

DESERET EVENING NEWS

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SALT LAKE CITY, NOV. 8, 1907.

LOOKING FORWARD.

An earnest correspondent of Washington, D. C., speaking of the fact that the Veterans of the Civil War are rapidly passing beyond the veil, expresses in very strong terms his conviction that history will yet pronounce a verdict in favor of the South, and that there can be no forgiveness of the wrongs of the past. He illustrates his view by comparing the war upon the South to the assaults upon the Church. We respect the views and sentiments of our correspondent, but would, nevertheless, say that the battle between the North and South was settled in the only way in which it could be decided. It may be regretted that no peaceful means of settlement were found, and that appeal was made in brute force. This was unfortunate indeed. Still, the questions at issue were hard fought and for ever. Had the armies of the Prophet Joseph and other far-seeing statesmen been accepted, there would have been no war over the slave question, and it would have been settled cheaper than by the sword, and in an entirely humane manner, and with that issue satisfactorily decided. The question of states' rights would perhaps not have been eliminated in a crisis, but it would not have prevailed. It should prevail now. If it does, there will be no bitterness of feeling on account of past issues.

The comparison between the Civil war and the anti-Mormon conflict is hardly pertinent. The founders of the Church and their friends took their ground on the Constitution of the country and maintained that American citizens have a right to worship the Almighty according to the dictates of their conscience, and that their political rights could not lawfully be curtailed on account of their faith. This is the American principle they maintained, not against the government, but against the American people, but chiefly against the leaders of the mob. It was in the maintenance of that principle, without which American government would soon become a despotism, that Joseph the Prophet, and Hyrum, and Patriarch, gave their lives. It was in the maintenance of that glorious principle that the Latter-day Saints sacrificed their homes and came to Utah, where they redeemed the desert and helped expanding the domain of the United States.

No church in this country has suffered more from the cruelty of mob, the brutality of bigots, yet it has no grudge to nurse but is perfectly content to leave its case with the Supreme Judge of all the children of men. As members of the Church the Latter-day Saints are ready to do all in their power to spread the light of truth, as they have received it, to all the world. As citizens their only aim is to co-operate with all other good citizens in the furtherance of good, honest government, and the welfare of the communities in which they live. They are in a noble race, to win, and therefore, like the Apostles of old, they forget those things which are behind and reach forth unto those things that are still future, pressing onward toward the prize of their high calling.

THE VOTE.

It would be a mistake to suppose that the vote on Tuesday was an endorsement of the so-called "American" policy that prevailed two years ago. That policy was so severely rebuked that the manipulators were compelled to change tactics and standard banners before the election. It was this change that was ratified; not the policy of hatred and graft that was the general characteristic of the movement at its inception, and which is still manifest in the columns of the daily exponent of anti-Americanism. As far as the vote was cast for the so-called "American" ticket by intelligent thinking voters, it was cast in the hope that the election of the man of the ticket would mean the beginning of a honest business administration, and an era of good feelings among the people here, and a picture of truly American principles. If this fails, there will be disappointment among many who voted for Mr. Bradford, not because he was on the ticket of a party whose originators have assailed the government and breathed defiance against the Constitution of the country, but in spite of that fact. In other words, a number of voters gave their endorsement to the principles the new Mayor has declared, instead of those of the party origin.

When the real situation is considered, the savage ghosting of certain ring-leaders over the result appears altogether unfounded and premature. Their sole aim has been to deliver a "body blow" to the Church—to quote their words. They have consistently told their dupes that this could be done best by a political combination. Ministers have rejoiced that sentiment in the pulpit and elsewhere, though they are very conscious about not mixing religion and politics in anybody else's pulpit. All such champions of "Americanism" have yet to learn that the Church is superior to all their plots and machinations. Like the sun in the heavens, it rules on in its sublime course, no matter what the earth-dwellers may do or not do. Its light may be obscured, temporarily, by clouds, or even by smoke, but it is never extinguished. It is warming, life-giving, even through the mists.

The only real issue in this election was honesty and efficiency in office. The officials chosen will now have the task of putting up the miserable record of their predecessors and of extricating the City from the effects of debt due to poor management, and of a reign of lawlessness and vice, due to inefficiency or confidence on the part of metropolitan officials.

CONVENTION OF CITY FATHERS.

The second meeting of the State League of Municipalities will convene at Omaha, on Thursday and Friday, Nov. 21 and 22 next. To this gathering all city officials, and other citizens interested in civic affairs, and especially recently elected officials are invited. The program will be found elsewhere in this issue of the "News," and it will be noticed that some subjects of great importance will be discussed. Among these are "the influence of taxation on prosperity," and "sanitation," etc. We hope this gathering will be well attended, and that the entire state may derive benefit from the instructive addresses and discussions.

