witnesses were examined. Then Major Walker was called to the stand and asked whether he had ever made any such suggestions as those to which Lieut. Arnold had testified. He replied: "None whatever." He was asked whether in view of Lieut. Arnold's testimony he still wished to stand by what he had himself said. He replied: "I certainly do, in every particular."

With that the hearing closed.

Criminal Conduct.

LOUISVILLE, 15.—The *Courier-Journal's* special says: The war in Perry county, Kentucky, between the French and Eversol factions, has broken out afresh. Almost every citizen of the county has taken sides with one or the other of these "mountain merchant princes," as they are called. Both factions seem to have come to the conclusion that there can be no settlement except by extermination. Both factions are armed and the first shot will bring about a general war. The feud between French and Eversol dates back several years. They are rivals in business and control the trade of several mountain counties. The report that both were killed some time ago was not true.

Boston, 15.—Edgar Lombard, of the firm of A. C. Lombard & Sons, one of the best known shipping firms in this part of the country,

COMMITTED SUICIDE

this forenoon while laboring under a fit of despondency caused by family troubles. At about 11:30 o'clock the odor of escaping gas was traced to Lombard's apartment, the door of which was locked. An entrance was effected through a transom, when it was discovered that the deceased had entered his bath room, and taking a rubber drop-light tube, had fastened one end over the gas burner, then putting the other end into his mouth lay down and inhaled the gas until he was asphyxiated.

Nashville, 15.—A special to the *American* from McKenzie, Tenn., says: Charles Dinwiddie, colored, was arrested here Saturday night charged with assaulting and robbing one Jennings, a white man. About 10 o'clock to-night 25 masked men rode into town, coming from the direction of Huntington, and proceeded directly to the caliboose, where a portion of the crowd instantly rushed into the caliboose with

DRAWN REVOLVERS,

overpowering the guard. They then riddled the body of the negro with pistol balls.

New York, 15.—Señor Vincent De Mestre, a member of the Spanish legation, who recently returned to this city from Rio de Janeiro, was arrested yesterday at the instance of Mlle Jeanie De Maynard, an opera singer who came here on the same steamer with him, on the charge of having robbed her of 11,000 francs, which she says he took to get changed for her into American money. In the police court to-day the hearing in the case was set for Saturday next. Captain De Mastre is a retired Admiral in the Spanish Navy. He has frequented New York for the past 18 years. About six months ago he went to Rio de Janeiro, where he was in close relations with Emperor Dom Pedro. He returned here to arrange a

COMMERCIAL TREATY

between the United States, Brazil and the Argentine Republic. He has in his possession letters from the United States Minister at Rio to President Cleveland, Secretary Bayard, Perry Belmont, and well known New York merchants. The accused says he first met Mlle. De Maynard at the hotel in Rio, where she was living as the mistress of a Count, who was a friend to the accused. On the steamer he paid attentions to Mlle. Maynard, and on arrival took to the house of a Mrs. Austin in this city. Mlle. Maynard was out of funds, and asked De Mestre to tell Mrs. Austin that he (De Mestre) had her money changing it for her. When the Admiral refused to do this, Mlle. Maynard called Mrs. Austin into the room and accused De Mestre of stealing her money. Then De Mestre left the house, and the next step was his arrest, for purposes, he says, of blackmail. Mlle. Maynard is about 25 years old, dark and handsome. She speaks no English. She had in court her four-year-old son Gabrielle.

The Cattle Men.

CHICAGO, 15.—A hundred gentlemen interested in stock diseases assembled in the Grand Pacific club rooms and began the second National Convention of Veterinarians, Members of the Live Stock Sanitary Commissions and State Boards and Editors of Live Stock Journals. The morning session was devoted to routine business. In the afternoon a very interesting paper on pleuro-pneumonia was read by Dr. Gadsden of Philadelphia. The points of the lecture were illustrated by the lungs of a steer dissected for that purpose.

