

[Special to the Deseret Evening News.]

By Telegraph.

GENERAL.

San Francisco, 9.—The Board of Supervisors have made an appropriation for the proper observance of the Fourth of July; there was a meeting of citizens last night, at which a committee of 200 was appointed to make arrangements for the celebration.

The returns from eight counties in Washington Territory, give Garfield, Republican, 421 majority, indicating his election to Congress by 500 majority.

Arizona advices to May 22d, say it was rumored that Berry Dodson and party, who started from Prescott for the Eastern States, via New Mexico, had been murdered by Indians. A large immigration was expected; news from Lynx Creek gold mines was encouraging. The Indians were numerous in the vicinity of Prescott, and continued their depredations. An expedition under Col. Green attacked a party of Indians near Tucson, killed 30 and captured eight.

Gen. Halleck, last night, was the recipient of a handsome gold badge from the veterans of the Mexican war. Halleck and staff departed overland, to-day, for Louisville, his future headquarters, as commander of the division of the South.

Legal tenders seventy-three and a half.

New York.—The orders assigning Captain Baldwin to duty in connection with the registration in Virginia have been revoked; he is ordered to duty as an Indian agent.

During the absence of the President, Private Secretary Porter will remain on duty in charge of the Executive Office.

Chicago.—The new Peruvian Minister was presented to President Grant to-day; the customary speeches were made.

Secretary Boutwell has issued an order forbidding Treasury employees giving information to claim agents.

The National Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance was received by the President at the Executive Mansion at half-past one o'clock. Robert M. Foust, Most Worthy Patriarch of Pennsylvania, made a congratulatory speech, followed by Dr. Lees, of England. The attempts to coax the President into making a speech failed.

Albany.—The Typographical Union, to-day, reconsidered the vote excluding proxy representatives; after a long debate a resolution was adopted declaring that these proxy delegates should be admitted as a courtesy not as a right. Henceforth proxies not actually elected by the Unions they represent should not be admitted.

Philadelphia.—The newly organized society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals commenced operations to-day by arresting some city car drivers for over-loading their cars.

New York.—The Hon. Robert C. Schenck sailed for Europe in the *Java*.

Col. Kelly, who was rescued at Manchester, England, by Larkin, Gould and O'Brien has been appointed Superintendent of sub-post-offices for this city.

Judge Blatchford has granted a motion to bind the *Quaker City*, and appointed appraisers to make a valuation. The *Express* learns from a reliable source that the Central Committee of the Cuban Junta is in treaty with the owner for the charter of a fast screw steamer of 700 tons to convey 300 men and a large supply of arms to Cuba.

The Hotel waiters' strike has ended in a victory for the hotel proprietors, not twenty of the strikers have been taken back.

Boston.—The prohibiting liquor bill, except the cider clause, passed the House to-day, by a majority of 152 to 67.

President Grant will attend the opening ceremonies of the Peace Jubilee; by request of the City Government, Claflin has ordered a military escort for the occasion.

Springfield, Mass.—The Executive Committee of the Second Advent Society has decided to hold its next annual camp meeting on grounds near this city on August 28th.

St. Louis.—A dispatch from Ellsworth, Kansas, says Captain Whitney from Saline River, says the Indians have disappeared from the settlements and the settlers are in better spirits since the arrival of the scouts. No Indians have been seen in this vicinity to-day, though a number of bands were reported going south yesterday. A large number of settlers from Elkhorn and other places came in to-day for arms but could not get any from the

Government or State authorities. The passenger traffic at the end of the road is almost double what it was before the Indian excitement, that having apparently given spice to travel. Governor Harvey has applied for three regiments of cavalry to serve one year against the Indians.

St. Paul.—A dispatch says, forty-four millions of feet of logs have passed Sauk Rapids this year and there are about twelve million feet yet to come. About a dozen carts, the advance guard of the annual Red River fur train, passed through St. Cloud on Monday. The main train will be along in a few days.

Memphis and Arkansas papers give encouraging accounts of the crops of those States, despite the unfavorable start in the beginning of the season.

Judge Caldwell, of the United States District Court, in session at Vanburen, has ruled that the Indians and residents in the Indian country can be taken as bail in criminal cases, in the District Court as security on bonds.

Augusta, Ga.—A letter from Andersonville, Washington county, to the *Chronicle* states, that Col. R. W. Florence, a Democratic representative in the Legislature, was murdered in his own field, yesterday, by a negro man in his employ; the negro was committed to jail.

Montgomery.—The Democratic Convention at Troy, yesterday, nominated A. N. Worthy, of Pike County, for Congress, from the second district, his disabilities having been removed by act of Congress.

The Republicans met in the city yesterday, and nominated C. W. Buckley, as their candidate.

