The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock ~EDITION.~

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 208. TUESDAY, JULY 28, 1896, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXIX

A FINANCIAL PLAN.

The Scheme of the Bankers to Prevent Gold Exports

BY KEEPING EXCHANGE RATES UP.

They Will Supply Bills, Discount Their Own Paper and Establish Credits Abroad to Draw Against.

NEW YORK, July 28.—Referring to replies to much gold exports devised by the committee of foreign bankers and unanimously agreed to by the members of that committee, the Herald this morning says:

The attitude of the bankers toward the customers, it is said, will be to simply assure them that there will be no abnormal supply of bills in the market at low rates. Through discounting their own paper and establishing credits abroad to draw against, the international houses will be able to keep the exchange rates at a figure that will make gold exportation an expensive necessity.

Although officials of the banks who signed with the sub-treasury to restore the reserve disclaim any connection with the foreign bankers, it is generally admitted that the success of the new was made dependent upon the action of the other. Many of the bank depositors would not have parted with their gold had they not been assured that the foreign houses would arrange some plan whereby the metal might be retained in the country. They saw no use of paying it into the treasury if it was to be promptly withdrawn and in consequence the foreign bankers' action was a necessity.

There has been considerable discussion as to the amount of exchange that will be necessary to tide over the interval of depression resulting from the agitation of the election. It may be all right and it may be and probably will be, more.

While the period that is considered necessary to make provision for is set down at sixty days, it is uncertain that if the supply of cotton and grain bills in the market be not sufficient to adjust affairs within that time, there the pool will continue to operate for a longer period. The intention is to offset any sudden panic which may follow the ring of demagogues during the campaign.

The workings of the syndicate will of course, entail inconvenience upon individual members, and possibly to some loss of profits. The latter, it is said, will be borne pro rata among the members. The firms that will manage the pool, or as it will be called, the clearing house for exchange are J. P. Morgan & Co., August Belmont & Co., I. Von Hoffman & Co., Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and Lazard Freres, Brooklyn banks will join in this today in the effort to inoculate the reserve inaugurated by New York and joined in by Boston, Philadelphia and Chicago. The movement therefore seems to be infectious and no doubt now remains as to its success and the wisdom of the movement.

Left Short in His Accounts.

SPRINGFIELD, Ore., July 28.—George McKenzie, grand keeper of records and seal of the Knights of Pythias of Oregon, has disappeared and his accounts with the order are about $2,000 short. It is said he has gone to his former home in Canada.

VISITING BRYAN.

The Nominee Sees Friends and Talks About the Situation.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 28.—The stream of visitors to the Bryan home is on the increase. Two of the delegates from Nevada to the St. Louis silver convention, Messrs. Nixon and Davis, autumn home, stopped off here to consult with Mr. Bryan, doubtless upon his probable course in the coming Populist nomination. Mr. Bryan has received a number of telegrams containing suggestions in regard to the action of the Populist convention, and to all of them he responded, in effect, that he will act with deliberation, and that nothing will be done which can be justly criticised by any of the persons who are sincerely interested in the success of the cause of bimetallism. To his replies to these expressions he usually advises all friends of the cause in all parties to refrain from severe criticism of those who, however widely they may differ, otherwise occupy common ground in desiring the future state restoration of the free coinage of silver.

Mr. Bryan expresses the utmost confidence that a wise and gratifying solution of the perplexing conditions will be presented and accepted to our good cause, and that the outcome will be both honorable and satisfactory to all parties. Further than this Mr. Bryan declined to talk in relation to the situation. Every extracting the party calculated to unhinge his plans or jeopardize his success with the Populists. "I must decline to be interviewed concerning the St. Louis convention or its results." However his reticency in other directions was not so pronounced and he found plenty of material for an interesting discussion.

"I received," he said, "another letter from Joel. It was sent to me by a telegraph operator in Montana. This makes the fifth intimate not besides a great many of our best lovers and a letter since. I probe the secret of the last letter but while I am not at all superstitious, under the circumstances I can be not that every omen that seemed to indicate my nomination was intended to insure my defeat at the polls."

