

UTAH INDIANS IN COLORADO.

White River Utes Return to Their
Old Home.

FEAR THEY SEEK REVENGE.

Old Timers Predict Trouble—Over-
meyer's Rough Riders to be in
Readiness—Gov. Thomas Angry.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 26.—From tele-
grams received it has developed that
it is not the Ute or Comanche
Indians that are making the trouble this
year, but the White River, who once
occupied the territory which they have
invaded. In the past the Indian agents
have kept the White River on the
reservation because of the bitter feel-
ing of the tribe toward the whites,
who, they claim, took possession of
lands belonging to them without right
or treaty.

It is reported that even a larger
number of Indians than the 500 pre-
viously reported have left the reserva-
tion and are slaughtering hundreds of
deer in the vicinity of the Yuma and
White rivers.

The fact that so many of the red-
skins have left the reservation gives
rise to the belief that they have
planned to obtain revenge for the
Meeker massacre and the killing of
squaws and bucks three years ago. As
soon as the ranchmen are advised that
trouble is brewing there will be a rush
for rifle and Meeker.

Commissioner Johnson will station
pickets at the state line to prevent the
passage of the Indian pack trains with
their tons of plunder from the State. He
is determined to arrest some of the
Indians with game in their possession,
if possible, in order to have the laws
regarding Indian raids tested.

Adj. Gen. Overmeyer today wired
troop A, cavalry at Grand Junction, to
be in readiness for an immediate
start in case Game Conservator John-
son's force should not be able to expel
the Indian hunter from the White
river country. This troop is known as
"Overmeyer's rough riders," and is
made up of plowmen, cowboys and
crack shots of the western slope.
There are sixty men in the troop, and
Gen. Overmeyer shipped forty saddles,
bridles, cinches and ammunition for a
two weeks' campaign through the
mountains. This troop of cavalry is
much closer to the scene of the In-
dian depredations than the Denver
troops, and could be on the ground
within twenty-four hours from re-
ceipt of notice to start. Fear is ex-
pressed at the capital that Commis-
sioner Johnson will make the attack
upon the Indians against overwhelming
odds.

Governor Thomas received a com-
munication from the secretary of the
Interior, Hitchcock, at Washington this
afternoon saying in substance that the
department had sent its Indian agent
to scour northwestern Colorado for
marauding Indians, but had failed to
find one. There was a hint in the
communication that this would offi-
cially end the correspondence so far
as the government was concerned.
Instead of pacifying the governor it
had a tendency to make him more
vigorous in his application of the
state laws. He claims to have a
large number of men on duty at the
state line proving conclusively that
the Indians have slaughtered over
500 deer in Routt and Rio Blanco
counties.

A dispatch from Rifle, Colo., says
Game Commissioner Johnson and his
deputies arrived there last night and
proceeded by stage today to Meeker.
It is a forty-five mile ride and will
require the entire day. While the com-
missioner was there he received re-
ports from ranchmen which indicate
that the slaughter of game has been
unprecedented in the history of the
State. Old-timers in the country pre-
dict trouble with the Indians be-
fore they are finally removed to their
reservations.

Vote of Indiana.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 26.—The official
vote cast at the recent election was:
Bryan, 302,875; McKinley, 326,007;
Woolley, 13,768; Debs, 2,374; Barker,
1,348; Maloney, 668; Union Reform, 254;
Durbin (Rep.) for governor falls behind
the Republican electors, 1,316 votes.

Duty on Siberian Imports.