The Republican Convention to nominate for the third district, met at Opelike, yesterday; there is a wide split in the Convention. A special dispatch says, that up to four o'clock this afternoon no organization had been effected, and that a break was imminent. The fight is against Norris, the late incumbent.

This afternoon Col. Manuel Freyer was introduced to the President by the Secretary of State; he delivered his credentials as envoy.

The steamer *Bremen* from Europe arrived with three sailors from the steamer *Henry Chauncey* arrested to-day for robbing a passenger of \$1,250 in gold.

Washington.—Several of the most prominent clerks connected with the Secretary's office in the Treasury Department were removed this morning.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue rules that parties engaged in packing pork in a bulk, putting it up in the barrels or rendering lard for sale, should be required to pay a special tax as manufacturers and return their sales in excess of \$1250; the tax to be two per cent. on such excess.

Indianapolis.—In the Woman's Rights Convention to-day, after considerable debate, resolutions were adopted that whereas the possession of any God-given faculty pre-supposes the right to use it, and whereas men and women were created equal in mental and moral powers, their right to use these powers is equal, and legal restrictions are unnecessary and wrong, and that one class cannot properly represent the interests of another, therefore to secure justice to all, all must have a voice in making and enforcing the laws. Wherever woman has had the opportunity she has shown herself man's equal, with her refining influence superadded; resolved that we will in all honorable ways labor to remove the legal disabilities that now trammel woman's efforts, and we are proud of all representatives in Congress who favor the 15th Amendment, feeling that woman is quite as competent as negroes to judiciously exercise the elective franchise.

Washington.—Alex. H. Stephens, of Georgia, has written a letter to one of the Washington papers to-day, in reply to some criticisms on his history of the rebellion. He takes a very gloomy view of the situation and argues we are drifting to the consolidation of an empire; nothing he says can prevent the final establishment of imperialism, but a determined effort on the part of the people to preserve free institutions. The remedy, he says, is not in secession, that was tried and found insufficient, it must be at the ballot box; he calls upon the people in the several States to seriously consider whether they will maintain free institutions, or accept imperialism.

Albany, 10.—The banquet of the National Typographical Union last night was a fine affair; three hundred persons present. President Freeckleton welcomed the guests. Letters were received from prominent editors throughout the country. Speeches were made in re-

sponse to the toasts by Messrs. Pint, of Chicago; J. D. George, of Nashville; J. D. Hayden, of St. Louis; Myron H. Roaker, of Albany, and others.

Cincinnati, O.—Yesterday evening, at 5 o'clock, there was a fierce tornado at Miambsburg, Montgomery county, one bridge over the Great Miami was demolished, another partially unroofed, fences and chimneys were blown down and a house unroofed. The depot rocked so violently that it stopped the clock. The path of the tornado was narrow, and did not touch elsewhere in the vicinity.

The son of John Cupp, of Dayton, aged about 13, was instantly killed yesterday in that town by a stone thrown from a sling in the hands of another boy.

Washington.—Delegate McCormie, from Arizona, to-day laid before Gen. Sherman and Secretary Rawlins a full statement of the recent Indian outrages in Arizona, and the great losses supposed to have been sustained by citizens. He made a fresh appeal for more troops. The matter has been referred to General Thomas, commanding the Pacific department. Gen. Sherman has favorably endorsed the memorial to the Legislature of Arizona, requesting that arms and rations be issued to the citizens where they can effectively co-operate with the troops against hostile Indians.

Washington.—President Grant and family, accompanied by Consul Cramer and wife, left Washington to-night for New York.

It is reported that Minister Roberts has telegraphed from Washington to the authorities at Havana, warning them of their precarious condition.

Trenton, N. J.—The celebrated Harrison and Vreeland case, which originated in a suit brought before the Hudson Circuit court last January by Mrs. Harrison a widow of forty-five against Geo. Vreeland, a wealthy lover of \$3 for breach of promise is now being argued in the Supreme Court on motion of the defendant for a new trial.

New York.—The large stove manufactory of Munsel & Co., Elizabeth, N. J., fell in yesterday carrying all the stove and material in the building into the basement, destroying a considerable amount of property; fortunately none of the employees, numbering some hundreds, were in the building when the accident occurred.

A. L. Steadman a wealthy gentleman stopping at the Brevoort house with Sir J. Barrington, ex-mayor of London, disappeared suddenly; it is feared he has been foully dealt with.

Concord, N. H.—The report of the railroad commissioners was sent to the Legislature yesterday; it shows that the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railroad since it was leased by the Grand Trunk railroad has been in a shocking condition, unfit for freight transportation, and unsafe for passenger travel. They recommend some action by the Legislature to force the lessees to place it in proper order.