On his return from the Populist convention, Governor Holcomb said to Lincoln a cage conveying two very pretty birds, one of the variety commonly known as the canary, which were sent by the Kansas delegation. They were named Kansas and Nebraska.

Five Fatalities in One Day.

QUINCY, Ill., July 28.—There have been five accidents here by drowning or otherwise within twenty-four hours. Frank McLean was killed by an accidental fall from the roof of the Bicker National bank. Herbert Harrison, a school teacher, Frederick Gross and Fred Bunnemann, sons of prominent citizens here, were drowned in Bear creek. George Peterson, another youth, was drowned in a pool at Bluffs City Park, and his two brothers were saved only with great difficulty.

Lynched for An Attempted Crime.

SEDALIA, Mo., July 28.—Mart Crawford, 38 years old, employed as a section foreman on the Missouri Pacific, was lynched a few miles from Tipton last evening. He was arrested at Tipton, charged with attempted assault upon Miss Mary Tackley, 16 years old, who arrived at Tipton from Kansas City last Saturday. The girl was en route to Versailles, Morgan county, the home of Crawford, and consented to accompany him to that place in a private conveyance.

Steel Under a New Process.

KANSAS CITY, July 28.—A party of Iowa gentlemen who bought the plant of the Kansas City Steel and Iron works at Argentine, and took possession yesterday. The works will at once be enlarged and steel will be manufactured under a new process.

Arrests in Havana.

HAVANA, July 28.—The police acting upon information received from a boy who owned a small hotel at Bordas, which was frequented by insurgents and their families, arrested Susana Lasday, her father, Juan Pablo, and her nephew, Benigno. They had with them three horses loaded with groceries, etc., and a quantity of cloth and dry goods, evidently intended for the insurgents. In addition, the prisoners were found to have files hidden in their saddlebags.

La Melchera situated twelve miles from Santa Clara, has been burned by the insurgents.

Wisconsin Silver Delegates.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 28.—The silver delegates to the Democratic national convention, have given out their address to the public, replying to the letter published by the gold delegates, headed by Senator Vilas and General Bragg. It is devoted mainly to answering the charges promulgated by the gold men, but goes to some extent into the merits of the silver question. The point is made that the silver delegates forgetting instructions, until the chairman of the Wisconsin delegation refused to allow the vote of the state to be cast for any presidential candidate and that they then obtained permission to cast their votes. In conclusion the Democrats of the state are urged to get together to see to it that silver men are sent to the state convention.

Of Interest to Presbyterians.

NEW YORK, July 28.—Presbyterians all over the United States are interested in a meeting to be held this afternoon in the Fifth avenue hotel, which bears a national complexion, or is so, at least, in its organization. A committee of eleven will compose this meeting and some of the country's most distinguished citizens will be the numbers. Rev. Dr. Willson is chairman. Other men who are ex-President Harrison, who arrived tonight; ex-Governor Beaver of Pennsylvania; John M. Harlan, associate justice of the United States supreme Court, and John Wanamaker, one of the members of President Harrison's cabinet, all of them prominent members of the Presbyterian church and interested in home and foreign missions. Justice Harlan attending by request, as senior elder of Mr. McCormick, the Chicago millionaire. It is to settle the question regarding the missions that this meeting has been called. The affair of the sing white building at 156 Fifth avenue, which cost $300,000, will also be considered.

Falsbank Will Not Pay.

NEW YORK, July 28.—N. K. Fairbank of Chicago has decided for the bottom not to pay the judgment which David Belasco obtained against him in the supreme court for $16,955 based upon a claim for services rendered in transcribing Mrs. Leslie Carter into one of the leading actresses of the day.

He has informed the attorneys for Mr. Belasco that he will take advantage of the time given him by Judge Dugnetch and has served notice of appeal to the appellate division of the supreme court, stating that the verdict was contrary to the evidence and against the weight of the evidence and excessive. It is not likely that the appeal can be heard before the November term of the appellate division of the supreme court.

A THIRD TICKET.

