

GEN. CHAFFEE TALKS POLITICS.

Says Americans and British Will Never Fight Each Other.

SPEECH CAUSES COMMENT.

Should We Be Compelled to Make a Choice, Our Inclination Will Be With England.

New York, May 8.—A despatch to the Herald from Pekin says: Gen. Chaffee gave a smoking concert in the Temple of Heaven, in honor of Gen. Chaffee and his officers. Gen. Chaffee made a political speech which caused comment outside the British camp.

The following version of the British is the official version of the British, and was accepted on all sides as correct.

"Let Kings, ministers and politicians say what they may," said Gen. Chaffee, "but I can tell you this, that never will we see Americans and Britishers facing each other in the field."

"Our national policy may be to steer clear of international complications, but should circumstances arise in which we must make a choice, our inclination will be with England."

WILL USE UTAH STONE.

Oakland, Cal., Public Building Will Be Built of It.

Washington, May 7.—The treasury department has awarded the contract for the building of the new public building at Oakland, Cal., to the firm of J. A. Barrett of San Francisco. The building is to be built of Utah stone and is to be completed in 18 months and is to cost \$150,000.

SOUTH AFRICAN OPERATIONS.

Lord Kitchener's First Long Review of them Published.

London, May 7.—Lord Kitchener's first long review of the South African operations, dealing chiefly with the invasion of the Orange colony, and dated March 15, was published in the Gazette today.

He says it has been his constant endeavor since taking over the command to improve the fortification works along the lines of communication, thus reducing the guards, also evacuating the lines of communication, and thus making the lines of communication more secure. He says he has been able to command more than 25,000 horses in Cape Colony since December.

The Lord Kitchener favors mentions no officers, non-commissioned officers and men.

LUMBER CAMPS TO BE BURNED.

This Will Be Done at Chippewa Falls to Kill Smolthox.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., May 7.—All the lumber camps in the northern part of the state will probably be burned down this summer by order of the state board of health. During the past two winters many camps have been breeding places of smolthox, and it is feared that the disease will develop in more deadly form next winter unless heroic measures are taken for its suppression.

NAVAL COLLEGE COURSE.

Will Be Very Elaborate, Beginning June 8 and Ending Sept. 28.

Washington, May 8.—Asst. Secy. Blount has made public the outline of the course for 1901 at the naval college. It is proposed to have officers attending the course report June 1. The course will begin Monday, June 3, with an opening address by the assistant secretary of the navy. The course will end September 28. The first week will be devoted to an explanation of the course and the war games and the lectures of Capt. Mahan on strategy will be read by the college staff. The subject connected with the main problem of the war will be the course in international law will be in charge of Prof. John Bassett Moore, of Columbia university, who will lay down a series of cases from time to time, the solutions of which will be handed in by the four committees into which the officers and attendants will be divided. Prof. Moore will be in attendance

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy. It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century, and is covered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Inc., 1010 Broadway, New York, N. Y. The regular fifty cent bottle of Swamp-Root, dollar size are sold by all good druggists.

form time to time to discuss these solutions. It is proposed to make these latter the study and discussion of the situations formulated by Prof. Moore's important features of the course. Besides the series by Capt. Mahan, there will be lectures by Prof. McLaughlin, of the University of Michigan; Prof. Wilson, of Brown university; Mr. Sheridan Reid, lately United States consul at Tientsin; Capt. Wiser, United States military attaché at London; Capt. Goodrich, Prof. Alger, United States navy; Naval Constructors Woodward and Capps, Surgeon Beyer and probablers of the college. It is probable that Prof. Hart and Strobel, of Harvard university, will lecture during the summer Mr. Whitelaw Reid will come.

The work of the college will be closely lined during the summer with the work of the North Atlantic squadron, the scheme of which already has been approved by the department.

More Conspiracy at Montevideo.

New York, May 8.—A despatch to the Herald from Montevideo says: There are new rumors of a conspiracy. The police are making numerous arrests of army officers and civilians. It is asserted that the principal object of the plot was to kill President Cuestas upon his arrival at the government palace.

British Miners to Consult.

New York, May 8.—It is probable, says the London correspondent of the Tribune, that a consultation of the British miners with the large mine owners will occur tomorrow, and that the miners will not be called out on strike against the coal tax. Unless all signs fail it will be a political demonstration against the tax, which the miners thought that it is premature to order a strike and to paralyze many manufacturing industries, when it is not yet clear how the export duty will operate, and what effect it will have on the foreign markets. The firmness of the coal stocks seems to preclude the idea that a great industrial crisis is impending.