At the annual meeting of the National Cattle Growers' Association, held at the Sherman House this afternoon, it was decided by a unanimous vote to unite with the National Cattle and Horse Growers' Association of America, in forming an organization to be known as the Consolidated Cattle Growers' Association of the United States. This action was taken in accordance with the recommendation of the conference committee appointed last November, looking towards merging the two rival associations. A joint meeting of the members of both the old associations is to be held at the Chicago Board of Trade, Tuesday morning the 16th, when a formal consolidation will take place. A general delegate convention of cattle growers, to be held under the auspices of this association, will occur at the same place Tuesday afternoon and Wednesday.

Civil Service.

NEW YORK, 15.—Thomas B. Harris, one of the employes of the Custom House, was examined recently with a view to promotion. Notwithstanding that his percentage was the highest, the promotion was given to another man, an "honorably discharged soldier" to whom it was claimed the law gives preference. Harris wrote to President Cleveland to know why he had been set aside by a man far below him in the civil service examination. The case was referred to Collector Magone who in turn referred it to the Civil Service Commission. Yesterday their decision was received. They are of the opinion that preferences are for admission to the classified service, and do not extend to promotion therein. They hold that in a competitive examination for promotion in civil service, those graded highest in the register should in all cases be first certified to the appointing officer.

Denver Failures.

DENVER, Col., 15.—Julius Perlinsky, a dealer in clothing and gents' furnishing goods, made an assignment this afternoon to Henry J. Metz; liabilities $42,000, assets $22,000. He owes Chicago houses $25,000, the remainder being distributed among Rochester, Albany, Buffalo, Philadelphia, Boston and San Francisco houses.

The dry goods and cloak houses of B. Well were taken possession of by the sheriff this afternoon upon a confessed judgment in the District Court in favor of the Colorado National Bank for $10,000. The stock is estimated to be worth $45,000.

New Ball Rules.

CHICAGO, 15.—The joint rules committees, consisting of representatives from the National and American Base Ball Leagues, met to-day. The captains of several of the leading base ball clubs were invited to attend and take part in the deliberations. The work of the meeting will be to arrange a new set of rules that will be agreeable to both organizations, and do away with the system now in vogue.

At the close of the day's sessions numerous changes had been decided upon. In the place of a stone at the home plate, a similar base in size but made of white rubber was recommended. The position of first and third bases was moved seven and a half inches, so that the bags would be inside the foul lines, thereby helping the umpire in deciding whether the hit fell in fair or foul ground. The new rules of the American Association concerning the position of coachers were favorably received. They require that a coacher shall not be nearer than 35 feet to the home plate, thereby preventing the coacher from running along the line from third base to the home plate to disconcert an opposing player. Action on the pitchers' rules, and the location of the pitcher's box was laid over until to-morrow.

The League rule concerning the position of the benches and hat-racks was incorporated in the rules of the American Association. It was unanimously agreed that in future all clubs playing under the National agreement shall use either the Spalding or the Reach ball. This was done to prevent the using of "dead" balls, soft balls, or lively balls by other associations in their exhibitions with the League or the Association clubs, and to make a standard ball. It was also required of the American Association that each ball must be weighed, measured and sealed with the name of the secretary upon the box containing the ball, the same as in vogue in the League. In the using of two balls the committee suggests that when the ball is batted out of sight of the players, another must be substituted, instead of waiting until the batted ball is returned. Whenever the ball is ripped or damaged, another one must be at once brought into play. The American Association was allowed to use the flat bat if it so desires, the same as the League.

The League field rules, with slight modifications, were also extended to the Association teams.

Address to the Workingmen.

