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Last Night's Dispatches.

EASTERN.

Denies the Wheat Corner.

NEW YORK, 21.—Keene admits the grain speculation, but denies any attempt to make a corner.

Paid Under Protest.

WASHINGTON, 21.—Minister Welch, in handing Lord Salisbury the $5,500,000 fishery award, handed also a communication, in which, under instructions from Washington, he stated the payment was made because the United States desires to maintain the value and good faith of the arbitration and treaties between nations, and above all with Great Britain. With this motive, our government reserves the question of the obligation to pay the amount; although it does not withhold it. The United States government also wishes it understood that the amount awarded by the Halifax commission cannot be understood as furnishing a precedent, or fixing the value of the benefits accruing to her fishermen on the banks of Newfoundland. It protests against the actual payment being considered by her majesty's government as acquiescence in any such measures.

Sherman and the Indian Bureau Transfer.

General Sherman, to-day, said, with regard to the transfer of the Indian Bureau to the War Department, that such a transfer is not desirable in view of the fact that it would entail a great deal of extra responsibility and care on the army. He said, however, the whole matter rests on the proposition that either the Indian Bureau must come to the War Department or the army be turned over to the Interior Department to protect the Indian Bureau. The General thinks the recent departure of Cheyenne Indians from their reservation was because they were starving, and he is of the opinion that the problem of controlling the Indians rests in the ability of those who have charge of them to keep the supplies, appropriated for them by Congress, on the ground near their reservation, and not hundreds of miles away.

Saloon Keepers Fined.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, 21.—Judge Lewis, of the district court, to-day, sentenced 25 Sioux City saloon keepers, under the State prohibitory liquor law, to a fine of $50 and costs each. All paid.

Arrest of Angell, the Defaulter.

CHICAGO, 21.—A midnight cablegram has just been received by George M. Pullman, from the American consul at Lisbon, Portugal, stating that Charles W. Angell, the defaulting secretary of the Pullman Palace Car Company has been arrested there and that $80,000 of the money taken by him has been found on his person. It is believed there will be little difficulty in securing his extradition.

The War and Interior Departments—Cost of Indian Transfer.

Papers here, to-morrow, will publish the original document regarding which there has been some controversy between the war and interior departments. From this publication it appears that the statements originally made by Gen. Pope and endorsed by Lieut. Gen. Sheridan were that the Interior department, in ordering the transfer of the Kiowa and Comanche Indians from Fort Sill to the Wichita agency saved only the salary of the Fort Sill agent, some $1,500, while it rendered necessary an outlay of tens of thousands of dollars for the preparation of the Wichita agency to receive the Indians, and left the valuable Fort Sill property unoccupied and useless. Generals Pope and Sheridan protested strongly against this as unwise economy.

The Secretary of the Interior's reply to those statements has been made public. Gen. Sheridan, upon receiving it back, endorsed it with references to the extravagance which has attended the previous removals of agencies, and remarks that long observation has demonstrated that the main cause for such removals as hostility to army officers on account of their official reports. These remarks, he says, are intended to apply to the management of Indian affairs for the last 25 years.

Regarding the case in point, he has a full, personal acquaintance with Forts Sill and Wichita, and knows that Fort Sill has an abundant supply of excellent pure water, fine soil and beautiful surrounding country.

He concludes: "I know nothing in the relations of the military to the civil administration which should prevent me calling the attention of my superiors to an unnecessary waste of public money through the bad administration of the Indian Bureau. Secretary Sherman appends a strong endorsement to the above."

Arrested for Bribery, etc.

CHARLESTON, S. C., 21.—United States Commissioner Wiggin, who has been making election arrests in Barnwell, was arrested on the charge of having accepted a bribe to compromise a case when state solicitor in 1873. He was released to-day on bail.

Commissioner Samuel Lee, of Sumpter, who is also probate judge, was arrested yesterday at Sumpter, for failure to open the office of the probate judge. He refused to give bail and went to jail.

Fatal Coal Mine Explosion.

SULLIVAN, 21.—A terrible coal mine explosion occurred at the Sullivan coal mines to-day, caused by the ignition of lamp flames with gas. A terrific velocity was added by the fact of there being eight kegs of powder below. There were 32 men in the mine at the time, and the scene beggars description. Thirteen were killed outright, eight or ten wounded, and many of the others suffered so from suffocation that their lives hang by a thread. The excitement is so great that it is impossible to get at the names of the unfortunates. Tom and Sam Hanford, two of the proprietors, are known, however, to be killed. A great crowd of relatives, consisting mostly of women, have gathered around the ill-fated mine, and their lamentations are pitiful.

