DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. X. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 12, 1876. NO. 18.

REMEMBER,

DAVIS'

FRUITS

Are all New and Large

AND

WELL CLEANED!

We take Special Care to have our FRUITS all Selected, so that None are Old or Damaged.

CALL AND EXAMINE

AT

GEO. W. DAVIS'.

JUST RECEIVED!

A CAR LOAD

OF

Men's, Youths' and Boys'

SEASONABLE

BOOTS & SHOES,

All of which we shall sell at the

VERY LOWEST CASH PRICES!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

GEO. DUNFORD,

Opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.

A LOT OF NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED

AT

Taylor & Cutler's,

WILL BE

SOLD AT LOWER PRICES

Than any Other House Will Sell!

CALL AND SEE.

CO TO

DAY & CO.,

For BARGAINS in

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS,

Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps,

FAMILY GROCERIES,

FLOUR, FEED and GRAIN.

And Get the Highest Price for all kinds of

DRIED FRUIT.

Will shortly arrive, another shipment of HOLLIS'

CELEBRATED DOUBLE-BARREL SHOTGUNS

Direct from the Factory.

FOR DELIVERY WAGONS WILL CALL FOR FRUIT, in any part of the city. d164

UTAH CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Pioneer Line of Utah.

On and After June 20th, 1875.

Name of Station.	No. 1 Passenger.	No. 3 Passenger.	Fares.
Salt Lake	7 00	3 40	
Bountiful	7 25	4 08	60
Farmington	7 38	4 18	75
Ogden	7 50	4 30	1 00
Arrive at	8 12	4 52	1 35
Leave	9 00	5 40	2 00

Name of Station.	No. 2 Passenger.	No. 4 Passenger.	Fares.
Leave	9 40	6 20	
Farmington	10 31	7 10	1 00
Bountiful	10 52	7 31	1 35
Centerville	11 04	7 44	1 60
Arrive at	11 13	7 53	1 75
Salt Lake	11 40	8 20	2 00

Number of places.

MIXED TRAINS

Will Run Daily,

(Sundays excepted,)

leaving Salt Lake City at 8:40 a.m. and Ogden at 5 a.m. and 3:30 p.m.

For all information concerning Freight or Passage, apply to

JOHN SHARP, Jr.,
General Freight and Ticket Agent.

JOHN SHARP,
Superintendent.

UTAH NORTHERN RAILROAD.

ON AND AFTER

JANUARY 1st, 1876.

Trains will run Daily as follows:

NORTHWARD.

	No. 1.
Leave Ogden	9:20 a. m.
" Brigham	12:50 "
" Logan	2:00 p. m.
Arrive at Franklin	3:30 "

SOUTHWARD.

	No. 2.
Leave Franklin	9:00 a. m.
" Logan	10:35 "
" Brigham	2:25 p. m.
Arrive at Ogden	4:00 "

Gilmer & Salisbury's Stage Line to and from Montana connects with trains at Franklin.

M. W. MERRILL, Supt.

CHAS. NIBLEY,
Gen. Freight and Ticket Agent.

CARPETS.

RAG CARPETS for sale, and weaving done. Sewed carpet rags bought. Produce taken.

J. B. FURSTER,

24 South St., opposite Great Western Hotel.

Established 1832.

WM. M'CULLY & CO.,

Manufacturers of the Standard Brands of Window Glass and White and Green Drug gists' Glassware, also Wine, Porter an Mineral Water Bottles,

18 and 20 Wood Street, Pittsburgh PENNSYLVANIA:

P. S.—All descriptions of Vials and Bottles made to order.

By Telegraph.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

Last Night's Dispatches.

EASTERN.

Address of the Democratic Visiting Committee to New Orleans.

