

WRITTEN FOR THE TWENTY-FOURTH OF JULY, 1862.

Father in heaven, we thank thee
For all thy kindness shown;
Praise and we adore thee
For what thou hast made known
Pertaining to salvation
In these latter days,
Bring from every nation
A people for thy praise.

We thank thee for the fountains
And crystal streams so pure,
Those high and lofty mountains,
A bulwark firm and sure;
We thank thee for the precepts
Which have to us been given,
To lead our wandering footsteps
To happiness and heaven.

We hail this glorious morning
With grateful songs of praise,
The full day is dawning
When truth's resplendent rays
Shall shine o'er all creation,
And fill the world with light,
And every tribe and nation
Shall own thy judgments right.

While woe and desolation
Are sweeping o'er the land,
And war and devastation
Are walking hand in hand,
Thy people dwell securely
In these secluded valleys,
Far from the oppressor's fury
Where liberty prevails.

O, bless thy servant Brigham
With wisdom, truth and light,
To lead thy chosen people
And guide their steps aright;
O, strengthen and sustain him,
And keep him from all harm,
And ever shield and guard him
With Thine almighty arm.

Springville, July 18th, 1862.

Mrs. H—.

CATECHETICAL ILLUSTRATIONS OF THE FAITH AND TEACHINGS OF THE SAINTS.

It is frequently asked, "What is the reason of your being driven from place to place?" Because we have the priesthood of the Son of God, and all the world is opposed to it. "For what were you driven from Jackson County, Missouri?"

For preaching and trying to practice the gospel of life and salvation.

"Were not your people abolitionists?"

They were not.

"Did they not spread an influence that slavery was not right?"

They said, as they now say, that slaves are, in many instances, abused, and that masters will be punished for abusing their slaves.

"Did you not believe and preach the doctrine that the Saints will possess the earth?"

We did believe and preach such a doctrine, and we still believe and preach it as it is revealed in the Bible.

"Did you believe and preach that God has set up on the earth the kingdom that Daniel saw?"

We did, and still believe and preach it.

"Do you believe and preach that you are in possession of that kingdom?"

We do.

"Do you believe that all will be damned, except the Latter Day Saints?"

Yes; and we believe, further, that many of the Latter Day Saints will be damned, unless they repent of their sins and work righteousness.

"What do you understand by damnation?" Being shut out from the presence of the Father and the Son.

"But will all, except the Saints, be sent to that lake of fire and brimstone where the worm dieth not and the fire is not quenched, there to dwell for ever and ever?"

No, for every one will receive a glory, except the 'sons of perdition.' We believe that the doctrine that sinners eternally dwell in hellfire is an invention of the priests, to oppress and terrify the ignorant.

"Where did you go, when you were driven from the State of Missouri?"

We located in Hancock County, Illinois, and in Lee County, Iowa.

"Were you not driven from Illinois in consequence of believing and practicing the doctrine called 'spiritual wife doctrine,' or polygamy?"

No.

"Did not Joseph Smith teach such a doctrine?"

Joseph Smith had a revelation from God, July 12, 1843, wherein the Lord revealed the doctrine that was revealed to the ancients. This revelation was first published in the *Deseret News Extra*, Sept. 14, 1852, which was the first time it was publicly made known.

"Was it generally known in Nauvoo and in the regions round about, previous to its being published, that Joseph Smith had received such a revelation?"

It was not.

"For what were you driven from the State of Illinois?"

For the same reason that we were driven from other places, viz.—because we preached to practise the gospel of life and salvation.

"Why do men hate and persecute you now, have the gospel of the Son of God?"

Because they have not the gospel, and will not receive it as revealed in the Old and New Testament—upon the terms the Lord offers it to them as laid down for all men to be saved by it—and they are not willing that He should reign, whose right it is to reign.

"Is there no political reason why you have been driven from place to place?"

Perhaps so, for probably the world fear our political, as well as religious union, knowing that "in union there is strength." We know of no other political reason.

DESERET AGRICULTURAL AND MANUFACTURING SOCIETY.