NEW YORK, 15.—The Campaign Executive Committee of the Central Labor Union of this city, has just issued an address to "organize labor throughout the United States." After referring to the "great moral victory" achieved in securing 68,000 votes for Henry George for Mayor, and expressing the belief that a successful national movement may be organized, the address says: "This campaign has shown us that in spite of all differences and discussions, it is possible to unite the political power of labor upon a platform confined to fundamental principles. What we have done in New York has been accomplished in the face of greater obstacles than exist anywhere else throughout the country. We see that it is only necessary to improve our organization here to carry this city, and we believe that a general organization must result in the formation of a National party that will sweep the country. We call upon

ORGANIZED LABOR

throughout the country to form political assemblies in each locality upon those principles and having in view political action when time for it shall have come. It is proper that organized labor wherever it exists should take the initiative in this movement, but it is our opinion, confirmed by our recent experience, that the most effective organizations for political action are to be found outside the labor associations, though as far as possible animated and controlled by its members. In this way we may avoid any conflict with the rules and regulations that forbid political action on the part of associations primarily designed for industrial purposes, and may bring into our ranks a large class now outside of labor associations, but whose sympathies are thoroughly with us, and may secure that organization by election districts which is necessary to efficient political work. This is the course we have resolved to adopt in this city, and we commend a similar course to our brethren throughout the land.

It is not our desire to interfere in any way with

LABOR ORGANIZATIONS,

or to divert any energy from their extension, but we believe the time has come for the accomplishment of its purposes, labor must step into the political arena, and rallying all the forces that are upon its side, make an open fight for the assertion of those equal rights which the great charter of American liberty guarantees to us all, but which both the great political parties have heretofore ignored. The difficulties which everywhere confront us, in our efforts to raise wages and secure leisure, is the resistance of the impoverished masses, forced by their necessities to accept work on any terms.

Until we can lessen the intensity of that struggle for existence which makes so many men and women ready to do anything to provide the mere necessities of life, the work of our labor associations must be conducted under tremendous disadvantages. Men who cannot find employment are everywhere forced by those who oppose us, and they are utilized to resist our just demands. It is therefore necessary that we

SHOULD MAKE WAR

upon the great wrong which causes poverty, the primary injustice of which makes the land on which, and from which, we must all live, the exclusive property of individuals and gives to the rest of us but the right to live and work unless we pay blackmail for the privilege.

We therefore ask you every, where to form political associations based upon principles set forth in our platform and through the Central Committee which has been appointed for that purpose, to put yourself in communication with other similar associations throughout the land. The work which we ask you to undertake in its primary stages is mainly education. We wish to see formed all over the country open associations or clubs which by means of re-unions, lectures, the dissemination of literature, and the comparison of opinions, shall prepare the way for such a political re-union as will result in the formation of a National party, powerful enough to rewrite the laws and carry into execution the popular will.

By order of the Executive Committee.
(Signed,) JOHN MCMACKIN, Chairman.

FOREIGN.

THE WORKINGMEN WANT A HEARING.

Prince Nicholas' Candidacy.

Anxious to See Salisbury.

LONDON, 15.—The Council of the Social Democratic Federation will send a letter to the Marquis of Salisbury demanding of him that he as Prime Minister, receive a deputation of unemployed workingmen on next Sunday afternoon and hear from them a statement of the reasons for Government assistance. The letter will give as a reason for naming Sunday for receiving the deputation that it is the only day convenient for the persons who compose the deputation to wait formally upon the Prime Minister, because they are compelled to spend all their time on the other days of the week seeking work, and the document will caution the Premier from attempting to evade the deputation and asking him to refrain from following, this week, his custom of going into the country on Saturday.

Lord Salisbury, Prime Minister, Lord Iddesleigh, Foreign Secretary, and Count Von Hatzfelt, German Embassador, had a long conference to-day with reference to the candidature of Prince Nicholas of Mingrelia for the Bulgarian throne. It is reported that England, Austria and Germany object to Prince Nicholas.

HIS FIRST RIDE IN A SLEEPER.

AN OLD FRONTIERSMAN TELLS HOW HE RODE INTO BUFFALO GAP ON A SLEEPER.

"Sift a little bitters in that, Charles. Hold; that's enough. Yes, sir," he continued, after he had cleared the imaginary cobwebs from his throat; "the first ride I ever took on a sleeper was a novelty, and no mistake. It was into Buffalo Gap."

"Buffalo Gap," I repeated, "why, they did not run sleepers there six months ago."