A Negro Lynched.

LAGRANGE, Ky., 21.—Last night, 9 armed men aroused James Russell, jailor, from his bed and took the jail keys from him, went to the jail, secured a negro ravischer, Geo. Williams, took him two miles west of this place and hung him. The negro confessed that he had ravished the eight-year old daughter of Jack Barbour.

WESTERN.

Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, 21.—A better feeling prevailed in stocks this afternoon. It is understood and generally believed that the Flood & Co. and Skae combination controlling the Sierra Nevada, have compromised all differences.

Shoots his Wife.

George W. Smith, a cooper by occupation, shot and killed his wife this afternoon. She had separated from him on account of his cruel treatment, and refused to return. After the murder, Smith attempted to shoot himself, but failed. Mrs. Smith is a native of New York, aged 24 years.

Arrival of Whalers.

During the past 30 days, 17 whalers have arrived at this port from the north, bringing 7,700 barrels of oil, 60,500 pounds of whalebone and 28,000 pounds of ivory.

The *Siberia* is the only vessel now expected and she will not add materially to the above totals. The catch is unusually light.

Yield of Precious Metals.

The October yield of precious metals on the Pacific Coast is estimated at $3,250,100, the highest month for years.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Afghanistan Difficulty—England's Relations with the Ameer—The British Force Advancing.

LONDON, 21.—The dispatch published by government from Lord Cranbrook, secretary of state for India, to Lord Lytton, is an indictment of the frontier policy of Gladstone and the admission and defense of the policy of the present government. It says the consistent aim of the British Government, during a series of years, has been to establish on its north-western border a strong, friendly and independent state, with interests in unison with those of the Indian government and ready to act, in certain eventualities, as an auxiliary in protecting the frontier from foreign intrigue and oppression. It was considered that the objects of the British government would be best obtained by winning the friendship and the alliance of Shere Ali and his people by a friendly recognition of the existing order of things, and a policy of none-interference. The outposts of Russia were then distant from the borders of Afghanistan, and his lordship's government attached no special importance to the probability and danger of the growth of the former power in the direction of India, which they considered would, in any case, best be restrained or rendered innocuous by a friendly understanding on the subject between the English and Russian cabinets, and early in 1869 friendly negotiations were initiated at St. Petersburg, which terminated in a very distinct understanding and in a recognition, by the Czar's government, of the limits of the Ameer's territories, in complete accord with the wishes of Shere Ali and the British government.

The capture of Khiva by the forces in the spring of 1873, and the total subordination of that Khanate to Russia, caused Shere Ali considerable alarm and led him to question the value of the pledges with reference to Afghanistan which had been given by the Czar to England and communicated by England to the Ameer. Lord Northbrook was prepared to assure the Ameer that, under certain conditions, the government of India would assist him to repel an unprovoked aggression, but her majesty's government at home did not share his highness' apprehension and the viceroy ultimately informed the Ameer that the discussion of the question would be best postponed to a more convenient season. The effect of this announcement on his highness, although conveyed in conciliatory language, was not favorable.

The policy which dictated it was unintelligible to his mind and he received it with feelings of chagrin and disappointment. His reply was couched in terms of ill disguised sarcasm. He took no notice of the viceroy's proposal to depute a British officer to examine the northern frontier of Afghanistan, he subsequently refused permission to Sir Douglas Forsythe to return from Kashgar to India through Cabul. He left untouched a gift of money lodged to his credit by the Indian government and generally assumed towards it an attitude of sullen reserve. Such was the position of affairs when her majesty's present advisers assumed office. The maintenance of Afghanistan as a strong friendly power had at all times been the object of British policy. The method adopted in obtaining that object had not met with the success that was desirable. Its accomplishment was nevertheless a matter of grave importance and is felt now to be considered with reference to the rapid march of events in Turkistan. Her Majesty's government could not view with indifference the probable influence of those events upon the character of an Asiatic prince, whose dominions were thereby brought within a steadily narrowing circle between two great military empires, and although no immediate damage appeared to threaten British interests on the frontier, the Afghanistan position in Central Asia had become sufficiently grave to suggest the necessity of timely precaution.

Her Majesty's government considered that the first step necessary was an improvement in their relations with the Ameer Shere Ali. Consequently, when Lord Lytton was sent to India, he was instructed to offer the Ameer the protection he previously solicited, namely—substantial pecuniary aid, a recognition of his dynasty, and a pledge of material support against unprovoked foreign aggression, conditionally upon the Ameer allowing the British agents to have access to positions in his territory, except Cabul, where they could acquire trustworthy intelligence of events likely to threaten the tranquility and independence of Afghanistan. Such access was necessary as a substantial proof the unity of the Ameer's interests with those of Great Britain.

