DESERET EVENING NEWS.

Saturday, - - February 17, 1894.

FRAGMENTS.

Sunbeams at polished Utah carpets are becoming quite pleasant in view.

Mr. C. R. Savage has quite a collection of Indian relics on exhibition in his show window; they have just been brought in.

The regular session of the W. S. A. will be held Tuesday February 20th, at 2 p.m. - Mrs. McCune's No. 79 West South Temple street. M. E. Irvine, Secy.

A rare sap house was opened in the Metropolitan Building on West Temple street today for the benefit of the many tenants who have recently drifted in to the city.

Texas was an effort by the promoters of the scheme to secure the creation of the 46th municipality, but to have a special meeting of the City Council held tonight to consider the matter but the scheme failed to see the necessity for an extra meeting.

The police last night discovered that the handsome residence of Mr. Barnes at the corner of West and South Temple streets had been entered and ransacked by burglars. Mrs. Barnes is in San Francisco and the residence was unoccupied. As a result the officers are unable to determine what was stolen.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Regular services of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints will be held tomorrow at 2 o'clock in the Tabernacle; Sunday Schools in the various Wards at 10 a.m., and meetings in the city Ward Assembly Rooms and adjacent wards as follows:

Ward.	Time.	Ward.	Time.
First	2 p.m.	Fourteenth	2 p.m.
Second	2 p.m.	Fifteenth	2 p.m.
Third	2 p.m.	Sixteenth	2 p.m.
Fourth	2 p.m.	Seventh	2 p.m.
Fifth	2 p.m.	Eighteenth	2 p.m.
Sixth	2 p.m.	Nineteenth	2 p.m.
Seventh	2 p.m.	Twenty-first	2 p.m.
Eighth	2 p.m.	Twenty-second	2 p.m.
Ninth	2 p.m.	Twenty-third	2 p.m.
Tenth	2 p.m.	Twenty-fourth	2 p.m.
Eleventh	2 p.m.	Cache	2 p.m.
Twelfth	2 p.m.	Sugar House	2 p.m.
Thirteenth	2 p.m.	Fremont	2 p.m.

Scandinavian Meeting at Assembly Hall, 10 a.m.

German Meeting at Social Hall, 10 a.m.

Home missionaries in the city wards tomorrow evening.

The News is requested to publish the following:

A sermon for the Knights of Pythias, on Friendship, will be given in the Tabernacle tomorrow morning by Rev. David Utter. Everybody cordially invited.

Cheyenne Athletic Club.

The organization of an athletic club in Laramie seems to have suggested the idea to a number of Cheyennoes. A meeting will be held there for that purpose. The *Leader* says: "Competent instructors will be employed and the expenses made as light as can be consistently. There are at Knox hall all the appliances necessary so that the expense will be inconsiderable. Laramie has an athletic club that is doing a great deal of good to its members and there is no reason why such a club cannot be run successfully here."

Utah University.

Chancellor Harkness Resents a Slur as to Its Extravagance.

SALT LAKE CITY,
February 15, 1894.

Editor Evening News:

The Salt Lake Tribune, in an editorial of the 15th inst., comments on the report of the committee of the Legislature on ways and means and its estimates for Territorial purposes for 1894 and 1895. The demand for rigid economy and a more intelligent and the manner in which the revenues of the Territory are expended is right, and it would have been still better if such methods had been adopted years ago, and a little foresight used as to where we were drifting. But in seeking ways for retrenchment, discrimination should be used and its results should have, at least, a moderate amount of information on the subject, and if the editor of the *Tribune* had been correctly informed in regard to the University, he never would have assumed some of the remarks in his article.

Guardian is made to the committee's estimate of $30,000 for two years, and it is said $5,000 per month is too much. While the estimate of the committee is only $2,500 per month or ten months in each year, any one who will investigate the needs of the University will find $5,500 for each calendar month is not too much and it is only a question of whether it can be given.