New York, Nov. 27.—A special to the
Journal of Commerce from Washington
says:
The levy of duties on certain imports
into Siberia will not affect some of the
important articles necessary to the
development of the country. The report
that four would be taxed 50 per cent is
emphatically denied by the official rep-
resentatives here of the Russian govern-
ment. It is declared that the duties
will be the same as in European Russia,
on four, amounting to about 15 cents
per thirty-six pounds, or 80 cents per
barrel. The entire European tariff will
not be placed, however, upon imports
into Siberia. Many articles like rail-
way equipment, locomotives, structural
iron and agricultural machinery will be
continued to be admitted free of duty
into all parts of Asiatic Russia. The
duties announced, however, which
take effect on January 1, will apply only
to articles imported at Vladivostok
and other neighboring ports and will
not extend to the entire country north
of the Trans-Siberian railway. These
duties will not be levied in any manner
which is practically under Russian con-
trol since the lease was made for the
construction of the eastern branch of
the Trans-Siberian railway. The Rus-
sian government, so far as the state
department is advised, proposes to ad-
here firmly to the agreement for the
opening up all parts of the territory
of China, including those under tem-
porary Russian control. The Russian
government is desirous of raising the
revenue and protecting domestic indus-
try in Siberia to a certain extent, but
proposes to leave free duty such arti-
cles as are not produced in the country
and will contribute to its rapid de-
velopment. It is declared by rep-
resentatives of the Russian government
that it is not proposed at present to
seek any large loan and that the ex-
penses of recent military operations in
China will be defrayed from the free
cash balance in the treasury.

ZIMMERMAN AND MANCHESTER.

**The Father-in-Law Speaks Highly
of His Son-in-Law.**

New York, Nov. 25.—Eugene Zimmer-
man, whose daughter was married to
the Duke of Manchester a week or so
ago, in England, was interviewed here
today. He said to a reporter:
"I have come here to meet my daugh-
ter and her husband. After they have
rested here a few days we will go to
Cincinnati and a reception will be given
at the home. The duke is a bright
chap. He looks a fine, manly fellow.
I like a man who went to work as he
did as a newspaper man when he was
here. Some of our men I opposed to
rate, too. At no time was I opposed to



ANTI VICE CRUSADE IN THREE CITIES.

Chicago, Philadelphia and New York are all indulging in aggressive anti vice crusades, each of which has details more or less interesting and picturesque. In New York, for instance, the crusade is being pushed by Bishop Potter.

his marriage to my daughter. Those
stories are all nonsense."

"Is it true that the duke is in a bad
way financially?" asked the reporter.
"I guess there will be no difficulty
about his assets. That does not make
any difference. I don't care to speak
about the moving portion. That is a
private matter. But there won't be
any trouble about debts."

"Is it likely that the duke may set-
tle down in America and enter the rail-
road business?"

"No, no; the duke is going into Brit-
ish politics. He is entitled to a seat in
the house of lords and he is going to
turn his attention to politics."

Chickamauga Military Park.

Washington, Nov. 27.—The annual re-
port of Gen. H. V. Boynton, chairman
of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga
national military park commission, to
the secretary of war, says:
"There are now erected on the Chick-
amauga field 107 field guns, mounted
on iron carriages to imitate the pat-
tern in use during the civil war mark-
ing forty-three Union battery positions,
and ninety-four field guns, similarly
mounted, marking thirty-nine Confed-
erate battery positions. On the Chat-
tanooga field forty-five guns, mounted
as above, mark ten Union and ten Con-
federate battery positions."

"Historical tablets erected during the
year, 1898, foundations for state monu-
ments constructed, 1; excavated, 1;
guns mounted, 12."

In view of the sensational reports
current during the week in connection
with the troops during the Spanish-
American war that the park was in an
unhealthy region, the commission calls
special attention to the report of the
engineers, showing in connection with
the last annual report that the entire
absence of fever or any general sick-
ness in the park force has continued
from the time it began to clear up the
park after the troops left to the present
time.

Oleomargarin Bill Will Pass.

New York, Nov. 27.—Representative
Tawney of Minnesota, one of the lead-
ers in the effort to pass the oleomar-
garine bill is quoted in a Washington
special to the Tribune as saying in an
interview:
"The bill is set in the House for De-
cember 6. It will be a very lively day,
and the debate will be spirited on both
sides as the opposition will make a
hard fight. I am confident, however,
of the passage of the bill in the House
by a safe majority and I believe that
the prospects are good for its passage in
the Senate. The fight will be made on
the bill in both houses of Congress. Farm-
ers from the Atlantic to the Pacific are
in favor of the bill and the consumer
who wishes pure butter is with me. A
petition of five million farmers has been
signed in favor of the bill."