Senator Hill in Favor of One—His Position Defined

CHICAGO, July 28.—A special to the Herald from New York says: Senator Hill is now in favor of a third ticket. This information comes direct from a personal friend of the senator who is a prominent Democrat.

The action of the Populist convention at St. Louis is which seem to have caused Mr. Hill to come to a decision as to his course. The position of the senator is thus outlined by the friend in question as follows:

Mr. Hill has been between two fires from both sides of the party for some time. He could not indorse the Chicago platform, nor could he advocate the election of any candidate who stood upon it. The St. Louis Populist convention only serves to widen the breach between the sound money and silver wings of the party, making it impossible to bridge, as the Western Democrats had practically affiliated with the Populists in advocating the free coinage. Yet Mr. Hill feels that when the marriage state convention meets Mr. Hill will be against the Bryan ticket. The New York senator is similarly following into the footsteps of Flower, Hornblower, Bennett and other eminent men in the empire state.

Senator Hill himself continues conservative and the state committee, which meets at the Hoffman house today will merely decide, it is said, to call the convention at Saratoga without instructing any line of policy.

Adjourned as to Tammany's intentions concerning the Chicago ticket and platform has been set at rest by the issue of a call for a meeting of the executive committee Friday to settle the details for ratifying the ticket. This step was decided upon by Mr. Martin and John C. Sheehan, in accordance with the expressed desires of thirty-two out of thirty-five district leaders of Tammany. Senator Hill and other leaders of the state organization have endeavored to induce Tammany to defer action until after the state convention, but the majority of the district leaders in the wigwam is opposed to any postponement and the ratification meeting to indorse the Chicago ticket will be held next week.

Protection Rather Than Silver.

RENO, Nev., July 28.—The Reno Herald, one of the leading papers of Nevada, has declared its intention to support McKinley and Hobart on the ground that protection instead of silver is the paramount issue at the date ratifying.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The Uganda Railway Bill Passed Its Second Reading.

LONDON, July 28.—The Uganda railway bill passed its second reading in the House of Commons today by a vote of 238 to 85. Sir Mr. Curzon had argued that if talent Britain did not make a railway to the Victoria Nyanza, Germany would do so.

The trades combination bill has passed its third reading.

The Uganda railway, the bill for which was passed its second reading in the House of Commons, is already under contract for. The proposed route is from Mombasa on the Zanzibar coast of East Africa, north-westerly, passing to the north of Kilima Njaro through the country of Wakamba to a point near Kibigo, passing lake Nakwasha, running out upon Victoria Nyanza to Kavirondo at Berkeley Bay at the north-east corner of the lake.

The route is described as being for most of the distance over a gently rolling and then falling, and in places slightly undulating country, touching low at the segmentation of Kilima, with the exception of several steep rises. There is also the Kilima ravine, which has very steep banks 600 feet high and is 300 feet in width, which will require the construction of an iron bridge. It is intended that a iron shall take about days to do the entire journey. It is said that it will only run during the day time and strong permanent stations will be erected at intervals where the trains stop for the night.

Thomas Watson Explains.

NEW YORK, July 28.—Thomas E. Watson, associate for Vice President on the Populist ticket, in a telegram from Thomson, Ga., to the Herald, says: "The executive committee must decide the question of inviting the electors. If Bryan accepts our nomination and Sewall should retire the Texas Populists would probably be in accord with Bryan and Sewall, even though Bryan did not endorse all the platform. I was absolutely sincere when I said I would not accept either place on the Populist national ticket. I thought our party would have no difficulty in making a straight-out Populist ticket and I do not desire either place. I stayed away from the convention purposely to avoid prominence, and the Georgia delegation had positive instructions to allow the use of my name to be forthcoming at the time and save the party. I consented and will abide by the consequences. When I said I would not accept I did not dream that such a crisis could possibly come upon our party."

JAMESON FOUND GUILTY.

Sentenced to Fifteen Months Imprisonment.

LONDON, July 28.—The jury in the Jameson South African case found all the defendants guilty of violating the foreign enlistment act.