TO THE PEOPLE OF DESERET:

The above Society having recently elected the undersigned President and Directors, we wish to say a few words to the people in relation to the Society, and the INTERESTS which it should encourage.

Our duties call us to foster agriculture, stock raising, and domestic manufacture. It will not, therefore, necessarily be expected that this society should as a body enter largely into those branches of business; but, while we wish the people to take a general interest in their own welfare and independence, we will encourage every native or home production, by our advice, so far as we may have knowledge, and by premiums, so far as the funds received for membership, or from other sources, will enable us. We wish to increase the number of its members, as very few have joined the society, in comparison with our population. The subscription entitling to membership is only \$1 per year, a sum that all may afford who feel interested in the exhibition, or development of the resources of our mountainous home.

The Treasurer, Mr. Elijah F. Sheets, and all of the Board of Directors, are authorized to receive subscriptions.

The agricultural interests of the State are prosperous, the people generally having, we unwillingly state, a greater abundance of wheat than of discretion to preserve, or to dispose of it to the best advantage. It is said to be "more blessed to give than to receive," and "give to him that asketh, &c.," but it is nowhere said that there is any reward for selling your flour and wheat at less than half the cost of raising the same. Taking the value of one dollar in gold here, at what it will fetch in imported merchandise, and flour is sold much cheaper than in any other place; while, from the high price of wages and extra labor, the cost of raising the same is higher. We deprecate this practice. Justice to themselves, to their families, and perhaps common honesty of purpose, demand that the farmers should ask and obtain at least the cost to themselves of the flour they sell.

A more reasonable price obtains for stock. The market here is generally well supplied with beef and mutton, which in sweetness and flavor is unexcelled. Our cattle are a great source of wealth and comfort to us. None should ever be suffered to remain out to die in the snows of winter; but ample provision should be made to take care of them, at least during a lengthy absence of feed on the range.

We have not now space to dilate upon fruit and its culture in Deseret: we will communicate hereafter on this and other subjects, as they may be presented before us.

With regard to internal manufactures, the warlike aspect of the eastern horizon, and our multiplied wants, admonish us to go on in an increasing ratio. The injurious and expensive system of importing goods from the States threatens to be impeded by still higher prices or stopped altogether. We have paid our gold and the sweat of the laboring man's brow has been expended too long for silks, ribbons, gewgaws and other articles brought here by traders at enormously high rates. Let us manufacture what we need, as far as possible, and therewith be content. In this connection we are gratified to record that a factory for the manufacture of cotton yarn, owned by Governor Young and Mr. Hanks, is already in operation in one of our southern towns. We respectfully urge upon our brethren in the southern settlements to continue to use every effort for the successful culture of that important staple—cotton, also indigo and other dye stuffs; and while the inhabitants make use of tobacco, enough should be produced to supply the market.

Of wool, the need is great: it can and should be supplied. The sheep are becoming numerous, but disease is too general. Frequent changes of pasturage and location, it is said, are beneficial, amounting to a cure. If medicine is needed, we want our shepherds to discover a decided remedy procurable from the vegetable or mineral resources within our boundaries.

The silk-worm is now introduced, and can be procured from Mr. Barrows, of this city, and Mr. Whittaker, of Centerville. Mulberry trees can be procured from the garden of Mr. Staines at the season of transplanting, and to secure still further this branch of industry from failure, so many as are able to attend to them and understand the habits of the silk worm, are recommended to procure them and the trees, and commence the production of silk.

Flax is successfully cultivated here, but not in sufficient quantity to supply the wants of the citizens. Cord and rope of good quality are made, but we have as yet seen but very little linen cloth produced. The enormous price at which linen goods are sold here, also, might induce some to begin their manufacture. Flax seed is now in great demand for the production of linseed oil, an article now success-

fully manufactured by Hon. H. C. Kimball, and, being pure, is much superior to that imported, and obtainable at a cheaper rate.

In some other branches of industry success is made manifest by the presence of the article. Lead is successfully extracted from the ore in Beaver county; and a first-rate article of white lead is extensively manufactured by Mr. Pascoe, of this city, which is cheaper, more easily obtained, and better, the painters say, two to one than the imported article.

