

# DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. IV.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 27, 1871.

NO. 186.

Pioneer Paper of the Rocky Mountain Region.

THE EVENING NEWS.

*Published every evening except Saturday.*

ONE DOLLAR, ONE YEAR.

50 CENTS, SIX MONTHS.

30 CENTS, THREE MONTHS.

THE DESERET NEWS:

SEMI-WEEKLY.

*Published every Tuesday and Saturday.*

TEN DOLLARS FOR THE SENATE WEEKLY:

ONE COPY, ONE YEAR.

50 CENTS, SIX MONTHS.

30 CENTS, THREE MONTHS.

DESERET NEWS: WEEKLY.

*Published every Wednesday.*

FORMS FOR THE WEEKLY:

ONE COPY, ONE YEAR.

50 CENTS, SIX MONTHS.

30 CENTS, THREE MONTHS.

FRANCE.

COMMUNIST ORGANIZATION STILL KEPT UP.

COMMUNIST WORKERS WILL NOT VOTE.

ANOTHER LEADING COMMUNIST ARRESTED.

VERSAILLES, 26.—Thiers is slightly indisposed.

Foreign declines to stand for the Assembly from the department of the Loire.

The government has received favorable accounts as to the prospects of its supporters in the elections.

The Communists of Paris are quiet, but the organization is still kept up.

The *Figaro* says: Fearing detection, the Communist workers appear decided to refrain from voting.

The *Official Journal* contains several decrees in relation to the loan and the war indemnity.

The *Paris Figaro* says the Orleans prince will proceed to Troisfontaines, where they will await the decision of the country in silence.

The *Constitution* urges the electors to ratify the policy of Thiers, without conditions or amendment.

Virtel, a late member of the Communist Central committee, is arrested.

SPAIN.

MADRID, 25.—The majority of the Cortes will hold a meeting on Monday for the purpose of considering the King's refusal to accept the resignation of the Cabinet.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A thousand workmen turned out of employment—A June snow-storm.

LONDON, 26.—A thousand workmen have been turned out of employment by the burning of the Manchester cotton mill.

There was quite a snow-storm in Shields this morning.

Social instincts of Animals.

Some recent contributions to animal physiology, which are both new and interesting, have been made by Mr. Francis Galton, on the half-wild cattle of western South Africa, which he thus describes: "The oxen of which I speak had belonged to the Damara, and none of the necessity of their having been ever broken to harness. They were watched from a distance during the day, as they roamed about over the country, and at night they were driven with cries to inclosures, into which they rushed much like a body of terrified wild-animals driven by hunters into a trap. Their scared temper was such as to make them impudent, and they would break through any means laid before them by other means than by driving the whole herd into a clump and lassoing the leg of the animal it was desired to seize."

Yet these wild creatures are available for service, and Mr. Galton had nearly a hundred of them broken for the wagon, for packs, and for the saddle. He had an extensive experience with the beasts, and begot the monotony of days by observing their peculiar habits, especially the working of their great and self-reliant instinct. He represents the animals as being stoical and sociably unamiable, even spiteful toward each other. "Yet, although the ox has so little affection for or individual interest in his fellows, he cannot endure even a moment's severance from his herd. If he be separated by strategem or force, he shows a strong sign of mortal anxiety. He strives with his might to get back again, and when he succeeds he plunges into the middle, as if to bathe his whole body with the comfort of the closest companionship." This terror at being separated, evincing a total want of self-reliance, had its practical inconvenience, as "the traveler finds great difficulty in procuring oxen for his team, ordinary cattle being totally unfit by nature to move in a team, and the drivers are compelled to use a yoke of two oxen." A good fore-oar is an animal of exceptional disposition; he is in reality a born leader of oxen. Men who break in wild cattle for harness watch audiously for those who show a self-reliant nature by grazing apart or ahead of the rest."

NEW YORK.

A session work—a bad state of affairs.

New York, 26.—Fort Richmond, near the Light House at the entrance to the narrows, which has been under construction for the last fifteen years, at a cost of near two millions, and is nearly completed, will it is said, be condemned by the board of examiners as utterly useless, except as quarters for soldiers.

The guns will be dismounted and placed on earthworks above the fort, where no batteries are being built.

