

.....M. Moore, a circuit judge of South Carolina, has been convicted on impeachment trial, and dismissed from office. The impeachment of Judge Butler, of the Charleston circuit, is recommended.

.....Terrible storms in various parts of the East, causing considerable loss of life and great damage to property.

.....Counterfeiters arrested at Scranton, Philadelphia and Portland.

.....The foreign relations committee of the U. S. Senate have reported adversely on Dana's nomination as minister to England.

.....Two thousand municipal delegates have reached Madrid, to render homage to the King.

.....The British Government is becoming impatient over the imprisonment and ill-treatment of some of its subjects by the Peruvians.

.....For synopsis of interesting proceedings in the French Parliament see telegraphic columns.

.....Ex-Senator Stewart testified yesterday and to-day, in Washington, about his connection with the Emma mine.

.....A vigorous anti-Chinese movement has been commenced in San Francisco.

.....The Dutch government, in compliance with a request from Berlin, banished Bishop Faberborn.

.....Heavy snow storms in Europe, and great damage by a hurricane on the Mediterranean coast.

.....A hundred teams a day leaving Cheyenne for the Black Hills.

.....A bill was introduced in Congress, to-day, to prohibit contracts for servile labor.

.....Mr. Fair proposes to furnish the U. S. Government sixty million dollars in gold and silver, within eighteen months.

.....Fighting between miners and Indians commenced in the Black Hills—Killed Indians and one white man killed in a battle sixty miles north of Custer City.

.....U. S. Treasurer New wants to resign on the 1st of April.

.....Conroy, one of the Utah miners, who had turned States evidence, was shot dead yesterday. It is supposed by members of the gang to whom he formerly belonged.

.....A brig wrecked at Kittery Point, and all hands lost.

.....Steamship S. S. shipbuilders, new Edinburgh, Scotland, has failed; they employed 400 hands.

.....Three hundred and eight cases of goods from Britain, for the Continent, have reached Philadelphia.

.....Ward Cheney, President of the Silk Association of America, is dead.

.....Bills have been introduced into Congress to-day, by Pacific coast members, antagonistic to further establishment of Chinese in California.

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and the foremost country in the world.

That there is a lamentable lack of integrity and true honor in American public life of to-day is a fact so abundantly proved as to be beyond controversy, and it is no mitigation of the shamefulness of the fact, nor of the demoralizing influence of the same throughout American society, to urge that such things have transpired in other countries. It would be better to make clean the inside of the platter, to set up a higher standard of public excellence, to adopt the policy of choosing men for office who shall have the characteristic of fitness for the office, such fitness to comprise first integrity and next ability, party leanings and party services to be taken little if any into account. If this is done, there can be little hope of any material improvement in the complexion of American public life. If morality is desirable in public life, morality must be prized and cultivated.

By Telegraph.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

Last Night's Dispatches.

Terrible Storms.

MEXICO, 21.—Parties from Grenada, Miss., report the storm of Sunday night as grand and terrific. During the day it sleeted, and the night was covered with a heavy snow storm set in, accompanied by lightning and terrible thunder, making a scene never witnessed in that section. In portions of North Mississippi snow fell to the depth of a foot.

Conductors Arrested.

SCRANTON, Pa., 21.—This afternoon detectives arrested George J. Winans and W. H. Barr, on a charge of being engaged in the manufacture of plates for printing U. S. 5-20 bonds and bank and treasury notes. Simultaneously with these arrests the brother of the man Winans, at Philadelphia, and also a confederate named Winter, at Portland, were also arrested.

The Storm.

New York, 21.—Last night's storm was very severe in this vicinity, and numerous disasters to shipping, much damage to property, and considerable loss of life are reported. The storm in New England was very violent; fifteen inches of snow fell in New York, and in New Hampshire and Vermont. Trains were delayed in all directions. All along the New England coast the storm was most violent, and still continues. The damage to shipping is very great; the sound steamers are unable to leave their docks at Fall River and Newport. Reports from various points show that many vessels have been wrecked, and it is feared that lives were lost.

CANADA.

Heavy Snow Storm.

TORONTO, 21.—Reports from various points of Ontario and Quebec state that the heaviest snow fall of the season took place last night and to-day; in some places the roads are impassable.

THE NEWS.

A Very Necessary Anti-Chinese Movement.