We look with anxiety to the production of that most useful of metals—iron, hoping that the efforts of those who are devoting their time and energies to the development of that mineral may shortly be rewarded, and that we need not much longer be obliged to go abroad to procure what made of iron.

The *DESERET NEWS* is regularly printed on paper manufactured near this city; it is a fair article, and we congratulate Governor Young, the author of the enterprise, upon the result; and should the citizens manifest the care and attention due on their part to supply the paper mill with rags, every settlement can, not only be gratified with the *News* and Telegraphic dispatches, but one of the greatest deficiencies in Deseret will soon be supplied—school books.

We think that sugar of a fair quality can be made from the cane grown here. The expressed juice needs proper filtration from the impurities of the cane; and when properly boiled down and left in vessels, the sugar should make itself. We recommend every person having experience or knowledge of this subject to make the effort that some may succeed.

It is expected to hold the annual fair in this city early in October as usual. The branch societies are recommended to immediately organize, &c., preparatory to holding their fairs in the different settlements where they wish to do so, at an earlier date than ours, to enable those who may desire, to exhibit at the general State Fair.

We conclude by calling on the members of this society to renew their annual subscription, and on those who have not, to at once join the Deseret Agricultural and Manufacturing Society, the object of which is to promote the good of all.

In behalf of the Deseret Agricultural and Manufacturing Society,

WILFORD WOODRUFF,

President;

JNO. R. WINDER,

T. W. ELLERBECK,

ENOCH REESE,

E. F. SHEETS,

R. L. CAMPBELL,

F. A. MITCHELL,

Board of Directors.

Great Salt Lake City, Aug. 2, 1862.

NEW PORTRAIT GALLERY.—More technical with the profession of portrait painters than consistent with the fact of locality, we feel the Irish-ism of noticing a new portrait gallery in the building to the north of the store of Hooper, Eldredge & Co., where, indeed, there is no gallery but portrait room. Messrs. Ferris and Hopkins, with the view to meet the public demand and their increase of business, have been fortunate in finding a very fine locality where they have the advantages of quiet and a full unobstructed northern light—essential to the profession.

The portrait rooms have been fitted up expressly for the business with every convenience for artists and patrons. With first-class instruments, choice material, an excellent assortment of 'mountings,' a locality where ladies and their families can freely pass every hour of the day, the artists have before them a certain patronage. The walls of the reception room are decorated with the images of familiar faces, and the artist's copies of fine paintings; likewise a choice collection of photographic views of this city—the production of Mr. M. Cannon, our oldest artist in that line. Pay a visit.

Died:

At Mill Creek, Aug. 3, CLARISSA, daughter of Geo. and Mary Gates, aged 9 years, 6 months and 25 days. [Millennial Star, please copy.]

At Nephi City, on the 20th of July, 1862, of inflammation of the bowels, THOMAS CORRETT, aged 52 years and 3 months.

At Springville, Utah county, July 28th, in childbirth, AMY ELIZABETH, wife of George W. Brown, and daughter of Levi W., and Clarissa Hancock, aged 25 years, 2 months and 14 days.

At North Ogden, MARY JANE, daughter of Morgan and Margaret Vaughn, aged 2 years, 8 months and 9 days.

New Advertisements.

WANTED.

A GOOD MUSIC-COPYIST. Apply to D. O. CALDER, President's Office. 6-11

INFORMATION WANTED

OF DAVID LOYND; who came here from Lancaster about 3 years ago; his mother and brother have arrived at this city, and are very anxious to hear of him. 6-2

LOST.

A Black OX; is marked on the left horn J. Staples; on the right thigh J. S. T. and J. S. on the left shoulder. The left horn is pecked down about 3 inches from the point. The finder will be suitably rewarded by giving information to J. STAPLES, Temple Block. 6-2

WANTED.

TO RENT, a HOUSE. Apply at the *DESERET NEWS* Office. 6-1

ESTRAYS.

ONE 3 year old red HEIFER, crop and slit in the left ear; heart on the left side. Also, one 2 year old brindle and white spotted BULL, no marks or brands visible.

The owners are requested to prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

WM. MIDDLETON, Pound Keeper. Ogden City, Aug. 1st, 1862. 6-3

LOST.