"Well, they ran one in this time, and it was six years ago. I arrived at the Gap one evening and began to look for lodgings. I went to every boarding house in the town and couldn't get a bed. Every place was crowded. I didn't know what in thunder to do. Just as I had about made up my mind to walk the streets all night for a change, I met a man who told me that about a mile and a half up the road was a boarding house where I could probably secure lodgings. A mile and a half in a tough country was a long distance, but I decided to try it. I went however, and soon found myself deposited in a seven-by-nine room on the second floor. I was tired and slept soundly, but when I did wake up I thought we were encountering the left wing of an earthquake. The old house was on the move, and every joint in it cracked. Before I had time to think how frightened I was I heard a coarse voice yell out 'Whoa haw there: haw, I tell you!' When I heard that I tumbled to what the racket was. I stuck my head out the window, and sure enough the old shanty had been transferred to wheels, and was slowly entering Buffalo Gap. I thought I could stand that all right, so I went back to my bunk. When I got up for the day I found that the building had been deposited on what a week later was the principal street in the young town. It always struck me as a novel experience, because, as I said before, it was my first ride in a sleeper."

BEAR LAKE STAKE CONFERENCE.

Editor Deseret News:

Pursuant to appointment our conference was held at Paris, Nov. 6th and 7th. The meetings as usual were very crowded. The reports given by the Bishops of their respective wards were excellent and full, showing a continued growth of faith in the hearts of the Saints. Afton Ward, Star Valley, is added to this stake, with C. D. Cazier, Jas. Harmison and James Dinsdale as Bishop and Counselors.

Favorable reports were also given of the various quorums of the Priesthood, also Sunday schools, Y. M. M. I. A., etc. The statistical quarterly reports was read, showing an increase of 250 souls.

The general authorities of the Church and the Stake were sustained by unanimous vote.

The principle most largely dwelt upon was tithing. The instructions were timely, being seasoned richly by the Holy Spirit. A Priesthood meeting was held on Saturday night, with a very large attendance.

T. MINSON, Stake Clerk.

THAT GHASTLY FIND.

FURTHER DETAILS OF THE BODIES RECOVERED IN KANE CO.

Editor Deseret News:

A few days ago, a special was sent to your paper stating that the body of a man had been found on Buckskin Mountains. Coroner Judd and party went out, and had some difficulty in finding the spot, but when found to their surprise found a woman's hair, with hair pins, etc., in the same, lying on the ground. They proceeded to exhume the body of the man, which was partly in sight, and also found the body of a woman in the same rough grave, having been promiscuously thrown in therein. The man was about six feet high, with chin whiskers, and about 50 years of age; had his coat and vest off, and the woman was in her night clothing. It is believed that both were killed while in bed, with an axe, as both their skulls were broken. The bodies were brought in here, and buried at the expense of the county. Nothing was found to suggest who the parties might be, but from those who saw them in May last before they came onto the mountains, and say there was a white man and women and a negro with them then who appeard to be servant to the parties killed. The white man and woman and negro, came through here, but the elderly pair was not with them. Yours, etc.,
L. C. MARIGER.

Lodemia Yielded.

"Good-night, Lodemia. One more, please."

"Not another one, Marcellus. You've had ten already."

"Haven't had but nine, Lodemia."

"Well, nine's enough."

"No, it isn't. You thought I had had ten, and I'm entitled to ten.

"I believe you did have ten."

"Lodemia, I solemnly assure you I had only nine. Give me one more and I will go."

"For the Lord's sake, Lodemia," came in accents of entreaty from an upper story of the building adjoining, as the bald head of a lodger was thrust out into the pale moonlight, "let the young man have it if he'll only go. I want to get some sleep some time to-night!"

The bald head was drawn in. A few hurried whisperings, a muffled sound as of smashed potatoes striking against a brick wall, and all was still, save the monotonous rasping of a katydid and the shrill defiance of a distant rooster. *Chicago Tribune.*

Weak ankles made strong by the use of St. Jacobs Oil, the pain-banisher.

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Fair Lawn, Duck, Electric Fuse.
For sale at wholesale and retail by all the leading stores in the Territory, and at wholesale only by J. W. Sanders & Co., Agents, Salt Lake City.