National Council of Women.

New York, May 8.—A special conference of the National Council of Women has been held here at the home of Mrs. Fannie Humphreys Gaffney, president of the council. It was called to decide upon the preparations for the executive session of the national council to be held in Buffalo on September 11 to 12. A program committee was appointed consisting of Madamame de la Roche, of the national council, and the lecturers of Capt. Mahan on strategy will be read by the college staff. The subject connected with the main problem of the war will be the course in international law will be in charge of Prof. John Bassett Moore, of Columbia university, who will lay down a series of cases from time to time, the solutions of which will be handed in by the four committees into which the officers and attendants will be divided. Prof. Moore will be in attendance

CRAZING SHEEP ON PUBLIC LANDS

The Are There by Sufferance and Not by Right.

STRONG RULING ON SUBJECT

Federal Authorities Have Complete Jurisdiction Over Them—Case Passed Upon by California Court.

Fresno, Cal., May 8.—Judge Olin Welborn, sitting in the northern division of the United States district court for southern California, in overruling a demurrer made by sheep owners to complaints against them for trespassing on forest reserves, gave an important opinion regarding the jurisdiction of the United States executive authority over the forest reserves. He held, first, that the state law would uphold the entire jurisdiction of the federal executives over the forest reserves just as that of any private owner; second, that even if this were not the case it could not be questioned that the United States had entire authority over its public lands; third, that the right enjoyed by grazers of running their stock on the public domain is derived from the sufferance of the executive power of the national government and not from any authorization of Congress.

THE 16-INCH GUN.

To Be Inspected, Completed and Sent to Buffalo.

New York, May 8.—Capt. Wheeler of the ordnance bureau has been ordered to have the 16-inch gun, which is being built at Washington, to make a special inspection of the 16-inch gun now nearing completion at that place. It is expected that this gun will be capable of throwing a ball weighing 2,570 pounds a distance of 21 miles. The gun weighs 130 tons, and its total length is 40 feet, 2 1/2 inches. The length of the bore is 27 feet 4 inches, with a rear diameter of 69 inches.

An army officer at Washington says that should this gun be mounted at Sandy Hook it would be capable of protecting a territory of almost incalculable wealth. New Rochelle on the north, Tuckahoe on the south, Hempstead and Long Beach on Long Island, Perth Amboy and Paterson in New Jersey, not to mention New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City would all be within the range of its protection. Its shells could pass far above Staten Island and fall half a mile beyond Atlantic Highlands.

The gun is to be sent to Buffalo and will be one of the interesting features of the war department exhibit.

Tantallon Castle's Mails Landed.

Capetown, May 8.—The mails, baggage and passengers have been landed from the British steamer Tantallon Castle, which went ashore at Robbin Island during a fog, as she was about to anchor. It was feared the steamer would become a wreck as she is hard and fast on the rocks and is bumping and leaking. All attempts to tow her off have failed. The Tantallon Castle was bound from Southampton for Table Bay.

PAN-AMERICAN CONGRESS.

Chili Has Decided to Participate in the Same.

New York, May 8.—It is persistently rumored in Washington, according to a Tribune special from the capital, that Minister Carlos Viqueira, of the Chilean republic, has been officially informed from Santiago that his government has decided to take part in the forthcoming Pan-American congress to be held by invitation of President Diaz in the City of Mexico next October.

Workmen's Wages Raised.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 8.—A notice has been posted at the Pennsylvania Steel works announcing that beginning June 1st the wages at the works will be restored to the rates in force before January 1, 1901. This is an advance of about 10 per cent. The company employs nearly 5,000 persons.



JUDGE WILLIAM T. JEROME, WHO IS TRYING TO EXPOSE NEW YORK'S GAMBLING SYNDICATE.

A most vigorous crusade, in which axes, revolvers and dynamite have figured, is being waged against New York's big gambling ring by Judge Jerome, who says that among that city's army of 7,500 policemen there is not one man honest enough to properly serve a warrant. Judge Jerome declares that the police are protecting the gamblers.

ANTI-AMERICAN COMBINE.

M. Jules Siegfried Says if Trusts Become Too Dangerous May Force One.

The Logical Solution of Present Situation is the Signing of Reciprocity Treaties.