A Red COW, 4 years old, some white on the belly and breast. Branded B. S. on the left horn and hip. Had a leather strap round her neck when lost. Whoever will return the same to BRYANT STRINGHAM, 13th Ward, G. S. L. City, will be suitably rewarded. 6-1

STOLEN.

ON the 1st of August, from Sessions Settlement, one brown mare MULE, rather more than middling size; mark of the harlet round the neck. Branded P. on the left hip; a bunch on the outside of the right hind leg about the size of a turkey's egg. Just above the gamble. A reward of \$25 will be given for the recovery of the Mule, by P. G. SESSIONS. 6-2

STRAYED.

FROM Raleigh's Pasture, 19 h Ward, a White 5 year old COW, with red hairs, and branded about the feet; a thin rope round neck; no brands or marks. Whoever will restore it and bring it to me, at my residence, 20th Ward, will be rewarded for their trouble. 6-1

ROBT. DYE.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

ON the 15th July, 1862, from Big Cottonwood, a black and white COW, six year old; branded on the left horn J. H.; on the left side M.; on the left hip I. H. Whoever will deliver the same or give information of its whereabouts to STEPHEN TAYLOR, Big Cottonwood, will be satisfactorily rewarded. 6-1

ESTRAY.

I HAVE in my care a 3 year old brown STEER, speckled under belly, bn-h-h tail, star in face, dark horns, horns forward, and the appearance of a cow and swallow fork in right ear; branded on left hip O. K. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying for this advertisement.

JAMES WOODS, Porterville, Morgan County, Weber. 6-2

THIEVES!!

ON the night of the 29th ult., some unprincipled person or persons stole from my field, at South Cottonwood, a Sorrel STUDD, 3 year old, white stripe in face, and one white hind foot; also, one dark bay MARE, 2 year old, white stripe in face, some white feet; both branded H on left hip. I will give a suitable reward for their recovery. JOSEPH HAMMOND. 6-1

NOTICE TO DAVIS COUNTY.

THE Taxpayers are notified that the Assessor and Collector's Office is open daily to receive the Territorial Tax now due. Pay up before the 1st of September, and save your 10 per cent. ARTHUR STAYNER, Assessor and Collector. 6-2

LEFT HOME WITHOUT NOTICE.

TWO white SOW PIGS, five months old, ran away from comfortable quarters yesterday morning. Whoever will give such information of the whereabouts of these non-accountable absconders as will lead to their recovery, or bring them to the residence of J. V. LONG, 13 h Ward, shall be rewarded. 6-1

WM. HOWARD, DISTILLER,

COUNTY ROAD, BIG COTTONWOOD,

INFORMS the public that he still keeps on hand a large supply of superior

WHISKY AND BRANDY,

which he will exchange for Cash, Merchandise, Grain, Wood or other available pay.

N.B.—Parties owing me here, or at my BOOT, SHOE, SADDLE and HARNESS SHOP, in Salt Lake City, and desirous of paying Wheat, can deposit the same at Gardner's Mill, State Road, and the receipt of the miller will be duly accepted by me.

Big Cottonwood, Aug. 4 h, 1862. W. HOWARD 6-6

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

NOTICE TO EVERYBODY!

BEING desirous to close out my present STOCK of GOODS, consisting of many useful and necessary articles, I wish to inform my old friends and customers that now will be the time for them to get some bargains.

50 SETS HARNESS,

2000 Horse and Mule Shoes,

25 Kegs Horse, Mule and other Nails,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

A lot of

SHARPS AND OTHER RIFLES,

REVOLVERS, ETC.

Together with a variety of items too numerous to mention, to be SOLD CHEAP.

GRAIN & PROVISIONS,

with everything else suitable for

EMIGRANT'S OUTFIT,

always on hand.

All those indebted to me will oblige by paying up without further delay, and save cost; for to pay, I must be paid.

All kinds of PRODUCE and STOCK will be taken at Market Prices.

All having claims against me will please present them for adjustment forthwith.

G. S. L. City, Aug. 6, 1862. WM. NIXON. 6-11