Dr. Jameson was sentenced to fifteen months imprisonment without labor. Major John Willoughby to ten months and Major White to seven months; Captain Henry F. Coventry, Col. H. Grey and Col. H. F. White to five months.

Before the lord chief justice, Baron Russell at Kilive, Baron Pollock and Mr. Justice Hawkins, in the queen's bench division of the high court of justice today, the trial of Dr. Jameson, Major John Willoughby, Col. H. Grey, Col. H. F. White, Major H. White and Capt. Henry F. Coventry, charged with violation of the neutrality laws in invading the territory of the South African republic, was concluded. The argument having been conducted yesterday, the chief justice began summing up today. Lord Russell's remarks were distinctly hostile to the defendants. He began by pointing out that none of the facts in the case against prisoners had been contested and said there was no doubt in regard to their having taken it or abetted the proceedings at Pitsani and Malaking, where the invading force were mustered preparatory to entering Transvaal. It was entirely unimportant in the opinion of Lord Russell, whether a foreign enlistment had been proclaimed at the places named in 1895. There was no doubt the expedition was of a military character and whether it was aimed to overthrow the Transvaal government or force a change of laws in the republic, it was equally an expedition against a friendly state.

Democratic State Convention.

NEW YORK, July 28.—The Democratic state convention will be called to meet at Buffalo September 8.

Bryan Will Probably Accept.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 28.—Gov. Hornblower today said he believed Bryan would accept the Populist nomination.

In Nebraska, the governor says, there would certainly be fusion and the Democrats would carry the state.

Explosion of Giant Powder.

VICTOR, Colo., July 28.—An explosion of fifty pounds giant powder used for street work broke the windows in four stores in the center of the town. Many people were cut by glass. None was killed. The city pays the damage, amounting to $5,000. The seriously injured are: Miss Bean, will probably lose his eyes; J. P. Holmes, breast and arm broken; Will Dallinger, head and legs bruised.

PATH OF THE STORM

Wreck and Ruin Wrought by Last Night's Hurricane.

LIVES LOST, DAMAGE TO PROPERTY

A Terrible Hurricane Swept Over the Capital—Supposed to Be Beyond.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 28.—The full extent of the damage wrought by last night's hurricane was not known until daylight when wreck and ruin appeared on all sides. Steeples were blown from churches and adjoining buildings crushed; houses were unroofed and trees broken off or torn up by the roots. Summed up at 6 o'clock this morning, with many outlying districts to hear from, the result was two lives lost and thirty-six injured, some fatally, and property damages to the extent of $100,000. The killed and injured so far as reported are as follows:

Dead—Jacob Alsdorf, aged 15, killed by a falling tree; John Pope, killed by a falling tree.

Injured—Abner Hayes, bright receiver, P. and F. W. and C., struck by lightning, may recover; August Sauerle, Allegheny, family of six, struck by lightning, all to a serious condition; A. M. Bennett and two children, struck by lightning, condition critical; Geo. Miller, Allegheny, badly injured; Frank O'Connor, Jane Street, Charles Schmidt, Frank Dal and Henry Russell, all only injured by falling; Henderson Ritchie, 3 years old, struck by lightning; will not recover; Sidney Gebhardt, struck by lightning, will recover; William Porcelli, young man, struck by lightning; James Brady, janitor of the Reformed parochial school, struck by a falling tough; Policeman A. P. Smith, struck in the back by a board, badly hurt; Mabel Stewart, aged 12, struck by a board.

Three motorcycle tornadoes were broken yesterday. It was the hottest day of the year, the thermometer rising 93 degrees. The tornado for six minutes broke all records, being in fact of six minutes. The tornado then moderate in the weather bureau showed that in forty-five minutes the temperature fell from 93 degrees to 71, and then went back to 84. This sudden change caused the terrible storm to display the sentiment without intermission until midnight.

At Braddock hail caused great damage. When the storm reached Turtle Creek it assumed the worst proportions of a cyclone, doing untold damage. In the oil field derricks were blown down. Sewickley, Claremont, Bellevue and McKee's Rocks suffered severely. In Millvale and Sharpsburg hail caused damage.