Chicago.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says Secretary Boutwell has nearly completed the organization of that branch of the service which pertains to the prevention of smuggling. The whole country is divided into seventeen districts; each district has one chief agent, with two, three or four assistants, as is required; the chiefs being technically called Custom Agents. These officials take the place of what were formerly called special treasury agents.

A paragraph is going the rounds of the papers to the effect that the Secretary has created a new office without authority of law, and has saddled upon the country an unwarranted expense of several thousand dollars annually. This statement is entirely incorrect. These agents had roving commissions and all reported directly to the Treasury and did about what they pleased; Secretary Boutwell has merely systematized the business and assigned the agents to districts, made subordinates responsible to chiefs and reduced the force at least one-third.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue will soon announce a list of Supervisors. The law provides he shall have but twenty-five; all the places were filled by his predecessor. Massachusetts formerly constituted one district, while Connecticut and Rhode Island constituted another. These three states have been consolidated into one district, in order that a new district might be made of Mississippi and Alabama. Some changes will be made in the boundaries of three or four western and southern districts. Ohio and Illinois each remains a district as now. It has not yet been decided who will be the supervisors of the southern and New England districts. The Secretary of the Treas-

ury will probably have something to say about the matter.

General Canby, has issued an order appointing thirty military commissioners for the State of Virginia; they are vested with the powers of justices of peace and police magistrates and are to be governed by the laws of the State, except where they conflict with the army orders or the laws of the United States. Their powers are not to extend to the inhabitants in their ordinary personal relations, but are conferred to the end that all persons may be protected in their rights of person and property, and their power will be exercised only when the civil authorities fail to give this protection. The order of Gen. Canby is approved of by the President. The negroes here are still in such a state of excitement that the usual congratulatory meeting after the election is further postponed. The great majority are as well behaved as ever but some of the worthless sort seem bent on saturn-lawlessness. A gang of these who were prowling around last night were captured by the police to-day and were sent to jail by a colored police justice.

Chicago.—The National Christian Anti-Secret Society Convention is still in session. The speeches of yesterday were characterized by a still more vehement demonstration against secret societies, especially against Masonry. Senator Pomeroy addressed the meeting in the evening and intimated that Robinson was acquitted of the murder of McConnell because he was a Mason.

The Hon. W. H. Seward arrived at Chicago last night; he intends going to San Francisco, thence to Sitka.

Dispatches from Central Illinois say the later rains have destroyed the last hope of the corn crop. It rained all day yesterday; to-day it is pleasant. The opinion expressed is that it is not too late to re-plant.

Iowa.—The Republican convention meets at Des Moines to-day. Governor Merrill will undoubtedly be renominated for Governor; there are several aspirants for Lieut. Governor.

Chicago.—The *Times* special says Forney's *Chronicle* denies the report that the Pennsylvania Republicans intend to make the Alabama question or the annexation of Canada a party issue. He says it knows no Republican politicians who intend making such an issue.

The national division of the Sons of Temperance passed resolutions, asking Congress to pass a prohibitory law for the district of Columbia and to impose a heavy penalty for its violation.

The Treasury Department has received several applications from national banks for the withdrawal of their bonds on file as securities for government deposits; they say they derive no benefits, as depositors prefer using the bonds now locked in the Treasury.

Washington, D. C.—A train from this city, last night, comprising ten cars, including the President's car, met with an accident. When near Annapolis Junction, it collided with a cow, throwing the baggage and two passenger cars off the track, and overturning them; a man named Wiold, of Atlanta, Georgia, was dangerously wounded and seven others severely injured.

Philadelphia.—John W. Moriarty, President of the Irish Republican Association, of Pennsylvania, has issued an address, calling on all Irishmen in the State, who favor universal suffrage and the protection of American industry and the liberation of Ireland, to meet in each Congressional district and elect one delegate and one alternative to attend the Irish Republican Convention in Chicago on the Fourth of July, to address the States on the position taken by Sumner, which he says deserves the support of all true Irishmen.

Summit of the Sierra Nevadas, one hundred and five miles from Sacramento. Simonton says that the Pullman palace train arrived here at 1:30 this afternoon, having run from Promontory Point, over the Central Pacific, at a speed of from thirty-five to fifty miles hourly on the levels, and twenty-five to thirty-five on the ascending grades. The road, generally, is in good condition, and thousands of workingmen are daily improving it by leveling up the track where it is slightly settled by heavy rains. There is no reasonable ground for the eastern stories of danger from any source on the entire line across the continent. The fifty miles of really rough road on the Union Pacific, west of Wasatch, is rapidly being perfected, and in the meantime it is running slowly and cautiously. A month hence the distance between New York and San Francisco will be made in six days.

Baltimore, 10.—The following account of the accident to the train containing