CHICAGO, Ill. — The papers this morning publish the address of Palmer, Trumbull and others of the Democratic Visiting Committee to New Orleans. It is addressed to the Hon. A. S. Hewitt, Chairman of the National Democratic Committee. They say that the facts connected with the election and the returns show that the action of the returning board, in proclaiming the election of the Hayes electors is arbitrary, unfair and without warrant of law, and adopt, as applicable to this canvass, the language of the report made to the United States House of Representatives in 1875, by George F. Hoar, W. A. Wheeler and William P. Frye, in regard to the canvass of 1872, in which they say the so-called canvass made by the returning board in the interest of Kellogg, seems to us to have no validity, and is entitled to no respect whatever. We also adopt the language of this report upon the condition of Louisiana in 1875. In the State of Louisiana there is a Governor in office who owes his seat to the interference of the national power, which has recognized his title to his office, not by reason of any ascertainment of the facts by legal process, but has based its action solely on the illegal order of a Judge. In the same State there is a legislature, one branch of which derives its authority partly from the same order, the other being organized by a majority who have been established in power by another interference of the national government, and which majority derives its title, not from any legal ascertainment of the facts, but from the certificates of a returning board which has misconceived and exceeded its olegal authority. November 18, 1876, before the returning board commenced the canvass of the electoral vote, the candidates for electors on the democratic ticket presented a protest against its jurisdiction over this subject, or its canvass of the vote relating to the same. This protest was summarily overruled by the board without affording an opportunity for argument. No legal proposition, in our opinion, is clearer than that the board was mistaken as to its powers, and that it had nothing whatever to do with the electoral vote.

The election law of 1872 and the amendments under which the returning board is created and acts, makes no provision as to the manner of appointing electors of President and Vice-President, whether by the legislature or by a vote of the people, nor whether by the State at large or by Congressional districts; nor does it contain any provisions as to the qualification of electors, the place where they are to meet, nor for filling vacancies. Aftea quoting the State law governing the returning board, they say it is immaterial, so far as affects the jurisdiction of the returning board, whether the act of 1870, relating to the appointment of Presidential electors, is repealed; if repealed there is no law in Louisiana for the appointment of Presidential electors; if not repealed, then the canvass of the returns for such election must be made by the Governor in presence of the Secretary of State, Attorney General, a Judge of the district in which the seat of government may be established, or any two of them, as required by the act of 1870; and in making such canvass, they would be confined to an ascertainment of the persons elected according to the returns, with authority to reject the votes. In no event can the returning board have jurisdiction over the returns of electors of President and Vice President, and their canvass of the same is, therefore, a nullity, and entitled to no respect from any one. The election law declares that five persons, elected by the Senate from all political parties, shall be the returning officers for the election in the State, a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum, and have the power to make the returns of all elections. In case of any vacancy by death, resignation or otherwise by either of the board, then the vacancy shall be filled by the residue of the board of returning officers. The present board consists of only four members, to wit: J. Madison Wells, T. C. Anderson, G. Casanave and Louis M. Kenner, one of whom, T. C. Anderson, was a candidate for the State at the recent election of the republican tickets. All are members of the republican party. They are the same persons who constituted the returning board in 1874 and canvassed the election returns of that year, and of whom a committee of the House of Representatives of the United States, composed of Messrs. Hoar, Wheeler, Frye, Foster, Phelps, Marshall and Potter, after careful investigation of its action, said, we are constrained to decide that the action of the returning board, on the whole, was arbitrary, unjust, and in our opinion illegal. The vacancy in the board, occasioned by the resignation of Oscar Arrayo, in December, 1874, has never been filled, although repeated applications by the representatives of the democratic conservative party of the State and its candidates have been to the board to file the same.

It is appalling to think that statements, thus made contrary to law, after the result of the election through the states was known with approximate accuracy, made as an after-thought, by disappointed candidates and their friends with an evident intention to cast a drag-net of suspicion over parishes enough to reverse the emphatic verdict of the people, made to at so so late a day and so great a distance from many of the parishes struck out, that it is impossible to have any fair investigation, should receive any consideration.