Again, the editor thinks the duties of school commissioner could be performed free of charge by one of the many fancy officers of the University of Chicago." It is an entirely clear what is meant by "fancy officers" of that school, possibly the word "fancy" covers; but it is clear the sentence is a vicious sneer at the institutions and their management, and could only have sprung from the greatest ignorance or disregard of the facts.

The deaf mute school is a part of the University, has an enrollment of over forty pupils, who during the school year are boarded, lodged and instructed. They require a large number of teachers in proportion to the number of pupils. The Standard shows it costs $25,000 to maintain the Reform School two years, and the number of inmates averages less than the number of pupils in the deaf mute school, and I have no reason to believe there is extravagance in the management of the Reform school.

The normal school has an average of about two hundred pupils, and they take a three or four years' course. The number of pupils cannot be classified and properly instructed, not only in literary studies but in the theory and practice of teaching, without a large number of teachers.

The Legislature established a chair of mineralogy and geology, as a basis for a mining school, and for Regents, on account of the importance of the subject, have endeavored to develop a mining school, but want of means has prevented much that should be done.

There has been a constant pressure from every department for more help, appliances and expenditures, but it has been impossible to grant only the most necessary of such requirements without exceeding the appropriations. The Regents and our board have not been held down to the lowest possible limits. The actual school year extended more than nine months, and in the failing exercises, students are employed in supplying from the state some from our public schools, it being impossible to secure teachers for the University only. The expenses of physics, chemistry and mineralogy laboratories, that it is still too limited and the room for such work inadequate. There is no place for cooking class, and the only practical illustration of domestic science is by taking the pupils to the kitchen.

When a barrel who is interested in scientific subjects comes to Salt Lake City, he visits the museum and find, Mr. Chairman, the exposition of a curious person in other states are charges, and requests for information, a mineral, of which other very rare specimens are found in Utah are demanded, but the Regents have only been able to give a few hundred dollars for work by which the professor of the public to a different parts of the Territory to examine and collect rare specimens for the museum and laboratory, at the same expense of work in mineralogy. Some who have something of the expense of a mining school in other states will have something of the morning that one to be provided here to be wind one to be accomplished.

It is well known that except for a short time in the early years, the University has to be carried on with narrowed money. From two to three thousand dollars at the appropriation, and the balance of the year it is a continual struggle and only on the part of the Regents to keep the expenses within the appropriations, and to do this they have to refuse just applications from every department for more help or expenditures.

As to the Regents themselves, they act, not without some personal expense, without compensation, even for expenses. The treasurer only asks $10 per month toward the pay of a clerk who keeps the accounts. The secretary does as much work as the secretary of any given state and gets $25 per month, and the University pays no office rent to any officer. The fancy officers are not found there.

In the University there are nine professors, seven of whom get $2,000 and one $1,750 per year, and one is engaged only an hour per day and paid $1,000 per year. The professor is allowed time for acting as president, because a salary for a president cannot be provided. The other instructors are paid less, and some professorships are left vacant for want of means. If any one wants cheaper work in the University, I suppose it can be obtained; but if the work of a department is not worth $2,000, a University has no use for him.

If the Legislature can only give $60,000, it must be used to the best advantage and await better times, but there will have to be a paying off in some branches. Formerly there was a business course in which bookkeeping, type-writing, etc., were taught, and an art course in which instruction in music and painting and wood-carving was given. These had to be dropped in order to do more in the scientific branches and especially in mineralogy and mining, and this year we have no instructor in either civil or mining engineering — things that should be taught.

In short the greatest possible economy has been exercised, and to an extent that will be pernicious if continued.

I am satisfied in regard to two propositions: Utah can never maintain two institutions for the higher education, and not even one can be maintained and given a high standing by taxation only. It is not a question of taxation for one or two years, but the perpetual taxation year after year for the support of an institution the expense of which (if it is good for anything) must increase, become burdensome. There is only one way and that is to make a University which shall be a central point for all the inter-mountain region, and get an endowment fund to aid in its support. This is the natural point for it, and I doubt if another state can be found any university of wide reputation sustained by annual taxation. If the efforts are not to this end, it matters little what is done with or for the University. Of course this cannot be done in one year, or ten years, but some progress can be annually made with that end in view. The University will realize nearly, if not quite, $150,000 from its lands. Other lands will be obtained from the government, and when a fund is once raised, ways and means may be found for its enlargement. I regard the permanent fund as of such importance that if a million dollars could be raised I would be willing to close the doors for two years if that was the necessary condition.