HEAD-ACHE

Is only one form of the suffering result-
ing from a diseased condition of the
sensitive womanly organism. The only
way to cure the headache is to cure the
diseases which cause it.

The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Pre-
scription has been the means of curing
thousands of women of headache, back-
ache, female weakness and other forms
of disease peculiar to women. It estab-
lishes regularity, dries weakening drains,
heals inflammation and ulceration and
cures bearing-down pains.

"I think if it were not for my Favorite Pre-
scription I would have been in my grave,"
writes Mrs. Edwin H. Gardner, of Haver, Ply-
mouth Co., Mass. "Box 12. I had pain all over
me, and such a dragging feeling it seemed I
could not do my house work. I had to sit down
to weep the day, even. In the year 1897 I was
so sick I did not care to live and played many
times that God would take me. One day I
thought I would write to Dr. Pierce. In a few
days I received an answer. I decided to try his
medicine, and today I am a well woman. I have
no headache, no pain at all. I used always to
have headaches previous to the monthly period,
and such pain that I would roll on the floor in
agony. This comes now and then every two
weeks, and I would be very weak afterwards. I
was in pain all over. My feet would slip from
under me when I would try to go across the
room, and I could not walk any distance with-
out being in pain. I took three bottles of
"Favorite Prescription" and three vials of Golden
Medical Discovery, and three vials of Doctor
Pierce's Pellets, and was completely cured."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets stimulate the liver,
rate, too. At no time was I opposed to

THE UNITED STATES NAVY

The Report of Secretary Lord Shows Its
Actual Condition.

**New Warships—Percentage of Com-
pletion of Vessels Under Construc-
tion—Armor Contracted for.**

Washington, Nov. 26.—The annual re-
port of the secretary of the navy was
made public today. The secretary re-
fers to the co-operation of the fleet in
Atlantic waters with the army in the
Philippines in patrolling a wide area of
badly-charted waters and keeping the
coast clear of the enemy. He cites the
good work done by the marines in aid-
ing in defense of the legation at Peking
and pays high tribute to their bravery
and efficiency. The need of officers for
sea duty is shown and the statement
made that an additional force of 5,000
men will be needed when vessels now
under construction are completed.

NEW WARSHIPS.

Since his last report these vessels
have been finally or conditionally ac-
cepted: Alabama, Albany, torpedo boat
Craven, Dahlgren, Kearsarge and Ken-
tucky. Other vessels added are the
Ararat, Gen. Alava, Holland, Quiros
and Villalobos. The percentage of com-
pletion of vessels now under construc-
tion, according to the estimates of the
superintending constructors are as fol-
lows:

Name of Vessel	Probable date of completion	Percentage of completion Nov. 1.
Illinois—August 1, 1901.	56	
Wisconsin—November 30, 1900.	37	
Maine—December, 1902.	37	
Missouri—January 1, 1903.	17	
Ohio—March 5, 1902.	32	
Arkansas—November 1, 1901.	43	
Norfolk—August 1, 1902.	71	
Florida—November 15, 1901.	71	
Wyoming—March 5, 1901.	78	
Denver—June 14, 1902.	31	
Des Moines—June 1, 1902.	9	
Chattanooga—August 15, 1902.	13	
Albatross—June 14, 1901.	42	
Tacoma—June 14, 1902.	13	
Cleveland—August 14, 1902.	25	
Bainbridge—July 15, 1901.	51	
Barry—September 1, 1901.	79	
Haunau—October 1, 1901.	79	
Dale—May 10, 1901.	84	
Deatour—May 25, 1901.	84	
Kopkins—April 15, 1901.	84	
Hull—July 15, 1901.	98	
Lawrence—January 1, 1900.	98	
Macdonough—December 1, 1900.	97	
Paul Jones—May 15, 1901.	97	
Perry—January 1, 1901.	97	
Preble—February 1, 1901.	97	
Stewart—July 15, 1901.	98	
Truxton—March 15, 1901.	43	
Whipple—March 15, 1901.	43	
Winder—March 15, 1901.	43	
Stringham—January 1, 1901.	43	
Goldborough—January 1, 1901.	69	
Bailey—January 1, 1901.	95	
Bagley—January 1, 1901.	95	
Biddle—January 15, 1901.	95	
Blakely—December 1, 1900.	95	
De Long—December 1, 1900.	95	
Nicholson—January 1, 1901.	81	
O'Pleneer—January 1, 1901.	81	
Shubrick—January 1, 1901.	96	
Stockton—December 15, 1900.	97	
Thorton—January 25, 1901.	99	
Tinney—January 1, 1901.	99	
Wilkes—March 15, 1901.	60	
Plunger—In doubt.	85	
Alder—April 25, 1901.	8	
Grampus—April 25, 1901.	8	
Moccasin—May 25, 1901.	0	
Pike—May 25, 1901.	0	
Porpoise—June 25, 1901.	7	
Shark—July 25, 1901.	7	