Col. Frank Ridgway, the local weather official, said he never had seen a more terrific cyclonic appearance in the storm, and that the city was not visited with a cyclone worse than that which visited St. Louis, is due to the surrounding hills.

The total rainfall in the city was 1.42 inches.

BARRING HOUSE WASHED AWAY.

In last night's storm a boarding house near Cecil, Washington county, was washed away. There were sixteen people in the house and all are supposed to be drowned. The men were foreigners whose names could not be learned, employed on the coal mines of W. P. Hunt near McDonald, Pa. The house stood on the banks of Painter's run. About 4 o'clock this morning the water rose rapidly, and swept the structure from its foundations, carrying it down the stream. Out of the sixteen sleeping in the house but one escaped.

Reports from Cecil at noon say that seven bodies have been recovered. Eight are still missing. The unfortunates were not all foreigners, as at first reported. Among the bodies recovered were those of Higgie Wilkinson, Mrs. McKenna, the keeper of the boarding house, and James McKenna, her son; Jennie Holmes, a domestic, and an unknown old man. The water rose twenty feet in a few minutes.

Turks Defeated by Cretans.

ATHENS, July 28.—A large body of Mussulmans supported by Turkish troops engaged in pillaging the Amalmati district of Crete has been attacked by 1,500 insurgents. The latter drove the Mussulmans and Turkish troops out of the district, inflicting serious losses.

Critical Situation in Africa.

BULAWAYO, July 28.—Imperial troops are being hurriedly pushed to the front from Mashonaland and Mangwel and Fort Tuli. The situation is becoming more serious every day.

SOCIALISTS AND ANARCHISTS.

The Latter Excluded from the Trades Union Congress.

LONDON, July 28.—The international socialists and trades union congress resumed session today at St. Martin's town hall, with Herr Singer, a German socialist presiding. The credentials of the anarchists were closely scrutinized at the door, some being rejected. The anarchists became furious and after fiery remarks from the leaders, made a combined rush for the doors, overturned the doorkeeper and poured into the place in spite of all opposition. This caused a repetition of the exciting and stormy scenes of yesterday.

Tom Mann and James Kierhedy, English labor leaders, spoke in favor of allowing the anarchists to come in. These remarks were wildly applauded by the anarchists. Other English labor leaders made speeches against admitting the anarchists. This brought forth a storm of disapproval from the latter. A few hisses and many angry words were exchanged among the foreigners, who could hardly be prevented by more peaceful men from engaging in a general free fight. Eventually order were given to put out the disturbers of the peace and when some show of order was made, order was restored, and the debate resumed. After the speeches for and against admission of the anarchists, it was agreed the question should be decided shortly, Dainesky, Louise Michel, should be permitted to be present.

After several hours of additional discussion, the congress voting by national delegations, the 2 votes resulted in 152 to 21, the effect of which is to exclude the anarchists. During the voting polling, so thing, and friends of Spain are to send the heart of English men against instituting the anarchists to the detriment of International Socialists and Trades Union congress.

German Campaign Bureau.

CLEVELAND, O., July 28.—A special German literary campaign bureau has been organized with headquarters at Chicago and New York. Judge Gottschalk of Milwaukee will have full charge. Gottschalk was colonel of Vonnemann's Regiment Hussars.

Suicide and Defiance.

ASHEN, July 28.—The old watch tower on Saturday arising from the killing of a swan by Italians, was burned yesterday evening and continued all night. As houses are every committed serious excesses in the Italian quarter. The streets were overpowered by police and military, and fifty men were arrested.

Clemency to Irish Prisoners.

LONDON, July 28.—The Westminster Gazette says that during the debate on the home office vote on Friday next, Home Secretary the Mathew White Ridley probably will announce the mitigation of the sentence of Irish political prisoners.

Turkish Paper Money.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 28.—It is rumored the Turkish government contemplates to issue paper money.

Mark Hanna in New York.