Accounts received from Venezuela represent the state of affairs as deplorable. Society is disorganized in most parts of the country, commerce destroyed, business of all kinds is exceedingly dull, and the political state of the country is anything but quiet. There is no communication between the seaports and the interior. Private correspondence is often violated, and the interests of the United States are said to suffer from the absence of a representative.

ILLINOIS.

The crops.

CHICAGO, 26.—Dispatches received at the Western Associated Press Office in this city, from Eastern and Northern Iowa, Eastern and Southern Wisconsin, Northern and Western Indiana, and from all parts of Illinois, state that the crop promises to be among the best known for years. The wheat is injured somewhat in some sections by rust, but generally the crop is much above the average in Minnesota.

PACIFIC COAST DISPATCHES.

SAN FRANCISCO, 26.—The weather is cool and moderately warm.

Henry Ewell was examined to-day and held to answer for an attempt to burn the Prescott house, corner of Pacific and Kearney streets a week since.

Seventy six men from New York, all in a similar condition, arrived from Magdalene Bay by the steamer to-day, and are now in front of the city hall, waiting to interview Mayor Salby. They are greatly incensed against the Lower California colonizing company, through the outrage and misrepresentations of whose agents they were induced to go to the steamer and God-forsaken country. They say that before there were allowed to leave, they were compelled to sign an agreement to relieve the California company from all liability for damages. Some are sick, others barefooted, and all are in rags, a badly demoralized condition. They say that had not the Mexican authorities at the Far given them rations, they would all have starved.

Mr. Bartow, who shot himself in the stomach with his pistol last night from the unknown cause, and Walker, who

was shot by Thomas Warren at the

christening party on Clementine street yesterday afternoon, are both still living, though in a hopeless condition.

Private dispatches from Sutter creek this morning say all is quiet there, with no demonstrations on the part of the troops, and are anxious to see them remain until the danger of further complications is over. The miners are busy pumping out. A report in San Francisco that the troops had been fired on is not credited.

The German Benevolent Society has taken charge of seven destitute Magdalene Bay colonists, and other national organizations will assist the others. The San Francisco Benevolent Society is helping the most needy.

FOREIGN NEWS.

FRANCE.

COMMUNIST ORGANIZATION STILL KEPT UP.

COMMUNIST WORKERS WILL NOT VOTE.

ANOTHER LEADING COMMUNIST ARRESTED.

VERSAILLES, 26.—Thiers is slightly indisposed.

Foreign declines to stand for the Assembly from the department of the Loire.

The government has received favorable accounts as to the prospects of its supporters in the elections.

The Communists of Paris are quiet, but the organization is still kept up.

The *Figaro* says: Fearing detection, the Communist workers appear decided to refrain from voting.

The *Official Journal* contains several decrees in relation to the loan and the war indemnity.

The *Paris Figaro* says the Orleans prince will proceed to Troisfontaines, where they will await the decision of the country in silence.

The *Constitution* urges the electors to ratify the policy of Thiers, without conditions or amendment.

Virtel, a late member of the Communist Central committee, is arrested.

SPAIN.

MADRID, 25.—The majority of the Cortes will hold a meeting on Monday for the purpose of considering the King's refusal to accept the resignation of the Cabinet.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A thousand workmen turned out of employment—A June snow-storm.

LONDON, 26.—A thousand workmen have been turned out of employment by the burning of the Manchester cotton mill.

There was quite a snow-storm in Shields this morning.

Social instincts of Animals.

Some recent contributions to animal physiology, which are both new and interesting, have been made by Mr. Francis Galton, on the half-wild cattle of western South Africa, which he thus describes: "The oxen of which I speak had belonged to the Damara, and none of the necessity of their having been ever broken to harness. They were watched from a distance during the day, as they roamed about over the country, and at night they were driven with cries to inclosures, into which they rushed much like a body of terrified wild-animals driven by hunters into a trap. Their scared temper was such as to make them impudent, and they would break through any means laid before them by other means than by driving the whole herd into a clump and lassoing the leg of the animal it was desired to seize."