Commenting upon the foregoing provisions of the Louisiana statutes, Messrs. Geo. A. Hoar, W. A. Wheeler and W. P. Frye, in their report, made February 23rd, 1875, said, "Upon this statute we are all clearly of the opinion that the returning board has no right to do anything except to canvass and compute the returns which were lawfully made to them by the local officers, except in case where they are accompanied by the certificate of the supervisor and commissioner, provided in the third section. In such cases the last sentence of that section shows that it was expected that they would ordinarily exercise the grave and delicate duty of investigating the charges of riot, tumult, bribery or corruption on a hearing of parties interested in the office. It never could have been meant that this board, of its own motion, sitting in New Orleans, at a distance from the place of voting and without notice, could decide the right of persons claiming to be elected. There is no more dangerous form of self delusion than that which induces men in high places of public trust, to violate law, to redress or prevent what they deem public wrongs."

These references to the report of the congressional committee upon the action of this same returning board in 1874, and its construction of the statute are made that the public may know how this board and its rulings were regarded by prominent gentlemen, one of them a candidate for Vice-President at the recent election, at a time when its decision did not affect a Presidential election, we regard it as indisputable that the the returning board has no jurisdiction to inquire into and reject the returns from any voting place in the State on account of intimidation, acts of violenc, or other course mentioned in the statute unless the foundation for such inquiry and rejection is laid at the time and in the manner provided by the statute.

The proceedings of the board, in executive session, to which we were admitted, consisted in opening the returns from each parish and examining the votes for Presidential electors. No protest or objection appeared among the papers, and there was no outside protest from any one. The returns were sent to a private room to be tabulated by the clerks, all of whom were republicans, who kept their action secret. If any protest was found among the papers or from outside parties the returns were laid aside to be afterwards considered by the board in secret. In the few cases in which there were charges of fraud, intimidation or other illegal acts, the candidates or their attorneys were permitted to take copies of the charges, and the testimony, taken on written interrogatories, were submitted in regard to such parishes, December second. After all the returns had been opened, the board went into secret session, and we were not permitted to see the computation of returns already made, nor to know what rules the board adopted in passing upon the contested cases, nor the process by which it arrived at the results. We have been furnished a atriplicate, or certified copy of the duplicate statement of the canvassers of the election of all the polling places in the State, from which has been compiled a consolidated statement of the entire vote of the State for presidential electors. From this statement, which we believe to be accurate, the majority for the highest Tilden elector over the lowest Hayes elector is 8,957, and the majority for the lowest Tilden elector over the highest Hayes elector is 6,300. The returns in our possession correspond precisely, in most cases, with those opened by the returning board. The difference in the aggregate arises mainly from the fact that the board did not have all the returns before it. The supervisors, all of whom were republicans, many of them employees in the custom house in New Orleans, some non-residents of the State, and one of them under indictment for murder, withheld the statements of the committees of the election. In some instances, where the democratic majorities were given, amounting in the aggregate to about 1,500 votes, the returning board refused to issue certified copies of the duplicate of the missing returns filed in the offices of the Secretary of State and the clerk of the district courts, or to take any effective measures to procure the originals. The returning board, in proclaiming the result of the vote for electors, made no statement of the vote cast in the several parishes, but simply announced the aggregate vote for each elector in the State, giving the Hayes electors a majority varying from 4,626 to 4,712. To accomplish this, they disenfranchised 2,350 democratic and 2,402 republican voters. This announcement is more in the face of the fact that the statement made by the commissioners of election, showed a majority ranging from 6,300 to 8,957 for the Tilden electors. No attempt is made to give a reason for this arbitrary action of the board, nor is there any statement to show what votes were counted and what rejected. As well might the officers canvassing the returns of the election for presidential electors in Ohio or Massachusetts declare the Tilden electors in those States elected in face of the fact that the returns showed a majority for the Hayes electors.

The murders and outrages which have been brought to our notice are frequently committed by persons of the same race upon each other, and, in a large majority of cases, have no political significance. The assumption of the republicans that all the colored in the State are necessarily republicans is by no means true. It is certain that thousands of colored persons who vote squarely and actively supported the democratic ticket. With the law and such facts before us as have been disclosed by the action of the returning board, we do not hesitate to declare that its proceedings, as witnessed by us, were partial and unfair, and that the result it has announced is arbitrary, illegal and entitled to no respect whatever.