NEW YORK, July 28.—Mark A. Hanna, chairman of the Republican national committee, arrived from Chicago today. He said he could not give out any notice at present as to his movements while here. He was asked if he came east to consult with the advisory committee. He said: "There is no advisory committee. I am going to advise with every man who knows more than I do, and there are probably a good many of them. I expect Gary now tonight, also Hobart with a few other Republicans. In the afternoon tomorrow we have a meeting of the eastern members of the committee, and we hope soon to have thing settled."

New York Democrats.

NEW YORK, July 28.—The Democratic state committee at a meeting that lasted only 15 minutes today decided to call a convention at Buffalo, Sept. 16th. No other business was considered. Several leaders among the committeemen were questioned as to the probable action of the state convention in regard to the national candidate and platform. The general sentiment was that the candidates will be entirely left out on the subject of the platform there was far less unanimity.

Receiver Appointed.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 28.—Judge Tillinghast of the appellate court today ordered a decree forfeiting the charter of the Commercial Mutual Fire Insurance company, restraining the president and other officers from transacting any insurance business and appointing James C. Collins Jr. receiver.

Paper Manufacturers Fail.

PHILADELPHIA, July 28.—A. G. Elliott & Co., manufacturers and dealers in paper, failed today.

Tom Watson or No Bryan.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 28.—The Populist state convention met this afternoon. J. H. McDowell was elected temporary chairman. He said: "We have nominated the great Tom Watson of Georgia and we are not going to him off under any circumstances. I stand here instructed by General Butler to tell you this. I have instructions from our national chairman to tell you what to do in regard to electors. When the electoral college meets there will be a honored Populist present and they will say we will have the Vice President, or you will not elect Bryan."

The Democratic Campaign.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 28.—It is regarded likely that the Democratic national committee will select Washington for principal headquarters and have a branch in the West. Senator Dubois of Idaho is expected to be a member of the national executive committee and have charge of the western end of the campaign.

The Yard-Butler Divorce Suit.

LONDON, July 28.—In the high court of justice before Sir Francis Henry Jeune, presiding judge, the suit for divorce brought by Walter Yarde-Butler against Mrs. Yarde-Butler, a daughter of the late General Kirkham of San Francisco, was resumed.

Yarde-Butler, according to the wife's testimony, was declared bankrupt in 1888 after which he and wife went to the United States, visiting her friends. While in America Yarde-Butler wrote a confession regarding his conduct toward her and her father, which confession was witnessed by Mr. Majoribanks, their lawyer. All the time Kirkham was supplying Mr. Yarde-Butler with money for their support. Yarde-Butler returned to England in 1891 and eleven months later the wife rejoined him. She went to Cheltenham and found during her absence many of her belongings had been sold, including her wedding gifts. General Kirkham, Mrs. Yarde-Butler also stated, advanced $2,000 to be expended at Cheltenham.

Mrs. Yarde-Butler testified that her husband left her alone at Cheltenham without a servant and that she had done the work of the house while the father was dying of a broken heart thousands of miles away, on account of Yarde-Butler's conduct towards her.

After Kirkham's death it was announced that Mrs. Yarde-Butler had been left a large fortune and her husband rejoined her the same day. But while at Cheltenham, upon this occasion, Yarde-Butler, it seems, ordered his wife out of the house, and told her to go join the servants. She spended better to find the Yarde-Butler under lock, always locked in street out in the cold. Mrs. Yarde-Butler denied her husband's charges against her of immorality and violence towards him.

AT THE SANITARIUM.

A Seventy-Five Foot Trap From the Dome of the Building—Music and Other Items.

The Third Ward street illumination will be the scene of a series of unique and interesting exhibitions this evening. Walter Van Ness, the "human fireball" is scheduled to make a seventy-five foot drop from the dome of the sanitarium, dropping through a blazing trap and extinguishing in the inner Fire. It is said to be a very difficult feat cleverly performed.

The trapping and the Trapeze is scheduled as a very smooth specially exhibition. The event of the evening is a trapeze contest between Professor Van Ness of Detroit and Andy Kalkenow of Fort Douglas, Utah.