Chicago, May 8.—"If the great trusts in this country encroach on the European markets to the detriment of European manufacturers, I predict a combination of the commercial countries of Europe to raise tariffs on American goods to almost prohibitive figures."

So spoke Jules Siegfried, France's minister of industry, commerce and colonies in the cabinet of Ribot in 1892 and 1893, who is at present in this city.

"There is but one logical solution of the present situation," continued Mr. Siegfried, "and that is the signing of a fair and equitable reciprocity treaty between the different nations. I always have been in favor of such treaties, because they foster trade and increase the friendliness of political relations between countries party to them. It really is the only logical solution of the approaching trouble."

"Do I believe a combination of European powers is probable in the near future? Well, it will follow after several of the countries have put up their tariffs to protect their own manufacturers. You are a wonderful people and your country is marvelous in its resources and when your competition becomes so great as to be alarming the combination of governments will be a very natural result."

"Under reciprocity this situation would be almost impossible. Take my own country, France, for example. We buy your steel, iron and machinery from England, but we could buy it from your mills just as well. Under a reciprocity agreement between the two governments we would come to you for our steel, our iron, our coal, our machinery and in fact nearly all of the material used in our manufactures and industries at the drug store."

"Know Dunham and Crill personally. Not the man."

Mr. Dickinson says the resemblance between Dunham and Crill is striking, but that having known both men intimately he will unhesitatingly take oath that Crill is an altogether different individual, from the alleged murderer, Dunham.



JAPAN'S TWO LEADING STATESMEN WHO ARE STEERING HER THROUGH A MINISTERIAL CRISIS.

Financial troubles are responsible for the cabinet changes just now taking place in Japan. The resignation of Marquis Ito as premier and the similar action by other ministers is looked upon merely as a ruse to get rid of Viscount Watanabe, the unpopular minister of finance.

On the other hand we would send you our gloves, our fine linen and lace and cotton goods, and the commercial relations established would bring the two countries into close and more cordial political relations. It would be of benefit to both."

GRILL IS NOT DUNHAM.

So Says a Denver Man Who Knew Both Intimately.

Denver, Col., May 8.—A special to the News from Pueblo, Colo., says: Walter E. Dickinson, a pharmacist in the employ of the Baldwin Drug company, on North Main street, was raised from boyhood at San Jose, Cal., and one of his associates was James C. Dunham, the alleged murderer now wanted at Montpelier.

Mr. Dickinson was also connected with the Baldwin Drug company during the time that the suspect, Chas. F. Crill, now at San Jose, lived in Pueblo. At that time Mr. Crill had a running store at the drug store.

Mr. Dickinson has been watching the case carefully and has sent a telegram to William Gusselt, a merchant of San Jose, Cal., and a personal friend, saying: "Know Dunham and Crill personally. Not the man."

Mr. Dickinson says the resemblance between Dunham and Crill is striking, but that having known both men intimately he will unhesitatingly take oath that Crill is an altogether different individual, from the alleged murderer, Dunham.

AFFAIRS OF CUBA.

Maj. Ladd, ex-Treasurer, Turns \$1,800,000 Over to His Successor.

New York, May 8.—Maj. E. F. Ladd, ex-treasurer of Cuba, who has just arrived from Havana, said last night that he had turned over \$1,800,000 to Gen. Roloff, who had qualified as treasurer of the island. Gen. Roloff was secretary of war for the Cuban republic. Maj. Ladd said that while he was in Cuba he had handled in all \$40,000,000 of Cuban funds, and that his staff consisted of but ten men. He said that the affairs of Cuba are at present controlled by the revolutionary party and that the commercial interests of the country would like to see the American occupation of the island continue and believe that the Platt amendment will keep the new government when it is formed from getting into snarls with foreign countries.

ATTACKED BY INSURGENTS.

Co. K. of First Cavalry Beats Them Back Three Times.

Manila, May 7.—Lieut. John L. D. Hartman, with sixty-three men of troop K, First Cavalry, encountered 250 insurgents near Balayan, in Batangas province, Luzon. The enemy made three attacks and were each time defeated by the American cavalrymen. There were no American casualties.

A navy court of inquiry is investigating the alleged connection of Lieut. Richard H. Towley with the case of Capt. Reed, who has been tried for official misconduct in connection with the commissary department.