Yet these wild creatures are available for service, and Mr. Galton had nearly a hundred of them broken for the wagon, for packs, and for the saddle. He had an extensive experience with the beasts, and begot the monotony of days by observing their great and self-reliant instinct. He represents the animals as being stoical and sociably unamiable, even spiteful toward each other. "Yet, although the ox has so little affection for or individual interest in his fellows, he cannot endure even a moment's severance from his herd. If he be separated by strategem or force, he shows a strong sign of mortal anxiety. He strives with his might to get back again, and when he succeeds he plunges into the middle, as if to bathe his whole body with the comfort of the closest companionship." This terror at being separated, evincing a total want of self-reliance, had its practical inconvenience, as "the traveler finds great difficulty in procuring oxen for his team, ordinary cattle being totally unfit by nature to move in a team, and the drivers are compelled to use a yoke of two oxen." A good fore-oar is an animal of exceptional disposition; he is in reality a born leader of oxen. Men who break in wild cattle for harness watch audiously for those who show a self-reliant nature by grazing apart or ahead of the rest."

NEW YORK.

A session work—a bad state of affairs.

New York, 26.—Fort Richmond, near the Light House at the entrance to the narrows, which has been under construction for the last fifteen years, at a cost of near two millions, and is nearly completed, will it is said, be condemned by the board of examiners as utterly useless, except as quarters for soldiers.

The guns will be dismounted and placed on earthworks above the fort, where no batteries are being built.

Accounts received from Venezuela represent the state of affairs as deplorable. Society is disorganized in most parts of the country, commerce destroyed, business of all kinds is exceedingly dull, and the political state of the country is anything but quiet. There is no communication between the seaports and the interior. Private correspondence is often violated, and the interests of the United States are said to suffer from the absence of a representative.

ILLINOIS.

The crops.

CHICAGO, 26.—Dispatches received at the Western Associated Press Office in this city, from Eastern and Northern Iowa, Eastern and Southern Wisconsin, Northern and Western Indiana, and from all parts of Illinois, state that the crop promises to be among the best known for years. The wheat is injured somewhat in some sections by rust, but generally the crop is much above the average in Minnesota.

PACIFIC COAST DISPATCHES.

SAN FRANCISCO, 26.—The weather is cool and moderately warm.

Henry Ewell was examined to-day and held to answer for an attempt to burn the Prescott house, corner of Pacific and Kearny streets a week since.

Seventy six men from New York, all in a similar condition, arrived from Magdalene Bay by the steamer to-day, and are now in front of the city hall, waiting to interview Mayor Salby. They are greatly incensed against the Lower California colonizing company, through the outrage and misrepresentations of whose agents they were induced to go to the steamer and God-forsaken country. They say that before there were allowed to leave, they were compelled to sign an agreement to relieve the California company from all liability for damages. Some are sick, others barefooted, and all are in rags, a badly demoralized condition. They say that had not the Mexican authorities at the Far given them rations, they would all have starved.

Mr. Bartow, who shot himself in the stomach with his pistol last night from the unknown cause, and Walker, who

was shot by Thomas Warren at the

Z. C. M. I.  
MILLINERY STORE,  
JUST RECEIVED FOR

40 JULY,

BLUE RIBBONS,  
WREATHS,  
FLOWERS,  
VERY CHEAP.

CHILDREN'S AND MISSES HATS,

SATIN QUEEN AND LÉGIONNAIRE ST. LÉON,

LATER FASHION DRESSES HATS,

Neopolitan Shell, Opera Articles,

Luxembourg and Naïad

Parasols, Gloves & Fans!

LADIES' OWN MATERIALS MADE UP.

REFERENCE H. R. Dawson, Eng., Sup't. Z.C.M.I.

Next door to Old Constitution Building.

dim 4

DEALER IN

NOTARY PUBLIC

AND

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS

FOR NEW YORK, MASSACHUSETTS, PENNSYLVANIA,

OHIO, ILLINOIS, NEBRASKA, WYOMING, COLORADO,

MINNESOTA, CALIFORNIA, NEW MEXICO,

IDAHO, UTAH, ARKANSAS, TEXAS, LOUISIANA,

MISSOURI, KANSAS, OREGON, WASHINGTON,

NEVADA, MONTANA, SOUTH DAKOTA,

DAKOTA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA,

NEVADA, UTAH, ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO,

IDAHO, UTAH, ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO,

NEVADA, UTAH, ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO,

IDAHO, UTAH, ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO,

NEVADA, UTAH, ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO,

IDAHO, UTAH, ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO,

NEVADA, UTAH, ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO,

IDAHO, UTAH, ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO,

NEVADA, UTAH, ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO,

IDAHO, UTAH, ARIZONA, NEW MEXICO,