There are other interesting features. Proper advertising would doubtless have insured a very large audience. The performances begins at 8 o'clock.

National Guard Order.

Special order No. 1 has been issued by Adjutant General Jos. G. Cannon, N. G. U., accepting the resignation of Major H. W. Erwin of the Second battalion, to take effect August 10th, and First Lieutenant S. E. Cowley, Company I, First Infantry, to take effect July 1st. The order further says:

5. The commissioned officers of the First battalion (A, B, D and E companies) and of the Third battalion (C, F, G and H companies, First Infantry, and those of the First battalion (A, B, D and C companies), Second Infantry, will vote for major of their respective battalions on or before August 25, 1896.

Each officer will indicate his vote in a letter to the adjutant general, marking the envelope "Ballot for field officers" in addition to the letter opened before the designated time. These votes will be opened at 7 o'clock p. m. on August 25, 1896, in the office of the adjutant general and the result will be made known to the officers concerned.

6. Lieutenant Colonel J. H. Dewhurst, First Infantry, is appointed supervisor of an election to be held at Ogden, August 1, 1896, for the purpose of ascertaining the commissioned officers of Company I, First Infantry. Colonel Dewhurst is authorized to call a meeting of the officers of the company for the purpose, and will report the result to the adjutant general.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

JOS. G. CANNON,
Adjutant General.

Police Court.

Lewis Sinclair was in the police court today and shed trial on two counts of assault and battery. Both were committed last Sunday, one against stepdaughter Adelaide Perry, and the other on the person of George Weir. Both charges were proven and post the defendant $15 and 45 respectively.

Andrew Hurt and Barnett Trexler, two lads who had been arrested for stealing iron from the cement company's works in the southwestern part of the city, were arraigned on a charge of petit larceny, to which they pleaded guilty. They were discharged, however, after being lectured to thoroughly by Justice Wenger.

Keepers of gambling houses made forfeits aggregating $175, while the exposés of prostitutes added $540 to the city treasury.

THE GREEN BAG.

Governor Wells went to Scofield today.

The canvass in the joint building has been completed and is insured for $10,000.

Martha J. Clark asks the Third district court for a divorce from her husband, Charles R. Clark.

Deputy County Clerk Dennis has had the mortuarium to rose as usual. Death occurred a few hours after birth.

The preliminary hearing of the Barnes and Hoskins case been again postponed for a week before Judge Harvey.

Elizabeth Hartman is suing her husband, Adolph A. Hartman, for a divorce. The plaintiff also asks $20 per month alimony and the custody of two children.

Geneva A. Kimball, administratrix of the estate of E. Kimball, has commenced an action against W. S. Henderson and Edward Caldwell to collect $3,000 on a promissory note.

The city has filed its answer to the complaint in the case of Thomas Mowers, Clark, McMillan and others to recover alleged city salary in some aggregating $4,200.25. The answer specifically denies the material allegations of the complaint.

John Dunn, recently found guilty of stealing ballast the from the Rapid Transit, has filed, through his attorney, D. M. Morris, a notice of appeal. The case was tried before Judge Harvey and will now go to the district court.

Contractor D. S. Griffin today went to the city's terms on the contract to remove the cobble debris and construct gutters across the streets in his addition. The claims in the contract to which Mr. Griffin objected was one providing for payment for the work should not be made until sixty days after completion of the contract.

Dr. A. C. Mattson has planted suit against the Western Union Telegraph company for $10,000 personal injuries. The amount claimed in the complaint accompanying the suit is follows: Dr. Mattson, $5,000; Dr. Mattson, $1,000; Dr. Hatchen, $500; Dr. Fullerton, $10; Dr. Dodge, $10. The latter complains their names to Dr. Mattson. The claims are for professional services rendered Jennie Mattson.

City Recorder Emery has asked the city attorney for an opinion on the question of assessment of property from tax sales. The new law allows the owner two years in which to make redemption. Mr. Emery considers the question to discover whether or not the two-year law can be extended to property sold while the two-year law was in vogue, but upon which the two-year limit had not then expired.