ARMOR.

Of the amount of armor heretofore
contracted for the manufacturers have
delivered 2,869 tons, leaving 1,427 tons
still in process of or to be manufac-
tured. There remains to be contracted
for:

Three battleships of the Maine class	7,250
Five battleships of the Pennsylvania class	16,450
Six armored cruisers of the West Virginia class	11,250
Three protected cruisers of the Milwaukee class	1,850
Making a total of	36,810

After prolonged negotiations, in
which the services of the chief of the
bureau of ordnance have been of the
greatest value, and in which these com-
panies have met the department in a
spirit of reasonable adjustment, an
agreement has been made with the Car-
negie and Bethlehem companies, and
which now awaits signature, for Krupp
armor of the first class for 425 tons.
The Krupp process involves the Harvey
patent, the validity of which is now un-
der consideration by the courts; and it
is further agreed that the government

will assume in addition any liability for
the Krupp process not exceeding \$5, or
\$24.32 a ton for Krupp royalty, and not
exceeding \$11.20 for Harvey royalty.
The maximum price to the government
is therefore \$45.52 a ton, subject to
diminution in case of any reduction in
the about the moving portion. That is a
private matter. But there won't be
any trouble about debts."

Of the appropriations for the fiscal
year ending June 30, 1900, amounting
to \$35,389,247, there was expended \$23,-
409,275; the estimates for the fiscal year
1902 are \$57,172,690.

The need of a hall for public records
of the navy is shown.

INCREASE OF THE NAVY.

The general board, of which the ad-
miral of the navy is president, recom-
mends the following increase of the
navy:

Battleships	2
Armored cruisers	2
Gunboats	6
Destroyers	2
Torpedo boats	3
Transport	1
Training ships	2

Unprotected battleships of about 13,-
500 tons trial displacement..... 2
Unprotected armored cruisers of about
13,000 tons trial displacement..... 2
Sheathed and coppered cruisers of
about 2,000 tons trial displacement..... 6
Sheathed and coppered gunboats of
about 600 tons trial displacement..... 6
Sheathed and coppered light-draft
gunboats of about 300 tons trial dis-
placement..... 10
Collars of about 14,500 tons trial dis-
placement..... 3
Repair ship of about 7,500 tons dis-
placement..... 1
Transport of about 7,000 tons dis-
placement..... 1
The fifth member recommends:

Sheathed and coppered battleships of
about 14,000 tons trial displacement
and 19 knots trial speed..... 2
Sheathed and coppered armored cruis-
ers of about 14,000 tons trial dis-
placement and 22 knots trial speed..... 2
Sheathed and coppered protected
cruisers of about 12,500 tons trial
displacement and 20 knots trial speed..... 2
Light-draft gunboats, specially de-
signed for river service, of about
600 tons trial displacement and 10
knots trial speed..... 12

Against Sunday Theatricals.