R. HARKNESS,
Chairman Board of Regents.

WHITNER DRIFT WEP

Related Questions and Comparisons by an Old Settler.

HARRISVILLE, Weber Co., Feb. 12. —I notice in reading the statistics of the United States department of agriculture, that there is a falling off in the wool production throughout the seventeen of the Union, which is accounting quite an industry in the Territory of our national affairs. Especially is this the case with the wool product.

The total national estimate for 1893 is about 300,000,000 pounds, being 65,000,000 pounds less than the average of the three years in 1883 inclusive. Notwithstanding this considerable falling off, there is a rise in the value of the product; so that the total value of the crop is estimated at the property, twenty-five millions of $213,171,000. The average farm price per pound is estimated at 21.2 cents, which is believed to be the lowest ever recorded, making the average farm price of returns about 16 per cent, being about half the farm price of ten years ago. Two decades. Let those who is applicable to all other non-certain, once asking is impossible to be the farmer is now and help, to the representative wheat, seem to farming the farmer.

Our families will surely have to [illegible] Highest of all is Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

[illegible]

Wheat	[illegible]	[illegible]	Table
1883	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1884	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1885	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1886	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1887	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1888	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1889	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1890	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1891	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1892	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1893	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

From the above we [illegible] the conclusion that the falling off since 1883 is not attributable to a low price, but the actual cause [illegible] to increase the acreage of wheat, and [illegible] it is impossible to [illegible] the area of cultivation, it must be attributed to a stagnation of our industries.

I have a recollection of hearing Daniel Carn, Sugar House ward, Salt Lake county, in 1864, 5 and 6, in three years an average of sixty bushels of grain to the acre. Also Wm. Glover and the Woodruff farm of the same place were noted for their prodigious crops.

It was no uncommon thing for Lo Harrietta pioneer, the late much respected Martin H. Harris, to take from forty-five to fifty bushels of grain to the acre. He had the honor of being and I question whether they secure half their former yields. This is a fact so far as farms here are concerned. Time-tested land will not yield yields did not suffice themselves to any ten hours a day, in irrigation times they often put in twenty-four hour shifts. Viewing these facts, we must conclude that nature is on the side of the industries, as the winds and waves are on the side of the best navigator. Professors, and the man a farm in the morning, is what carries the laurels in a farm life, and catches the early worm. As Father Corn told me: "Up early in the morning, say your prayers, and pay your tithing—that is the secret of raising good crops in our mountain home."

No wonder President H. Young put up the Beehive as a symbol of industry! No wonder the same great pioneer viewed the Salt Lake Sanatorium as a stepping stone to store up the wheat! For if the present falling off continues the states of the Union which now furnish fully 75 per cent of the wheat exports, the time is not far distant, they have to succeed in Europe to avoid a bread riot, in which event, when the supplies may hang on a single thread, they may look for another Joseph to step forth and save the nation from its threatened destruction.

Yours truly, P. L.

Sugar Beet contracts.

Just about 100 contracts, aggregating 3,200 acres to be planted in beets and raised, have been returned to the Lehi Sugar company, says the Springville Independent, and are now looked up to their cole. This insures plenty of work for the factory during the usual time for it to run fall and winter. The farmers have found that beet raising pays more and that the labor is the most profitable of any that they can do. The days of experiment having been passed, we have passed, and now the most important question is not the number of tons of beets which can be raised on an acre, but the per cent of sugar the beets carry. Every year this per cent is increased, so that last season there was an average product over 14 pounds of sugar per ton, and most of the product yet not to make the trade pass yet, should the bounty on sugar be repealed.

THE OGDEN'S SCHOOL BIDS.

The Contract Awarded to Tullidaum & Brain for $48,124.