MR. LANNAN DENIES.

Story of the Sale of the Tribune to a Gold Syndicate Untrue.

STARTED BY A HALF BAKED IDIOT

He Says the Story of the Paper—Judge Lawrence Will Continue to Edit the Paper's Editorials.

For some days past a story has been quietly going the rounds in political circles that the Salt Lake Tribune was about to change hands; that it would pass into the control of a new publishing company, invariable to the election of McKinley and the maintenance of the gold standard.

The reported change involved two propositions—the loan of the entire Tribune plant at a large figure for a period covering the campaign at least, and the outright purchase of the paper and its good will at a price ranging from $100,000 to $200,000. This money was to come from outside sources and a policy directly the opposite of what the paper is now pursuing with reference to national politics was to be inaugurated. And in this connection Judge Dunbaugh was to "walk across the street and the silver editorials for the Herald." But there seems to be a great deal of misunderstanding about the whole affair as will be observed from the interesting manner in which Manager Lannan entered a general denial today. When accosted by a NEWS representative in relation to the matter he was sitting in his business office signing what seemed to be an endless list of checks. He said he had heard the story and knew where and with whom it originated.

"It came," he said to a time and with a preface was by Lamentable Tribune a certain half baked idiot who thinks he is doing good work for his employer by being the talebearer. When I want to talk concerning the matter to one I do not hear it from a newspaper, the bookkeeper said he got the story from a customer, and so it goes."

"No," continued Mr. Lannan, "there is not a word of truth in it. The very mention of it is insulting. The Tribune has neither let loose nor bought during a campaign, not even for a million."

Mr. Lannan's denial was so plain positive that it seemed that it cannot be misunderstood and put a quietus on the report. It became also that Judge Dunbaugh will not walk across the street by the purpose suggested, at least not just yet, and that he will continue to be the presiding genius of the Tribune editorial department for some time to come.

FROM VIRGINIA.

Elder Thomas Rivers and Report Missionary Work in the South.

ELDER MATHONIHAH THOMAS of Farmington, Davis county, Utah, was a caller at the NEWS office last evening, having just returned from his missionary labors in Virginia. He left home April 14, 1894, and spent the whole of his absent time in the state of Virginia, the first fifteen months in general missionary work and the remaining eleven months in presiding over that conference, he being succeeded in that capacity by Elder J. De Grey Dixon of Provo.

There are in the Virginia conference at present nearly 300 Saints, with seven Sunday schools established and three branches of the Church. One branch has its own meeting house recently erected by the Saints, with the assistance of the traveling Elders. The health of the Church members is good and the Elders are enjoying their labors immensely, making many warm and lasting friends, some of whom hold high official positions in the state. Conspicuous among these may be mentioned Dr. C. A. Hyre of Richmond, the editor and publisher of the Southern Church, the leading Methodist magazine of the South and Southwest.

The missionaries have succeeded in allaying much prejudice formerly existing against the Mormons, and have been so successful in their labors that the Hungarian church denomination which sent his missionaries in the same field, shows extreme hostility, which is thought to be in the form of tirades of abuse. Their efforts, however, have not strengthened the cause of truth and weakens that which they are striving to fortify.

The Saints of Virginia hold a very interesting and largely attended conference at Mount View church, Roanoke county, on July 11 and 12, at which time some little opposition was attempted, but the efforts of those so inclined did not avail them much. Elder Thomas visited Columbus, Ohio, and Kansas City, Mo., on his return trip. At the latter place he met a number of Elders of the Northern States mission, with whom he visited the historic spot of Independence. The Northern States mission is in a prosperous condition and success there is very similar to that which crowns the labors of the Elders in the South.

Disappeared from Home.

An old lady named Vaughan wandered away from her home on Sunday the 26th and has not been seen or heard from since. She is 75 years old, short in stature, can not talk English, and is very hard of hearing. She wore a light colored calico dress and blue shoes and black straw hat at the time of her disappearance. Her home is at the corner of Fifth South and Tenth West.

Any information regarding her will be thankfully received by her family.