New York, Nov. 27.—The Actors'
Church Alliance of America has begun
an active campaign against Sunday
theatrical performances, and its mem-
bers promise to keep it up until actors
have one day of rest in seven, the same
as persons in the ordinary avocations of
life. It claims to have caused the ar-
rests which have been made at New
York theaters the past three Sundays,
and it is now keeping an eye on the
production of these cases.

The Rev. Francis J. Clay Moran,
chairman of the law committee, has
given out a copy of a letter which he
had sent to Deputy Chief Courtwright
last Friday, dealing with the subject.
It had been stated that the arrests in
question were due to the actions of the
Tammany party committee and Mr.
Moran took occasion to correct this
impression. He said that the law com-
mittee of the alliance had not had any
communication with the Tammany
committee in any way and knew noth-
ing of its actions.

Denby May Succeed Conger.

Chicago, Nov. 27.—A special to the
Tribune from Evansville, Ind., says:
Friends of Col. Charles Denby here
assert that they have reason to believe
that the late United States minister to
China, is to be sent back to that post
to succeed Minister Conger, who it is
believed will soon resign his office. Min-
ister Conger succeeded Mr. Denby at
Peking. Col. Denby is now in the East.

Keep Your Blankets

as soft as new, by
washing them in

GOLD DUST

Washing Powder



BRITISH PUBLIC IS BEWILDERED.

Confusion in China and South
Africa the Cause.

WEEKLY COST OF THE WAR.

It is Twenty-five and a Half Million
Dollars—Roberts Criticized—
Kitchener Condemned.

New York, Nov. 27.—A dispatch to
the Tribune from London says:
The meeting of parliament next week
will not occur too soon. The public is
dazed and bewildered by the confusion
which prevails both in South Africa
and China. The trend of events will be
clearer when the ministers are in their
places to answer questions and the
leader writers are provided with cues
by those behind the scenes. A war
costing \$75,000,000 weekly, is going on,
and nobody seems to know when it is
likely to stop. Everybody is in a crit-
ical mood. Lord Roberts is sharply
criticized for a mistaken policy of leni-
ency; there is an amazing outbreak of
inveective and abuse directed against
Gen. Kitchener; there are remonstran-
ces in liberal journals and from pro-
Boer platforms against the barren pol-
icy of burning farms and starving the
burgers in the impoverished Dutch
territory, and Lord Salisbury is at-
tacked for neglecting to inform France
and other powers that the two republics
have been annexed and that the
Boers were no longer entitled to recog-
nition as belligerents, when they are
merely rebels, guerrillas and bandits.

When so many games at cross pur-
poses are in progress, it is impossible
for the public to know what is going
on. The only point on which there is
general agreement is that the French
government has maintained a correct
attitude during the last week, and that
the English people have no reason to
complain of the reception of Mr. Krup-
per. Lord Salisbury has clearly acted
with some intelligible motive in re-
fraining from changing the status of
the Boers from belligerents to rebels.

FORGED TERRA COTTA STATUES

Boston Fine Arts Museum Has 25
Such Out of 28.

Boston, Nov. 27.—Edward Robinson,
in charge of the Greek room at the
Boston Museum of Fine Arts, has an-
nounced that twenty-five of the twenty-
eight terra cotta statues supposed to
have come from Tanagra, Greece, are
forgeries. Twenty-three of the figures
were presented to the museum by the
late Thomas G. Appleton and came
from a dealer of his standing.
Mr. Robinson's attention was called to
the figures by John Marshall, an Eng-
lish expert, and close examination dis-
closed all were false. A Greek shop
keeper of New York was persuaded to
visit the museum, and at once said the
figures were made in Athens in 1874,
and that he knew the maker.

CROKER SPEAKS OUT.

He Declares that the New York Re-
formers Are Insecure.