Fifteen years ago, when Fort Sumter was fired upon by men who sought a disruption of the Union, a million patriots, without regard to party affiliations, sprang to its defense. Will the same patriotic citizens now sit by idly and see the representative government overthrown by usurpation and fraud? Shall the will of forty millions of people, constitutionally expressed, be thwarted by the corrupt, arbitrary, and illegal action of an illegally constituted returning board in Louisiana, whose wrongful action heretofore, in all respects similar to its present action, has been condemned by all parties? It is an admitted fact that Mr. Tilden received a majority of a quarter of a million of the votes at the recent election. This majority is ready and willing to submit to the minority when constitutionally entitled to demand such submission; but it is not willing that, by an arbitrary and false declaration of the votes in Louisiana, the minority shall usurp the power.

These are dark days for the American people when such questions are forced upon their consideration. If it were true, as some insist, that neither the white nor the colored voters have, in all instances, been afforded an opportunity to give free expression to their wishes at the ballot box, shall we, by sustaining a fraudulent and illegal declaration of the votes cast, stifle the voices of the millions of voters who have freely expressed their choice, and thus seek to correct a great wrong by committing another immeasurably greater wrong? Can we sanction such action of the Louisiana returning board, and thereby form a precedent, under the authority of which a party once in power may forever perpetuate its rule, and so end constitutional liberty? Shall such be the fate of this republic at the beginning of the second century of its existence? are the momentuous questions now presented for the determination of the American people.

(Signed,) JNO. M. PALMER,
LYMAN TRUMBULL,
WILLIAM BIGLER,
GEO. B. SMITH,
GEO. W. JULIAN,
P. H. WATSON.

The Brooklyn Disaster — Number of Deaths and Identifications.

NEW YORK, 11.—The *Tribune* gives a carefully prepared list of the names of all the persons absolutely known to have been lost in the Brooklyn Theatre fire. This list gives a total of 271, of these the remains of 217 have been identified.

Both Sides Will Fire Salutes.

The *Times* special says the Chicago republicans will fire 185 guns to-morrow. The democrats will reply by firing 201 in honor of Tilden.

A Democratic Clerk Assassinated.

VICKSBURG, 11.—John P. Briscoe, a prominent democratic chancery clerk, of Clayborne County, was assassinated on Saturday last, while out hunting, two miles from Port Gibson. He was the only witness against the negroes who fired on the sheriff's posse on October 29th.

Benefit for the Sufferers.

PITTSBURG, 11.—At the benefit for the sufferers of the Brooklyn disaster, at the Opera House, to-night, there was a very large attendance.

AN ACT

To amend the act entitled "An act to encourage the growth of timber on western prairies."

[CONCLUDED.]

SEC. 5. That no land acquired under the provisions of this act shall in any event become liable to the satisfaction of any debt or debts contracted prior to the issuing of certificate therefor.

SEC. 6. That the Commissioner of the General Land-Office is hereby required to prepare and issue such rules and regulations, consistent with this act, as shall be necessary and proper to carry its provisions into effect; and that the registers and the receivers of the several land-offices shall each be entitled to receive two dollars at the time of entry, and the same sum when the claim is finally established and the final certificate issued.

SEC. 7. That the fifth section of the act entitled "An act in addition to an act to punish crimes against the United States, and for other purposes," approved March third, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, shall extend to all oaths, affirmations, and affidavits required or authorized by this act.

SEC. 8. That parties who have already made entries under the act approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, of which this is amendatory, shall be permitted to complete the same upon full compliance with the provisions of this act.

Approved, March 13, 1874.

WOOL! WOOL!!

WOOL.

WANTED,

100,000 POUNDS

OF

WOOL!

OF

GOOD MERCHANTABLE QUALITY,

FOR WHICH WILL BE PAID

One-third in money and two-thirds in our Factory Cloth on delivery of the Wool.

APPLY TO

JOHN R. HASLAM,

At Prest. Brigham Young's.

d165

DAVIS, HOWE & CO.,

FOUNDRY & MACHINE SHOP,

SUCCESSORS TO

NATHAN DAVIS & SONS.

All kinds of Milling and Mining Machinery, Wrought and Cast Ironwork, manufactured to order.