SAN FRANCISCO, 21.—In view of the recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, that the State legislation regulating Chinese immigration is unconstitutional, the board of supervisors, last night, unanimously adopted a recommendation to the mayor to appoint a committee of five citizens who shall call a mass meeting for the expression of public sentiment, and choose a deputation to represent the matter to Congress in the most forcible manner. The last steamer from China brought over one thousand Chinese, and the entire storage capacity of both lines is engaged for the next six months for the importation of coolies, the action of the board of supervisors is general and favorable comment.

Broken Off.

The match between Foster and Springbok, at Sacramento, is off. Springbok's friends would not come to the fight, and he also reported that Foster will not start in the two-mile and repeat at the Bay district track, on Saturday next.

FOREIGN.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, 21.—The *Iskra* (the lightning) has been hanged at Margharita. An envoy of the Kashgar from Ameer Ja bin his way to Khokand.

GREAT BRITAIN.

About the Bishop of Faberborn—Storm and Marriage.

LONDON, 21.—The *Pall Mall Gazette's* Berlin special says the following details in the matter of Bishop Faberborn:—The bishop's unexpected departure from Holland was occasioned by a demand from the Prussian Government to the Dutch Government for either his extradition or expulsion; the demand was promptly acted upon, the Dutch Minister of Justice giving the necessary order at once to the State Prosecutor, who called upon the bishop, without stating any reasons, to quit the kingdom within a few days. The bishop, who has already formally declared that he intends continuing to conduct the administration of his diocese.

A heavy snow storm occurred in the south of England to-day.

A fearful hurricane occurred in Provence and along the coast of the Mediterranean; great damage has been done.

A Berlin special says now that it is stated that the charge of treason against the *Landwehr* (Army) was not finally adopted by the Department of State and the court which fulfills the functions of a grand jury, and that the public prosecutor still awaits the decision.

The *Black Star* says the armistice between Russia and Persia was concluded on condition that the fortress of Nisic should be re-occupied; the negotiations were conducted through the Prince of Monaco, who acted as a neutral party. The armistice is a fact, but the provisions relative to the re-occupation of Nisic are yet unconfirmed. English troops are investing Nisic. Mukhtar Pasha has started with troops to enforce the agreement for the re-occupation of Nisic.

In the House of Commons, to-day, Cameron moved for a committee to inquire into the prolonged imprisonment and ill-treatment of some of its subjects by the Peruvians, by the Peruvian Government.

Bourke, under foreign Secretary,

stated that the Government had telegraphed to Lima, that the remaining prisoners, viz, the captain and mate of the *Peruvian*, must be at once tried or England would demand their release. The allegations to the effect that the captain and mate of the *Peruvian* were forwarded to the English representative in Peru, and if he reported them correct the Government would consult its law officers as to the possibility of demanding compensation. Sir Henry James urged that the Peruvian Government should have full opportunity to try the prisoners, and that the time had now arrived to demand their release. He asked the Government to give the assurance that if the prisoners remained untried a demand for their release would be actively supported.

Ashley suggested that a subpoena be sent to Calico.

A Berlin dispatch says that the Prussian Government has requested the Bishop of Langbath to retire from his bishopric.

A Vienna dispatch says that Russia has declared her desire to withdraw her support from Serbia in the event of the latter's breaking the peace.

Ljubljana has arrived at Lenz, where he is to be interned.

The *Times'* correspondent at Rome telegraphs that there is little doubt that a ministry will be formed entirely from the left.

FRANCE.

Changes Among the Prefects.

PARIS, 21.—President MacMahon has signed the decrees making changes among the prefects; they will be published officially to-morrow.

Proceedings in Parliament.

VERSAILLES, 21.—The floor and galleries of the Senate chamber were crowded today by members and spectators anticipating an exciting scene on the presentation of the amnesty proposition. At the close of the sitting Victor Hugo read a motion proposing a general amnesty for all acts committed during the reign of the Commune. He made no speech. The considerable tumult among the members of the Right.

M. Paris, off by Right, shouted: "Do you propose an amnesty even for the murderers of hostages?"

Mr. Hugo did not reply.

Mr. Buffet proposed that the motion be declared urgent. He said that among those to whom the proposal applies are some who regret the excesses into which circumstances led them, and by their actions and regrets they have merited clemency, and the President will exercise the right to pardon in their favor, but for those who committed crimes and who, while remaining enemies of society, employ on the hustlers the most ingenious means for introducing into the country, and thus into the country, the Government, amnesty is impossible and the ministry will suppose its urgency was voted unanimously.