The special meeting of the board of education last night was attended by all of the members and at times the proceedings took on a decidedly lively character. The cause of the first disturbance was the presentation of the following report from the committee on ways and buildings:

We beg to report that in view of the number of school buildings that have to be erected, and the large school population of our city, that should be provided for without the small amount of money at our disposal, which properly belongs to the building fund, and considering the fact that no more money can be borrowed under the present law, would respectfully recommend that no contracts of buildings be made, that the school commission be authorized to adjust the present school buildings so as to secure rooms for the coming session. The difference between the present rents and estimated rents of the various rooms of the buildings you propose to be erected during the present year, would pay good and substantial buildings in all the suburban districts of the city. Inasmuch as the time pressed in the proposition to the taxpayers at the time that the last bonds were issued, we believe that it should be fulfilled, and would therefore recommend that good rooms be rented at first quality to meet all the school buildings that are needed during the coming season.

On motion to adopt the report there was a tie vote as follows: Ayes—Beatie, Brown, Gerrish, Doty, Negaunee, Nelson, Pendleton, Alff, Wesselhoft, Young, Barnes—8.

The president then stated that Tullidaum & Brain and Elias Morris were the two lowest bidders for the erection of the fourth school building, and he had seen in last night's News and submitted the same without recommendation. The whole matter followed was lengthy and exciting, and no resolution was participated in by the trustees. The result was that the contract was awarded to Tullidaum & Brain for $48,124. The work to be completed on or before the 15th of August. The contract was signed and steps to form the building must be completed and ready for occupancy by the 15th of August next.

Notice to Scvenjers.

The Fire Council of Scvenjers are endeavoring to collect all the old Newspaper, Rubbish and Junk Dealers throughout the country, and ship them to Ogden, and would be pleased to have all persons and societies in possession of any such articles forward the same to our general secretary, Edward Sam M. Whitaker, No. 216 Commercial building, Salt Lake City, Utah, for filing away for reference and material purposes.

These records are of value most in the general office, and we hope we may be able to gather all such for filing away in the proper place.

BENJAMIN R. TUCKER,
In behalf of the First Council of Scvenjers.

Sale, Sure and Speedy.

No medicine ever yet put up has so rapidly and universally gained and keep their prime position as Ayer's Pills. They are sale because they contain no alkaloids or poisonous mineralized opo-vegetable principles of medicine. They are sure because nothing goes into them except ingredients which are known to be curative. They are sweet, and so pleasant to take that children will take them without a murmur. They are speedy in their action because their medical qualities go right to their work, of relieving pain and restoring the natural and healthy performance of the functions of stomach, nerves and skin. Do not be doubtful by misrepresentations. Ask for AYER'S, and let no substitution or explanation induce you to accept a substitute.

Mr. Will Walker left for the east this morning. He accompanies Mr. Fyfer.

The Thread—"Brooks's Brookfield Twister" are driving on the organs of the street. They have an extraordinary effect in the direction of the throat.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

Wishing to take lessons in Wood Carving apply at 26 W. South Temple.
C. P. MORGAN, Teacher.

Plenty of Nut and Lump Coal at Moran & Co. Limited yard U. P. Depot. Tel. 242. H. P. Moran, Agt.

Mr. H. A. Fyfer of the firm of Walker Bros. and Fyfer Co., left for New York and other eastern points this morning to make their spring purchases. Mr. Fyfer will make the greatest effort of his life for "my and secure special bargains for the people west hard times. Their new millinery and dress makers and other buyers will soon Mr. Fyfer is his large purchases.

What is more attractive than a pretty face with a fresh, bright complexion? For it, use Pozzoni's Powder.

Dr. O. S. Morris & Son,
The leading dentists, Dooly Block. Strictly first-class work at one-half price charged elsewhere. Best west of Chicago.

Damaged Lumber.
All burned stock at special cash prices. Now is the time to buy. Mortimer, Merrill & Co.

Keep your deeds and other valuables, including jewels, in a safety deposit box at Zion's Savings Bank & Trust Co. Rental per year only six cents to a few cents per month. Ladies specially invited to call and see vaults.