SEARCHING FOR A KANSAS FIEND

He Outraged a Young Woman and Threw Her Into a Well.

FIRST STRUCK HER ON HEAD

Girl Reaches Home in Dazed Condition and Tells Her Story—When Caught Man May Be Lynched.

Leavenworth, Kan., May 7.—The town of Lansing and the surrounding country is in a state of intense excitement over an assault committed upon Miss Ethel Bonnie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Bonnie, residents of that town.

The assault was committed by an unknown white man, who accomplished his purpose after striking the girl on the head with some blunt instrument, rendering her unconscious.

At 10:30 this morning Miss Bonnie left home for the bluffs along the Missouri river to gather mushrooms. While stooping down she was suddenly seized from behind, but managed to break away from her assailant and started to run. The man overtook her and struck her on the head, telling her to get down.

After accomplishing his purpose and believing the girl to be dead the tramp dragged her body to a well near by and threw her in. The well contained twelve feet of water and Miss Bonnie sank to the bottom, but rose again. The cold shock had the effect of reviving her to such an extent that she realized her position and made an effort to climb out. After repeated failures she reached the top, but was still in a dazed condition and remained sitting on the edge of the well.

Not arriving home for dinner, her parents became alarmed and began searching for her, and after some time she was found, still sitting on the edge of the well.

and we are meeting our problems in a practical way. We are dealing with living men and living women and living children in the hope of better things for the future. The laboring people must be regarded as something more than wage-earners. They are men with rights and hopes and aspirations and loves. He expressed this year the plan of conciliation should be aided by every man who was against strife and for peace. He said that the unions sought to do injustice to its men, but were formed to conserve the rights of those who formed them.

John Mitchell said that he was for peace because he had "known the business of war." "The relations of labor and capital," he said, "are purely a business proposition. There is no sentiment in it. Peace is better for both, and I am for peace if we can have an honorable peace. I believe there never would be strikes if the employers and employees could meet in fair conference. If we could have got a hearing last year the great coal strike would have been avoided."

He said the public was a party to every strike, and should be consulted. He hoped that the chamber of commerce of New York would lend its mighty aid to the conciliation plan.

Forest Fire in Pennsylvania.

Austin, Penn., May 8.—Fanned by heavy wind, the fire in the forests at Big Run, Growley Run and Crooked Run, which broke out Monday, are rapidly destroying thousands of feet of valuable timber and have made available man in this vicinity has been called into service, but as yet they have not succeeded in gaining any headway whatever. The wind-blown flames and all mills have closed in order that the men may assist in checking the flames.

The heaviest losses will be the Good-year and the Emporium Lumber company.

BACK TO OLD VIRGINIA.

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee and Family Leave Omaha for There.

Omaha, Neb., May 7.—Gen. Fitzhugh Lee and his family, including his son, Lieut. George F. Lee, left Omaha yesterday afternoon to return to their old Virginia home, where they have scarcely lived for fifteen years. It was that day, however, before the general and his family left Omaha, that the general was elected to the Virginia legislature.

A QUESTION OF CONTEMPT.

Street Railway President Refuses to Produce Books in Court.

Kansas City, May 7.—President W. H. Holmes of the Metropolitan Street Railway company was ordered by Judge Woodford, in the criminal court, to appear before the grand jury, which is investigating rumors of jury bribing in connection with a damage suit, and produce books and papers.

The claim department of the road. Mr. Holmes, through his attorneys, refused to comply with the order. Judge Woodford held the railway president in contempt of court, and he was committed to the city jail until the matter is passed upon by a higher court.

There is a constitutional question involved and the supreme court of the state or before the federal court.

In reciting this refusal to obey the court's order, Mr. Holmes' attorneys said that the president was a member of the constitution, both state and national, which protect a person from unreasonable search and the constitutional right of no person is compelled to give evidence that might tend to incriminate himself.

Republicans Carry Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md., May 7.—The municipal election in this city today, the first of importance held under the new ballot law, resulted in a sweeping victory for the Republicans. They carried 18 out of the 41 wards, electing 18 members to the city council, and all three candidates for the second branch. Only about 65 per cent of the entire registered vote was polled and the colored vote was very light. Democrats attribute their defeat to factional differences, the friends of Mayor Hayes, who met with defeat in the primary, being arrayed against the followers of Freeman Basin. The majority were greatly reduced in the five wards carried by the Democrats.