The President of the Senate announced the death of Mr. Maurice, senator from the department of the Nord, and the sitting was adjourned.

In the Chamber of Deputies M. Raspail read a motion for a general amnesty, similar to that offered by Victor Hugo in the Senate.

M. Marquis of the Left, proposed an amnesty for political and press offenses.

M. Rouvier, of the Left, introduced a motion similar to that of M. Marquis, but giving in detail categories of offenses to which the amnesty is to be applied.

The *Comptant* protested against M. Raspail's motion, and demanded the names of the deputies who signed it.

Paul de Cassagnac said: "We wish to know the members who compose the pantheon of assassins."

M. Ferin, of the Left, replied: "The assassins of the Left, who owe some indulgence to the assassin of the Commune."

M. Ricard, minister of the interior, proposed that the amnesty motion be declared urgent, but said that the government opposed all propositions for amnesty, if it intends to cause the decisions of the tribunals to be respected. It would be dishonoring the country to treat the criminals as victims of political discord.

M. Raspail, and Brisson, of the Left, opposed the motives for declaring urgency by the Right Government; they claimed urgency solely in the name of humanity.

Mr. Ricard asked if it would be human to raise false hopes in the minds of the relatives of prisoners? He said the President would recognize his duties to the country with the rights of humanity.

Urgency was finally voted unanimously.

The Chamber, before adjourning, adopted a resolution instituting an inquiry into the election of the *Compte de Ayeux*, formerly *Compte de Ayeux*.

M. Raspail, Jr., introduced a bill for depriving the Government of the right to nominate mayors and to remove them from office. The committee on the amnesty motions will be appointed to-morrow.

SPAIN.

Honors to the King.

MADRID, 21.—Two thousand delegates, from the municipalities of nearly all the provinces of Spain, have arrived here to present homage to King Alfonso.

EAST INDIES.

Goed to China.

SINGAPORE, 21.—The British flying squadron has sailed for China.

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, 22.—Rice, from the committee on invalid pensions, reported a bill providing that all pensions on account of death or wounds received, or wounds contracted, in the service of the U. S. since March 4th, '71, shall commence from the date of death or discharge, and for the payment of arrears of pensions, referred to a committee of the whole.

A possible petition of the Chamber of Commerce of Memphis, asking to have the signal service enlarged.

Hopkins offered a resolution calling for all correspondence on the subject of a change of officers in the Pitt house at Pittsburgh, and on the resignation of the governor of the port of Pittsburgh; adopted.

On motion of Atkins the Senate amended the bill providing for the deficiency in the appropriation for certain Indian tribes were non-conceded.

The House then took up a bill reported yesterday from the judiciary committee, prohibiting contributions to election funds by officers of the U. S. Government, the question being on the amendment offered by Atkins to extend the application of the bill to senators, representatives and delegates in Congress.

EASTERN.

Worcester Strike.

GREAT FALLS, N. H., 22.—A reduction of 12 1/2 cents in wages at the woolen mills took place yesterday; the reason left in a body.

Gen. to Washington—Letter by the Storm.

NEW YORK, 22.—General Schenck

left on the afternoon train yesterday, for Washington. Caleb P. Marsh followed on the evening train; Mrs. Marsh remains here, not having been summoned.

Eastern dispatches are filled with accounts of the rapid sale and report the loss of numerous vessels, with, it is feared, many lives.

The old Orchard House, in course of erection on Orchard beach, was blown down; loss heavy.

Manila.

A Washington dispatch says that a rumor is current that James G. Fair, who is here, has made a proposition to furnish the treasury with sixty million dollars in gold and silver, within eighteen months, to take up the deficit of the same; it is not known what rate of interest is desired, however, on the bonds. The proposition is under consideration.

Bill to Prohibit Servile Labor—referred.

WASHINGTON, 22.—In the House to-day, Lutz introduced a bill to prohibit contracts for servile labor; referred.

Wants to Resign.

Treasurer New says that although he desires to resign on the 1st of April, he has not yet spoken to the President on the subject.

Continuation of Stewart's Testimony.