Water Jacket, Tuyeres, Slag Pots and Carts, Bullion Moulds, Furnace Plates, Hoisting Machinery, Car Wheels and Axles, etc., etc.

Also Brass Work of all descriptions.

First West Street,

NEAR NORTH TEMPLE ST., S. L. CITY.

d167

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Keep Them Before the Public.

F. Auerbach & Bro.

Sell dry goods, fancy goods, millinery, clothing, boots and shoes, hats and caps, notions, etc.

Joe. Barker

Sharpens saws, repairs stoves, and does all cutlery, lock and gunsmith work.

Calder & Careless

Sell Mason & Hamlin and other organs, pianos, fancy goods, holiday presents, and all kinds of musical instruments and merchandise, and take second-hand pianos and organs in exchange.

Dr. A. W. Calder,

Practises in dentistry.

G. F. Culmer & Co.

Sell family groceries, window glass, and home-made sashes.

Davis, Howe & Co.

Do all kinds of milling and mining machinery work, wrought and cast iron work, and iron and brass work of all descriptions.

Day & Co.,

Sell dry goods, boots and shoes, hats and caps, family groceries, flour, feed and grain, double-barreled shotguns and general merchandise, and buy dried fruit.

Deseret National Bank

Does various banking business and receives savings on interest.

Deseret Carriage and Wagon Co

(Walker, Knight, Rees and Oblad) Make and repair all kinds of vehicles to order, wagons and carriages, mining cars, etc., and do all kinds of blacksmithing and carriage painting and trimming.

Dinwoodey

Sells the very best live geese feathers, walnut lumber furniture and baby wagons.

George Dunford,

Sells, boots, shoes and slippers, hats and caps, wholesale and retail.

O. L. Eliason

Is a practical clock and watchmaker.

Geo. C. Ferguson

Does all kinds of watch and clock making, repairing and cleaning.

Daniel Grenig.

Sells staple and fancy groceries, provisions, etc.

John R. Haslem,

At President B. Young's, buys good merchantable wool.

Jake Husser & Bro.,

(Successors to J. H. Hague), deal in guns, pistols, ammunition and fishing tackle, and do practical gunsmithing.

David James

Does anything in the tin, sheet iron and copper-smith line, also in the gasfitting line.

Jennens & Grant,

Are agents for various American and foreign fire insurance companies.

Wm. Jennings, Sons & Sadler,

Deal in notions, staple ad fancy dry goods and groceries, boots and shoes, hats and caps, hardware, crockery and general merchandise.

Fred J. Keisel & Co.,

Corinne, buy wheat, oats and barley.

Latimer, Taylor & Co.,

Sell lumber, shingles, sash and doors, moulding and frames, and everything in the building line.

The Provo Manufacturing Company.

James Dunn, Supt., makes and sells all sorts of woolen goods.

R. Matthews & Co.

Make and sell bath sand tablets, perfumed toilet soap, scouring soap, essence of ginger, writing fluid, etc.

P. Margetts,

City malt and spirituous liquor store, sells malt and spirituous liquors, wines, etc., by the pint, quart or keg. Also makes a specialty of genuine English Ale and Old Tom Gin.

James McGhie

Sells all kinds of Wasatch woolen mills home-made cloth, and buys wool.

W. H. Miles

Makes Brushes to order.

A. Miner

Does business as attorney and counselor-at-law.

Morris & Evans

Deal in mantles and grates and fine stone work.

Morton & Tufts

Sell wines and liquors, wholesale and retail.

Howard Sebree

Sells the Bain Wagon, Wood Mower and Reaper, Paddock Sulky Rake, Oliver Chilled Plow, Concord buggies and carriages, plows, harrows, cultivators, wagon timber, etc.

Sierrra Nevada Lumber Association,

Sells sash, mouldings, shingles, doors, blinds, lath, wood pumps and water pipes cheap, at wholesale and retail.

Robert Smith.

Is agent for the Red Canyon and Rock Springs Coal.

P. Schwartz

Sells dress goods, shawls, flannels and other kinds of dry goods, also steam washing machines.