The abortive ending of the mission of Colonel Sir Lewis Kelly is then narrated, and the facts are brought out that the offers to the Ameer were exceedingly liberal and the demands upon him not oppressive, but he met both by rehearsals of grievances, dating from 1872, and though the negotiations at Peshawur were terminated by the death of the Ameer's envoy, yet Shere Ali's language and conduct had been so informal as to justify Lord Lytton in assuming that his overtures were practically rejected. The Ameer persisted in his unfriendly isolation and ultimately, having two year's ago declined to receive a British envoy, even temporarily, within his territory, on the ground that he could not guarantee his safety, received Russia's envoy, who was received with every appearance of ostentation, also an embassy from the Czar dispatched to his court at a time when there were indications that an interruption of friendly relations between this country and Russia might be imminent.

In these circumstances your excellency represented to her majesty's government that the policy of inaction could no longer be persisted in, and that the Ameer's reception of the Russian mission at such a time and under such circumstances left him no further excuse for declining to receive, at his capital, an envoy from the British government. Your excellency proposed, therefore, to demand the reception of a mission to Cabul, headed by an officer of rank, in the person of General Sir Neville Chamberlain, whose name and family are held high in esteem by the Ameer. The conduct of the Ameer in refusing to receive the mission was wholly without justification. He was aware, from various communications addressed to him by your excellency and predecessors, that the Russian government had given assurances to the government of Her Majesty to regard his territories as completely beyond his sphere of action. He was equally aware that the whole policy of the British government, since his accession to the throne, had been to strengthen his power and authority, and to protect him from foreign aggression, although the methods adopted for doing so may not have accorded with his highness' own view. He had received from the British government evidences of good will, manifested by large gifts of money and arms, as well as by its successful efforts in obtaining from the Czar's government, its formal recognition of the fixed boundary, agreeable to himself, between his kingdom and the neighboring Khanates. His subjects had been allowed to pass freely throughout India, to the great benefit of the trade and commerce of his own country, and in no single instance has the Ameer himself, or any of his people, been treated unjustly or inhospitably within British jurisdiction. By every bond of international courtesy, as well as by the treaty engagement of 1855, existing between the two countries, binding him to be the friend of our friends and the enemy of our enemies, the Ameer was bound to a line of conduct the reverse of that which he adopted.

Her Majesty's government was unwilling to accept the evasive letter brought from Cabul by Sawab Gholam Hussein Kahn, as Shere Ali's final answer, and determined to give him a short time for reconsideration. While, therefore, her Majesty's government acknowledged fully as binding on them the pledges given by Sir Neville Chamberlain to friendly chiefs and the people who undertook the safe conduct of his mission, they desired to make an effort to avert the calamities of war, and with this object instructed your excellency to address to his highness a demand in temperate language, requiring full and suitable apology within a given time for the affront which he had offered to the British government, the reception of a permanent British mission within his territories and reparation for any injury inflicted by him on the tribes who attended General Sir Neville Chamberlain and Major Cavagnari, as well as undertaking not to molest them hereafter. These instructions were promptly carried into effect by your excellency's government, and the Ameer has been informed unless a clear and satisfactory reply be received from him by the 20th of November, you will be compelled to consider his intentions as hostile and to treat him as a declared enemy. It only remains for me to assure your excellency of the cordial support of her Majesty's government in the onerous circumstances in which you are placed, and to state that I have received the commands of her Majesty to publish this dispatch for the general information of the public, in anticipation of the papers connected with the important question with which it deals.

Lapore, 21.—The British force advancing from Quettah has arrived at Kushtak, 10 miles distant. The cold is intense. About 100 men are sick in each regiment. Warm clothes are urgently required. Anxiety is felt regarding the weather. A proclamation of the Viceroy has been read to the Belooch chiefs, stating that war will only be waged against the Ameer, and advising the people to remain at their homes. The Quettah column numbers 5,280 men. A division commanded by Lieut-General Donald Stewart, numbering 6,830 men, has left Mooltan for Quettah.

FOUND.
ON the State Road, a Sack containing clothing. The owner can have by applying to S. P. Teeple's Store, Main street.

16th School District
A MEETING of the legal voters of the 16th School District of Salt Lake City, will be held at the school rooms of said district, on Monday, December 2d, 1878, at 7 o'clock p.m., for the transaction of business pertaining to said District.
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