WATSON BROS.,
Stonecutters and Builders
Tombstones, Monuments, Mantels, Iron Mantels, Grates and Hearth Stones.
1278 & 1280 SOUTH TEMPLE ST.
Opposite Assembly Hall.

HENRY WAGNER,
SALT LAKE CITY,
CALIFORNIA BREWERY.
LAGER BEER, ALE and PORTER,
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Second South Street, Three Doors East from Main Street.

GO TO
Beck's Hot Springs
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BATH IN THESE EXCELLENT MINERAL WATERS,
WHICH ARE HEALTHFUL AS WELL AS PLEASANT.
Do not get an idea that these waters are not as pleasant in the WARM as in the COLD weather. A trial will convince you that they will rest and do you good.
☞ Wagons leave the city every hour for the Springs.
REFRESHMENTS of all kinds for sale on the Grounds, and every accomodation to meet the public want.

REMOVAL!
We have removed our Coal Office from H. Dinwoodey's Furniture Store to
No. 40 MAIN STREET,
Nearly opposite Z. C. M. I.
WEBER COAL
From the Wasatch and Crismon Mines, and
PLEASANT VALLEY COAL,
From the Utah Central Ry. Co's Mine, constantly on hand.
We are prepared to furnish in any quantities at the yard at the Utah Central Railway Depot, or delivered to any part of the city, at regular rates.
☞ Telephone No. 286.
HOME COAL CO.
F. A. MITCHELL,
Secretary and Manager
11m

ESTABLISHED 1855. INCORPORATED 1888.
Godbe Pitts Drug Company.
DIRECTORS:
W. H. SHEARMAN, President. J. R. BARLOW, Secretary.
L. S. HILLS, Cashier Deseret National Bank, Treasurer.
DAVID JAMES, W. F. ANDERSON, M. D.
MANICURE SETS, ODOR CASES,
CUT GLASS BOTTLES,
HANDKERCHIEF & GLOVE BOXES,
TOILET SETS,
AND A GREAT VARIETY OF
HANDSOME AND USEFUL
HOLIDAY GOODS
Have just been Received from the East and West, and are now being opened for display by the GODBE PITTS DRUG CO., and are offered at
Lower Prices than ever known in this City
for the same class of goods.
☞ Our friends and the public generally are cordially invited to call and examine. It will be a pleasure to show goods whether you purchase or not.
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WOOD TANKS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS MADE TO ORDER.
STAIR BUILDING A SPECIALTY.
12th Block South U. C. R. R. Depot. J. LYNN, Supt.

1857. 1886.
H. DINWOODEY,
Wishes to call the attention of his friends and the public generally, to his exceptionally large and complete line of
FALL GOODS
Arriving Daily in Each Department.
FURNITURE!
An Immense Stock in all the Newest Styles, including FOLDING BEDS, for adults and children.
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ALL GRADES OF DECORATIVE AND PLAIN WALL PAPERS.
Linoleums! Linoleums!
THE BEST MADE.
OIL CLOTHS, RUGS and MATS,
IN NEW AND VERY DESIRABLE STYLES.
CURTAINS! CURTAINS!
IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES.
Upholstery and Drapery Materials,
WITH TRIMMINGS TO MATCH.
FEATHERS! FEATHERS!
PRIME LIVE GEESE FEATHERS AND DOWN.
BEDDING!
A Large Stock of Choice, Warm BLANKETS, Cheap. Also, Pillows, Pillow Slips and FEATHER BEDS.
MATTRESSES! MATTRESSES! BED LOUNGES! BED LOUNGES!
Including the BEST BED LOUNGE IN AMERICA.
Building and Roofing Paper.
HOME-MADE GOODS
A LARGE STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND
☞ *Call and examine my Goods before purchasing elsewhere. Every article will be sold CHEAP as the CHEAPEST, Wholesale and Retail.*
H. DINWOODEY,
37 to 43 First South Street W., S. L. City.
☞ CAREFUL ATTENTION GIVEN ORDERS BY MAIL.