C. W. Stayner,

Attorney and notary public, secures patents and caveats for inventors, and gives information concerning the same.

Taylor & Cutler

Sell all kinds of general merchandise.

Taylor's Hotel

With or without board. Mrs. S. J. Rodgers keeps table.

S. P. Teasdel

Sells family groceries, parasols, summer prints, dress goods, gents' clothing, boots and shoes, ladies shoes, children's shoes, and dry goods and merchandise generally.

James Townsend

Keeps the Townsend House.

Tuckfield & Sons,

Supply new grates, backs, etc., for all kinds of stoves, buy old iron, etc.

Walker Bros.

Sell dry goods, groceries, hardware, glass and crockery ware, and merchandise generally, wholesale and retail.

Workingmen's Co-operative Association,

Make and sell first class boots and shoes, repair boots and shoes, etc.

Z. C. M. I.

Sell dry goods, groceries, carpets, hardware, crockery and glassware, boots and shoes, hats and caps, leather and findings, and all sorts of general merchandise, wholesale and retail.

Zion's Savings Bank and Trust Company

Does a general banking business, and receives deposits in sums as low as one dollar.

G. W. RHUGO, M.D.

Physician and Surgeon.

CHRONIC DISEASES

—A SPECIALITY.—

OFFICE in Colebrook's building, SALT LAKE.

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Great Western Iron Company, are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of the Stockholders of said Company, held at Nicholas Groesbeck's Office, Wasatch Buildings, Salt Lake City, Utah Territory, on Monday the 4th day of December, A. D. 1876, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of voting upon the question of issuing mortgage bonds of said company, and executing a mortgage of all the property of said company to secure the payment thereof.

All stockholders are requested to be present in person or by proxy.

H. S. ELDREDGE,
President of Great Western Iron Co.
Salt Lake City, Nov. 3d, 1876. d 226.

SMALL-POX.

PREVENTIVE STILL SELLS.

CALL and get a Homœopathic Medical work gratis, at the People's Drug Store, Homœopathic Pharmacy,

Dr. Crockwell & Son,

No. 20 First South St., Salt Lake City.

MOSLEM CORDIAL.

The Great Turkish Remedy, cures Nervous Debility, General Debility, and all diseases of the BRAIN, SPINE and HEART. Call and get circulars.

Dr. Crockwell guarantees to cure all chronic diseases and female complaints. NO CURE, NO PAY. For office professional services. He also guarantees to relieve *LEAD POISON* in THREE DAYS for ten dollars.

O. L. ELIASON,

Practical Watch & Clock Maker,

JEWELER, ETC.,

BEGS to inform his friends that he has

REMOVED

To Three Doors East of Dinwoodey's Furniture Store,

FIRST SOUTH STREET.

"THROW PHYSIC TO THE DOGS!"

City Malt and Spirituous

LIQUOR STORE

93 Kimball Block, Opposite Meat Market, 1st South Street,

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

P. MARGETTS,

Proprietor, will be glad to serve friends in town and country with the best of Malt and Spirituous

LIQUORS, WINES, &c.,

By the pint, quart or keg, at reasonable rates.

GIVE ME A CALL!

Genuine ENGLISH ALE and OLD TOM GIN a Specialty. d232

NOTICE!

THOSE having claims against or owing the estate of J. Pugmire must present them on or before 10 months from August 1st, 1876. By order of

H. DINWOODEY,
SAML. BENNION, } Executors.

GET THE BEST

IN BUYING A STOVE, the best proves to be the cheapest. Stoves manufactured by Rathbone Sard & Co. have stood the test for thirty-five years, and their pattern take the lead of all other manufacturers.

d 223 Z. C. M. I.

CUT FLOWERS.

DURING the winter months I will have for sale, all kinds of cut flowers, including *Camelias*, white and red, *Chinese Primroses*, single and double, different colors, *Azaleas*, different colors, *Bouwardias*, different colors, *Fuchsias*, different kinds, *Stevias*, eupatomins, *Carnations*, *Roses and Rose Buds*, different colors, very fine, geraniums, different colors, Abutilons, different kinds, Heliotropes and many other various kinds. Flowers in pots and hanging baskets for sale. Cash, store orders, Brigham and Tithing orders and provisions taken in pay. Visitors are welcome to see my greenhouse, where I will be every day.