IN THE INTEREST OF EDUCATION.

The "News" has been requested to call attention to the announcement of the Brigham Young University of Provo, of a Winter Semester to begin on Monday, November 11, 1907. As we understand it, it is a modification of the regular year's curriculum whereby two semesters' work, the courses usually given during the first year, may be taken successively in two years by a course covering eighteen weeks during the winter in each. The branches offered are: theology, English, algebra, physiology, drawing, woodwork, bookbinding, domestic science, domestic art, dressmaking, agriculture, horticulture, stock-raising, stock-breeding, bookkeeping, commercial arithmetic, penmanship, typewriting, and such other test-year studies as may be found necessary. Students will also be given instruction in the Preparatory school.

This is a most admirable movement. As will be seen, it is especially designed to help young men and women who, on account of work on the farm, have not been able to start at the beginning of the school year, and who would be obliged to leave school as soon as spring work begins. As the regular courses are now planned in most high schools, these young people could really find no satisfactory place to begin. To enter in the middle of the fall semester would be to fall in getting credits, because of not having had the first half of the work. To begin at the opening of the second, or spring semester, is to fail in their credits again from not being able to complete the courses. Indeed, the attempt to get an education thus by piecemeal, while commendable enough, is likely in most cases to lead to discouragement. And yet these young people represent the very best element, the bone and sinew of our commonwealth.

DISEASE CARRIERS.

We remarked recently that typhoid fever is carried by houseflies, malaria by mosquitoes. The old idea that malaria is caused by breathing the miasma of swamps has been exploded. Not all mosquitoes carry malaria, and the kind common here is not known to do so. This kind, says Mr. Howard of the government department of entomology, is called Culex. It has clear wings, very short palpi—projections on each side of the head—and rests in a "hump-backed" position. The malarial mosquito is of the genus Anopheles. It has spotted wings, long palpi, and rests with head and back in the same plane as the body, which is itself at a great angle to the wall. Another kind of mosquito found in Cuba and elsewhere is the one known cause of the transfer of the dreaded yellow fever, its keeping the patients screened from the mosquito, the disease will not be transferred to healthy persons.

It is a curious fact that the African savages described by Captain Burton in 1854 were then reported by him to have the following "superstition" about the bites of certain insects: "Flies abound in the very jungles where oxen have been and settle in swarms upon the traveler. Before the mosquito his bite is painful, especially if that of the small green species, and there is a small red variety called 'piketas,' whose venom, according to the people causes them to vomit. The latter abounds in Galaya and the hill regions of the Berberia country. It is dangerous during the cold season. The mosquito bites bring on, according to the same authorities, deadly fevers. The superstition probably arises from the fact that mosquitoes and fevers become formidable about the same time."

In the transfer of malaria, the mosquito sucks in with the blood of a malarial patient the germs—one called anitoma in this case—that produce the disease. These minute germs develop in the body of the mosquito and are injected into the blood of the next person bitten by the mosquito. As far as known, this is the only method by which malaria and yellow fever can be transferred from one person to another. This fact was demonstrated in Cuba only a few years ago, and measures were adopted for the destruction of the yellow-fever mosquito. The result has been the practical cessation of that disease in Havana, and the belief is that the fruit states may similarly be freed from such ravages of yellow fever as they have suffered in the past.

STORAGE BATTERY IMPROVED.

For a number of years Edison has been working to perfect a storage battery which would be at once light enough in weight to be used to advantage in small vehicles, and at the same time have considerable power of endurance. Now, it is stated, this storage battery is ready for the public and if this is correct, we may see a

radical change in the street car systems. There is more than a possibility that a perfected storage system may replace the trolley just as the trolley replaced the cable car in the past. Automobiles may also be affected. When a vehicle can be equipped with electric storage and motors not greatly exceeding in weight the engine and tank of a gasoline machine and not requiring frequent recharging, the electric automobile will be practicable for touring and will command public favor.

Money doesn't talk these days. The banks have shut it up.

And now they call Paris famous Jordan the auto-mobile.

San Francisco's Morgan is no longer "Gene, my handle Gene."

If the mayor rises at the occasion, he will have to rise above his party.

Not patriotism but speculative banking is the last refuge of a scoundrel.

Circus men will find the same trouble in reducing his lines to "thinkers" that the smelters do.

Although heliose to a great fortune, Helen Maloney seems to be causing her family more trouble than she is worth.

Edward Payson Weston refuses to come in out of the wet. The other day he walked seventeen miles in a driving rain storm.

Those who say that too much prosperity has caused financial distress should read Lamb on "Enough at Good as a Feast."