New York, Nov. 27.—A dispatch to
the Herald from London quotes Rich-
ard Croker as saying in an interview
at his country home at Wantage that
the reformers of New York are not
sincere. Says Mr. Croker in the inter-
view:
"These men cannot fool the people of
New York again. The only cause they
are fighting for is the Republican party.
Their only aim is to elect a Republican
mayor of New York."
They are responsible for the New
York charter. They created a bi-parti-
san police board. What we should
have is a 1,000-man board, composed
of the police captains in New York are
Republicans. Is the Democratic or-
ganization, which does not control the
police board, responsible for the admin-
istration of these Republican captains?
"What we mean to do is to satisfy the
people of New York. These reformers
are not sincere. They are not sincere.
They are not sincere."

Presbyteries for Revision.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 26.—W. R.
Crabbe, the Pittsburg member of the
revision committee of the Presby-
terian General assembly, said tonight
that all of the presbyteries have voted
on the question of revision of the
creed, resulting in 72 per cent of the votes
cast. Of the 1,067-888 members of the
church, \$88,255 voted. The presbyteries
voting in favor of revision number
124, those against a change 46. A two-
thirds vote is required to make a
change. The convention will meet in
Washington December 4th to take ac-
tion.

MacArthur's Weekly Casualty List.

Washington, Nov. 26.—The war de-
partment has received the following list
of casualties in the Philippines from
Gen. MacArthur in Manila:

KILLED.

Bulacan, Panay, company L, Forty-
seventh infantry, W. Hollingsworth.
Abulog, Luzon, signal corps, Sergt.
Robinson C. Todd.
Mont Alban, Luzon, company K, Forty-
seventh infantry, William H. Jackson, head, serious.
Abulog, Luzon, company E, Forty-second
infantry, Lawrence F. Kappner.

WOUNDED.

Company A, Forty-second infantry,
Fred B. Riley, hand, slight; company B,
Twenty-seventh infantry, Sergt. Daniel
Guap, lins, slight; Harry S. Gatto, hand,
slight.
Twenty-seventh infantry, Battalion
Sergt. Daniel W. Cardenas, face, slight.
Pantlan, Luzon, company L, Forty-
sixth infantry, Charles T. Smith, arm,
slight; William E. Turner, thigh, mod-
erate.
Bulacan, Panay, company L, Forty-
seventh infantry, W. Hollingsworth.
Gundulup, Cebu, company M, Nineteenth
infantry, John D. Hoffman, hip, severe; Cook
Joseph M. Porter, thigh, slight.
Abulog, Luzon, company E, Forty-second
infantry, John L. Lees, thigh, moderate.
Payo, Catanduanes, company C, Forty-
seventh infantry, Corp. John W. Jackson, head,
serious.
Subig, Luzon, company L, Twenty-fifth
infantry, Corp. Arthur R. D. Smith, thigh,
serious.
Santa Cruz, Luzon, troop E, Fourth
cavalry, Muscular Thomas Mutchewah,
neck, serious.
Norzaga, Luzon, Philippine cavalry,
Clarence M. Condon, Second Lieuten-
ant, chest, slight.

On a Wild Goose Chase.

New York, Nov. 27.—Accompanied by
her sister-in-law, Miss Elsie Tyson of
Humboldt county, Cal., and J. L. Wil-
son, a lawyer, Mrs. T. Martin of Morris-
town, N. J., has started for Scotland to
claim a vast fortune left by James Ty-
son, the millionaire bushman of Aus-
tralia. Another resident of Morris-
town who is a claimant is George Tyson, who
conducts a blacksmith shop in Ridge
avenue. James Tyson, who recently
died in Australia, left a fortune esti-
mated at \$13,000,000. For more than
thirty years he had no communication
with his family.

Gen. G. P. Smith Dead.

San Jose, Cal., Nov. 27.—Gen. G. S.
Smith, who was surveyor general of
Nebraska under President Hayes and
later city attorney of Omaha, died here
last night of heart trouble. He came to
San Jose for his health about six
months ago.

National Horse Show Receipts.

New York, Nov. 27.—The directors of
last week's horse show are congratulat-
ing themselves on the final results of
the undertaking. The estimated re-
ceipts are \$90,000, and the amount given
in prizes about \$39,000.
J. C. Stevens, of Attica