Ex-Senator Stewart was again before the committee on foreign affairs to-day, in relation to the Emma mine. It appeared from his testimony that after the arrangement was made with Albert Grant for putting the stock in the market, it was agreed that Schenck should have some of it, he having said that he had money and would like to invest. He gave a circumstantial account of the appointment of the directors of the company, and remarked that it was not by acquiring the stock that Schenck became director. The salary was \$2,500, and General Schenck had time to attend to the business. He had no knowledge as to whether the General paid for the stock himself, but he supposed that Park arranged to contract for it; he could not, however, state in what way. The witness read from Lyon's testimony, and denied several statements contained therein.

Prospective Anti-Chinese Legislation.

The bill, introduced by Piper to-day, makes it mandatory upon the collectors of customs to execute last year's law respecting immigration, and upon receiving the affidavits of two citizens that such people are on board any vessel, as the act requires them to be excluded.

Page introduced a bill to grant the right of way for a wagon road from Alpine Camp to Yosemite.

Lutz introduced a bill to prohibit all contracts for servile labor, providing that it shall be felony to make or enforce them, and prescribing a penalty of the forfeiture of any vessel transporting coolies without consular certificates showing that their emigration was voluntary.

Another Suffer Examined.

Dr. Bradford was before the committee on expenditures in the War Department to-day, and gave a statement relating to his appointment as surgeon at Fort Ord, and as to the money he had given a lobbyist named Hawkins Taylor to procure it for him from the Secretary of War; the witness informed the Secretary he was paying Taylor as his agent.

A Tragic Shot.

ALBANY, N. Y., 22.—Conroy, one of the Utah masked burglars, who last night turned up evidence, was shot dead yesterday during a parley between the officer who had him in charge and a party of men who claimed him as belonging to the gang of burglars.

Sentence Commuted.

TRENTON, 22.—Patrick Ward, 30 years old, sentenced to be hanged on Friday next, for the murder of a man named Meyers, has secured a commutation of his sentence to imprisonment for life.

Fighting Commenced in the Black Hills.

FT. LARAMIE, 22.—News was brought in last night, by a party from Custer City, of a fight between miners and Indians on Dead Wood Creek, sixty miles north of Custer; the miners attacked the Indians and killed thirteen; one white man was killed. The Indians had been running off stock. More trouble is expected.

Shipwreck and Loss of Life.

BOSTON, 22.—By the wreck of a brig at Kittery Point, the captain and crew, with the exception of the first mate, were drowned.

Democratic Convention.

LANCASTER, Pa., 22.—The democratic State convention, called at Fulton Hall, H. B. Wright, chairman of the State central committee, opened the convention to order. The Hon. Wm. P. Feltus, of Fayette, was elected temporary chairman.

Dead.

SOUTH MANCHESTER, Conn., 22.—Ward Cheney, President of the Silk Association of America, died this morning.

British Goods for Exhibition.

PHILADELPHIA, 22.—The steamship *Ohio* arrived here last night, from Liverpool, with a cargo of goods for exhibition in the British section of the Exposition.

Republican Convention.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., 22.—A. B. Cornell, chairman of the State Central Committee, called the Republican State Convention, opened to-day, in Wieting Hall, Geo. F. Haskins was chosen temporary chairman, with the usual number of secretaries.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Edinburgh, 22.—John Scott & Sons, engineers and ship builders of Inverkeithing, near Fife, have failed; they employed about 400 operatives.

Bullion Deposited.

LONDON, 22.—The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day is £255,000.

MINING STOCKS.

San Francisco, Mar. 22, 1876.

Am. M.

Am. M.

Am. M.

Am. M.

Am. M.

Am. M.

Am. M.

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Am. M.

MORNING BOARD.

San Francisco, March 22, 1876.

440 Ohio, 68; 68 1/2; 69

1121 Mexican, 37 1/2; 38 1/2; 39; 40

600 G & C, 21 1/2; 22

600 B & C, 39 1/2; 40; 41

300 Cal., 51 1/2; 52 1/2; 53

845 Savage, 18 1/2; 19

875 Con. V., 88; 89; 90; 91

1200 Chollar, 120; 119; 118

80 H & N, 62

250 Point, 24 1/2; 25

6700 Jacket, 28 1/2; 29; 30; 31

3555 Imperial, 17 1/2; 18; 19; 20

16 1/2; 17; 18

1020 Empire, 37 1/2; 38; 39; 40

425 Kentucky, 19 1/2; 20; 21

850 Alpha, 51 1/2; 52; 53; 54

340 Belcher, 33 1/2; 34; 35

940 Confidence, 27 1/2; 28; 29