Secretary Taft has decided (this time "definitely") it is inadvisable to return home by way of Vladivostok. Is the decision final?

The President will recommend to Congress that the tariff on paper be removed. Three cheers for the President and the power of the press!

Judge Wellborn has fined the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe \$300.00 for violating Judge Leander's recent still stands and seems in no danger of being raised.

"Now is the winter of our discontent," says the Utah on the Cheyenne River reservation. And well they may say it, for a winter campaign against them is about to begin.

George Fred Williams was really mild in his exultation over the defeat of Henry M. Whitney. He magnanimously refrained from reminding him that he was the founder of the Anarchist Club.

It is quite generally conceded that J. Pierpont Morgan saved the country from a great panic. And the country will show its appreciation by not letting him bring in his great art collection duty free.

Secretary Taft tells the Filipino Progress party that "the first lesson in self government that voters have to learn is to be good losers." The man who has won out always feels that he would have borne defeat philosophically.

Des Moines apartment house proprietors insert a clause in their lease that the cooking of onions and cabbage in the apartment shall work a forfeiture of the lease. The smell from cooking cabbage and onions is strong enough to work anything.

NORMAL CONDITIONS ARE RETURNING.

Omaha (Nebr.) Bee.
 Instead of the east sending money to the west to move the crops, the west is sending money to the east to move the stocks. Business is returning to normal conditions.

NO CAUSE FOR CONCERN.

Indianapolis Star.
 There is nothing in current financial events in New York City or elsewhere to cause alarm to the depositors in any bank that is in the condition prescribed by law and whose business is conducted on sound banking principles.

FLURRY IS OVER; KEEP COOL.

Boston Post.
 The so-called panic which has brought about a financial crisis in New York the past week is a speculative panic, not an industrial panic. But it has been checked by the declaration of the interests most closely concerned. A better financial basis has been assured. And it remains for individuals to keep a cool head and trust to the future.

PROSPERITY IS STILL WITH US.

Chicago Record-Herald.
 The real wealth of the country has not been reduced by any stock slump. The farmers have their crops to sell, and good prices are being realized for all our cereals and foodstuffs. The manufacturer has his markets, the employer continues to produce, the employee gets his good wages and maintains his high standard of living. The exchange of commodities and services goes on and will go on at the full rate of the last few years of prosperity, and the real conditions for the continuance of such prosperity are still with us.

REVENUE-EARNING CAPACITY STILL GOOD.

New York Herald.
 The American disposition is essentially a sanguine and enterprising one, and a people of that temperament are incapable of the morose process of hoarding money in secret hiding places. They would rather lose their capital in a futile effort to increase it than to keep it idle and unproductive in an old stocking. The unparalyzed activity prevailing in the industrial and commercial world is a guarantee that the revenue earning capacity of the great transmuting system is bound to increase with the improved facilities which have become indispensable for handling the traffic. Consequently no falling off in dividends is to be expected. Capital invested at present prices may count upon a return varying from 5 per cent to 8 per cent.

LET EACH DO HIS PART.

Philadelphia Inquirer.
 Conditions at bottom are entirely sound. The great prosperity, which the country has been enjoying for several years past, has not appreciably slackened, and it only remains for people to do the sensible thing and it will be a case of all well than ends well. The sensible thing is for everyone to go

about his business as though nothing had happened, in full confidence that our financial institutions rest on stable foundations and that the temporary wealth of the nation remains unimpaired, despite the largely temporary reduction of paper values.

JUST FOR FUN.

Incident of the Money Squeeze.

A stock broker who has been nagged to death the last few days by a nervous friend who owns about four shares of stock, got even when he was again called to the phone by the first friend.
 "What's the news?" asked the excited man.
 "Brooklyn bridge suspended," shouted the broker.
 "Suspended, what else?"
 "The subway is in a hole."
 "I've got 20 shares of Inter-Metals," yelled the nervous man. "What else?"
 "The Singer building has gone up," New York World.

A Cavity.

Cholly—The dentist told me I had a large cavity that needed filling.
 Ethel—Did he recommend any special course of study?—London Public Opinion.

A Police Order.

A fine Holstein cow that had escaped from her owner's lot was recently roaming the streets of Nashville when she was roped in by the pound officer. This official action evoked a moving appeal from the owner, who addressed the chief of police in this wise:
 "Chief Blank:
 "Dear Friend—Your pound man has landed my cow into court this morning for prowling. As it was her first offense, please have her let off with as slight a fine as possible. Yours ———"

Across the face of this letter the chief scribbled the following instruction to the pound man:
 "Release the cow on her own recognizances."—Harper's Weekly.