O. F. DUE,

Two blocks north of the Valley House, Salt Lake City. d 284

D. L. SKIDMORE, Prest & Treas. C. HARRIS, Secretary

WESTERN OIL COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

RAILWAY AND MACHINERY OILS

CAR and AXLE GREASE,

No. 812, MAIN STREET, ST. LOUIS. d127

FAIRBANKS'

STANDARD

SCALES,

ALL SIZES.

Fairbanks & Co.,

302 & 304 Washington Ave.

ST. LOUIS. d127

L. M. RUMSEY & CO

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

Pumps and Fire Engines

Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Iron Pipe Fittings, Belting, Hose, Packing and Agricultural Implements.

NORTH MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS, MO d97

$20, $50, $100, $200, $500

ALEX. FROTHINGHAM & Co. Bankers and Brokers, No. 12 Wall St. New York, make for customers desirable investments of large or small amounts in stocks of a legitimate character, which frequently pay from five to twenty times the amount invested every thirty days. Reliable Stock Privileges negotiated at favorable rates. Stocks bought and carried as long as desired on deposit of three to five per cent.

Circulars and Weekly Reports sent free. d232 cod

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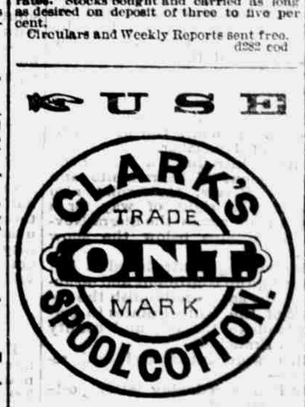

GEO. A. CLARK, SOLE AGENT.

It is the Best Made.

A Complete Assortment

FOR SALE BY

Z. C. M. I.

And Branch Stores throughout the Territory. d140

$50 to $5000 Invested in Stocks and Stock privileges, often leads to fortune. Speculators should call or write for 72 page book, "Men and Idioms of Wall Street," giving the highest and lowest prices for 15 years and other valuable information, SENT FREE TO ANY ADDRESS.

Stock Privileges on most reliable houses Profits paid in Cash. No liability beyon first cost. Stocks bought on small margins. Orders executed by mail and telegraph and prompt returns made. For orders and information, address

JOHN BICKLING & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
72 BROADWAY, N. Y.
d201

UTAH SOUTHERN RAILROAD

On and after May 20th, 1876,

Going South.

Name of Station.	No. 1 Passenger.	No. 3 Freight.	No. 5 Freight.	Fare.
Trains leave	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	
Salt Lake	7 00	6 10	2 30	
Little Cottonwood	7 28	6 45	3 05	50
Junction	7 48	7 15	3 35	75
Arrive at				
Sandy	7 53	7 25	3 45	1 00
Leave	m'rn'g			
Sandy	8 03			
Draper	8 18			1 25
Lehi	9 18			1 75
American Fork	9 20			1 80
Pleasant Grove	9 32			1 90
Provo	10 18			2 50
Springville	10 36			2 75
Spanish Fork	10 51			3 00
Payson	11 23			3 50
Santaquin	11 43			4 00
Arrive at	M.			
Terminus	12 00			4 0

Going North.

Name of Station.	No. 2 Passenger.	No. 4 Freight.	No. 6 Freight.	Fare.
Trains leave	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	
Terminus	12 20			
Santaquin	12 57			25
Payson	1 17			50
Spanish Fork	1 49			1 00
Springville	2 05			1 25
Provo	2 25			1 50
Pleasant Grove	3 08			1 00
American Fork	3 20			10
Lehi	3 32			1 25
Draper	4 22			1 75
Arrive at				
Sandy	4 37			
Leave				
Sandy	4 47	9 15	5 00	3 00
Junction	4 51	9 25	5 10	3 25
Little Cottonwood	5 11	9 55	5 40	3 50
Arrive at				
Salt Lake	5 40	10 30	6 15	4 00

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