CUBAN SPECIAL COMMISSION.

Makes Report to Convention of its Visit to Washington.

Hanana, May 7.—The special commission of the Cuban constitutional convention which returned here from Washington May 5, did not make any recommendations to the convention.

In reference to the Platt amendment, the report stated that the United States would not interfere unless Cuba was attacked by a foreign power and that similar to Cuba a condition of the Platt amendment, which existed under Spanish rule, at the time of American intervention.

Regarding calling stations, it is desired forth that the places desired by the United States were Cayes Mayel and San Antonio and another point



WITHIN REACH.

BECAUSE of its low price Ivory Soap is within the reach of all. Besides its low cost it has the advantage that it is entirely satisfactory for so many varied uses; it will do the work of a half dozen kinds of soap each intended for a special purpose.

IVORY SOAP IS 99 44 PER CENT PURE.

commanding the entrance to the Gulf of Mexico. These would be definitely determined upon when drawing up the treaty. The object of these stations would be the maintenance of the independence of Cuba as well as the protection of the United States.

The report also said that the United States would in no way interfere with the local government, and that President McKinley had promised to appoint a commission to meet a Cuban commission to discuss the economic question and to draw up a commercial treaty as soon as the republic is established, and that he advised the Cubans in the meantime to study the situation in this respect.

The report announced that Secy. Root had said that there was nothing in the Platt amendment to prevent Cuba having diplomatic representatives in foreign countries.

The report has evidently made a good impression, and only a few radicals will continue to oppose its acceptance. The convention will meet Thursday, and is expected to take definite action Saturday.

You are much more liable to disease when your liver and bowels do not act properly. Dr. Williams' Little Early Risers remove the causes of disease.—F. C. Schramm.

READING THE HAND.

Professor Sterling has already read the palms of a number of leading citizens. A number of them will be published from day to day. Out of this list the following have been selected for today's issue:

PALMER HOUSE.
Formerly the St. James Hotel, 325 South Main Street, (near Third South St.)

PROFESSOR STERLING.
THE CELEBRATED PALMIST AND PSYCHOLOGIST

who is now in the city and is recognized by press and public everywhere. All are pleased and delighted with his readings. Multitudes visit his parlors daily and are happy. Palmistry is an exact science, and it excites the wonder and admiration of the most skeptical. Professor Sterling can be consulted on all matters pertaining to the welfare of the human race. Your hands reveal all questions of life, pointing to marriage, sickness, death, changes, travels, divorces, separations, lawsuits, business transactions, absent deals, mortgages, lost or want children, mining ventures, etc. Consult Professor Sterling. He is acknowledged the greatest living authority on palmistry and all his work is done in manuscript form, and is strictly confidential.

Office hours are 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily and Sundays.

Palmistry has been reduced to a science, and following are some of the results obtained by Professor Sterling of well known persons in this city:

H. S. SCHOFIELD, Copyist.

You are a jolly happy-go-lucky person. You will always have to work for a living—but you will handle a great deal of money. You do not know how to save, but you are hopeful and enjoy life more than a saving person.

C. A. SPERRY, Police Officer.

You are thoroughly attached to your home and you love your native land with a pure devotion. You are an adviser and defender of womanhood. Your first impulse is always the best. You are not deficient in combableness and your hand predicts success for you in the near future. You are a good friend, but a poor enemy.

A. P. KESLER, Tax Collector.

What you do you do at once. You are not a deceiver. Your line of existence is well developed. You are a noble person and will always lead a willing hand to the suffering. You will live to good old age.

E. C. DAVIS, Bicycle Officer.

You are a sensible matter-of-fact individual, whose disposition is calm and your have plenty of self-control.

Palmer House (formerly St. James), 325 South Main street. Room 6. CHARGES 25c and \$1.00.

Prof. Sterling does not publish private readings in his paper.

\$10.00 Reward

To protect your health and our reputation, we will gladly pay this big reward to any one who will furnish us information on which we can secure conviction of a dealer who tries to sell worthless fake imitations, when CASCARETS are called for. When you're offered something "just as good", it's because there is a little more money in the fake. Buy CASCARETS from the honest dealer. They are always put up in blue metal boxes with long-tailed trademarked C on the cover—every tablet stamped C. C. C., and they are never sold in bulk. Remember this and whenever fakes are offered when CASCARETS are called for, get all the details and write us on the subject at once.

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