"It is a pity that there are so many people who tell falsehoods."
 "Yes," answered Miss Cayenne, "but think how much worse it would be if we had to accept all the gossip we hear as positively true."—Washington Star.

She—I always think of nothing as the poetry of motion.
 He—Yes, until the machine breaks down. Then it becomes blank verse.—London Opinion.

"Did your case go by default, Sam?"
 "Yassar. De fault of de jury, yassar."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.

GEORGE D. FETTER, Manager.

Tonight and Tomorrow Night

Henry B. Harris presents

The Lion and the Mouse

By Charles Klein.

Prices, 50c to \$1.50.

Next Attraction, Monday Tuesday and Wednesday and matinee.

RALPH STUART in "Strongheart."

Prices, 50c to \$1.50; matinee, 25c to 50c. Sale to day.

Opheum THEATRE

ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE.

All This Week.

5-Vassar Girls—

Mr. and Mrs. Jimmie Barry

Chinko

Minnie Kaufmann

Klondike

Opheum Orchestra.

Every Evening (except Sunday).

Box, 50c, 25c, 10c, 5c, 2c, 1c.

Matinee, Daily (except Sunday and Monday).

Box, 50c, 25c, 10c, 5c, 2c, 1c.

GRAND THEATRE

Direction Polton & Smutzer.

A. M. Cox, Manager.

TONIGHT.

Matinee Saturday.

The Ever Successful Drama.

Lost in New York.

Known from Coast to Coast.

Usual Pleading Popular Prices.

Next Attraction—A Desperate Chance.

LYRIC THEATRE

Direction Sullivan & Considine.

Bert C. Donnellan, Mgr. and Treas.

ALL THIS WEEK.

"COMBINED ATTRACTIONS."

Stock Co. presents The Great Laughing Success.

"OH, WHAT A NIGHT!"

In conjunction With Greater Vaudeville offerings.

Box, 2 Shows, 7:30 and 9:15.

AUDITORIUM

RICHARDS ST. ROLLER RINK.

We have arranged to have twenty minutes' moving pictures each evening. A change of program nights.

You will never see the same show twice at the Auditorium. Prices will remain the same. Evening admission 15c.

Where the bright lights shine, The Auditorium, Richards street.

NIGHT SCHOOL

THE L. D. S. BUSINESS COLLEGE

Offers practical training in Business, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy, Bookkeeping, Reading and Spelling. Applicants must register on Monday, Wednesday or Thursday evening between 7 and 9.

Tomorrow a Day of Bargains at Z. C. M. I.

Entire line of Figured Novelty Dress Goods and Wool Plaids will be sold at **ONE-FOURTH LESS THAN THE REGULAR PRICE.** Stylish fabrics that comprehend the latest fall patterns and sell regularly from 65c to \$3.00 a yard. **25% Off** Tomorrow

Saturday Specials in the Millinery Department.

Wings, Fancy Feathers, Aigrettes, Pompoms, all stylish and popular effects, will be sold Tomorrow only, **20% Off** at

Entire line of Beautiful Pattern Hats, very stylish and dressy, will be sold Saturday only **One-Third Off** at

RIBBONS. BELTS.

Plain Taffetas, Satin Taffetas, Failletines, Plaids, Dresses, an excellent assortment of widths and colorings, up to 5 1-2 inches wide. Some of them 45c values. **25c** Tomorrow, a yard.

A splendid line of Women's Leather Belts, in tans, browns and blacks, with handsome gilt buckles. Each one a splendid 50c value. Tomorrow will sell **25c** for

Special Values in Kid Gloves.

Waldorf Pique Street Gloves in all colors and sizes, good **\$1.25** \$1.75 values, tomorrow

Women's Auto Pique Gloves. Very swell. Black and brown. **\$1.75** Per pair

Z. C. M. I. WHERE YOU GET THE BEST **Z. C. M. I.**
 OUR DRUG STORE IS AT 112-114 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

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is the name of a new line of very superior candy we have for sale.

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An Especially Attractive Suit Special

IF LOWER PRICES mean anything to you, our store will be your trading place. We quote prices in all departments that challenge comparison:

Winter Knit Wear

LADIES' UNDERWEAR
 Two-piece Suits or Unions, 25c apiece
 Knit Skirts 50c up

MEN'S UNDERWEAR
 Heavy or medium \$1.25 up

BOYS' UNDERWEAR
 Two-piece Suits 30c up
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\$25.00
 Usually sold at much higher prices at all stores.

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AN OPPORTUNITY SELDOM MET.

To purchase a nice modern brick home in the north-eastern part of the city, close in, for \$3,600. Part cash and time on balance. Five rooms, cement walks and large lot.

If you want this bargain see our Real Estate Dept. today.

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