Dr. Burrows, Ogden, Aurist and Optician. Spectacles fitted. Commercial Block.

Excursion Tickets.
The Rio Grande Western railway has the best equipped trains across the continent daily. It runs everywhere. Although its accommodations are the best its rates are the lowest. Through sleeping cars to Denver, Kansas City, Omaha and Chicago. Free coach cars. Ticket office, No. 15 West Second South Street.

When your watch is gone you feel lonely.
When you have a bill, the road to Cassville.
When you miss your train, the road to Cassville.
When the bailiff follows, the previous Cassville.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder—No Ammonia, No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

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Stocks bought and sold, Warehouse receipts bought and sold, 38 Main Street.

In buying or selling Second-Hand Goods we recommend the J. N. Lee, 48 east, second south. Best goods wanted.

Sam'l. Epry, repairing uniforms and selling Suits, 44 Main Street, Salt Lake City, Utah. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Get your Abstracts of Title at the County Recorder's office. They are more correctly done than the original records.

The Culvert Hotel open, on the European plan, from $2.00 and $2.50 per day. George Culvert, Assignee.

Boots to Measure.
Call on or address inquiry. Our stock of Leather, Shoes, Boots, etc., is complete, and there is a great drop in prices. Mortimer, Merrill & Co.

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BY PURCHASING IN THE
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THIRD SOUTH
STREET. . .
TOWELS AND SHEETS WASHED AT THE LAUNDRY.

But Two Weeks Remain of Our Factory Cost Sale of
Don't Miss It. SHOES Only 2 Weeks Left.
Remember, we will sell you any pair of shoes in our store at Factory Cost Prices.
DUNFORD'S, 57 S. Main Street.

John Henry Smith, Pres. Abram H. Cannon, Vice-Pres.
O. H. Smith, Secy. & Treas. W. N. Williams, Supt.
Co-op Furniture Co.
We have made a general reduction in prices. We do not claim to sell "cut goods," but do we employ any other method to convince the public, but we do claim that our
PRICES ARE THE LOWEST.
We have a complete line of
FURNITURE AND CARPETS, ETC.
And our goods are all new and stylish. Call and say so, and if you buy you will get honest treatment.

Don't Be Mistaken.
OUR WATERPROOF SHOES ARE NOT HEAVY (But can be made so if desired). They are
LIGHT AND STYLISH.
And further we can sell you HOME MADE SHOES cheaper than you can buy the imported. THINK ABOUT IT. We do not pretend to give you
$5.00 FOR 50c.
But we do say that we give the BEST SHOES FOR THE MONEY "in these parts."
ROBINSON BROTHERS, 33 WEST FIRST SOUTH.

THE OLD RELIABLE GODBE-PITTS DRUG COMPANY
Are still at the Old Stand, Corner Main and First South Streets. The largest and best stock of DRUGS, Chemicals and Patent Medicines in the Territory. Prices very moderate. Everybody call and see us.

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Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, Tents, Hammocks, Etc. Base Ball, Lawn Tennis, Cricket Supplies, Athletic Goods, Etc., Etc. Agents for Sporting, Blasting and Nitro Powders. Send for new Illustrated Catalogue.

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OUR STOCK OF HAIR RUGS IS THE MOST COMPLETE IN THE CITY. WE OFFER YOU FOR A FEW DAYS SOME BARGAINS THAT YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MISS. REMEMBER, YOU HAVE OUR ENTIRE AND BEAUTIFUL STOCK TO SELECT FROM.
Beautiful Goat Skins, $2.85 was $4.50
Large lined Goat Skins, $4.50 was $6.75 Buffalo Goat Skins, $4.00 was $6.25
HOW'S THIS?
Extra Large Wolf Center and Grizzly Border for $25, was $35.00.
And many others. All fair rugs overcoated collection. We have the most beautiful line of imported Angora Rugs to be found in the west. All go at a sacrifice.
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Heating Stoves
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ALL KINDS FOR EVERYBODY
WE ARE OVERSTOCKED ON THEM AND WILL CLOSE THEM OUT AT STRICT COST.
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80 to 40 East, Third South Street.