

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, 28.—Domestic exports from New York measured by quantities, have been one-third greater this year, than ever before. Their declared value this year was nearly \$8,000,000 greater than in 1874, notwithstanding a great fall in prices since then and the appreciation of gold.

Wm. L. Palmer, of Stonington, Conn., a guest of the Metropolitan Hotel, threatened to shoot, with a revolver, the private detective of the house. The detective secured the aid of Officer Furness and another policeman, who attempted to disarm the man, but he maintained possession and shot Furness, severely, if not fatally wounding him. Palmer then rushed to the station house and, saying he had shot two men who had attempted to rob him, surrendered his pistol and was locked up. Palmer is insane.

Field & James, brokers, offer a reward of \$5,000 for the arrest of a curbstome broker, named Hull, who, they charge robbed them this afternoon of \$30,000 worth of 4½ per cent. United States coupon bonds. It seems that Hull arranged on Thursday for the purchase of the bonds, and to-day called for them. Being known, they were delivered to him by the cashier. He counted them, placed them in his pocket and left, remarking that he would step to the corner and get a certified check for the amount at his bank. He has not been seen since.

Wm. P. Clyde & Co., owners of the steamer *Emily B. Souder*, reported wrecked yesterday, with loss of passengers and all the crew except two men, have received the following telegram from the United States consul at Kingston, Jamaica, in answer to their dispatch: Oton Steiner and Alfred Anderson, quartermaster and seaman of the *Emily B. Souder*, was picked up December 12th, on a life raft, by the schooner *Abbot Devereaux* from Boston for here. They report that the steamer foundered in a hurricane two days previously. They saw the boat with the passengers capsized alongside, but lost sight of other boats.

The Young Men's Hebrew Association here, takes the lead in the celebration, to-night, of the festival of Chanucka, in a public commemorative performance, in which it is stated, both Orthodox and Reformed Jews will unite. It is to consist partly of tableaux and partly in the rendering of Handel's oratorio of "Judas Maccabeus." The closing tableaux, representing the triumph of Maccabeus, gives a sectional view of Solomon's temple and brings over 100 persons upon the stage. At the same time the lights flame forth from the seven branched candelabra, clouds of incense arise, the priests are seen performing the full service of the temple and the grand triumphal chorus is sung.

Mail advices from Europe announce that Miss Hosmer is expected, before the close of the year, to give a practical exhibition of her new invention, through which she confidently expects to supersede the use of steam and all other existing means of producing and utilizing force by employing the permanent magnet for its generation. The exhibition was to be first at Lady Ashburton's and then made public at the Royal Institute.

The electrician Preece, of the British postoffice, has not yet found the ideal electric light, one which combines the essential conditions of absolute steadiness, great brilliancy and sufficient durability, though he finds Serrim's up to the standard in brilliancy. Werderman's in steadiness, and Wallace's in durability, the latter lasting all night.

O'Leary and Campana brought to a close to-night their six day's walk. Another great crowd was present. O'Leary stopped at 10.45 and made 400 1-9 miles; Campana stopped at 10.46 and covered 357½ miles. The former appeared quite fresh and agile, while the latter was utterly used up. The gate money, it is said, will amount to \$20,000; \$1,500 goes to Campana and the remainder, after expenses are paid, to O'Leary. O'Leary, in conversation with a reporter of the *Brooklyn Eagle*, after regretting his poor condition throughout the present match, said: "I wish to issue this challenge, I offer \$5,000 against the same amount that I will walk 540 miles in 144 hours, in the city of New York, in four weeks

from now, and beside this, I am willing to give half the profits, to be divided equally among all the charitable institutions in both cities, they appointing a committee to represent them here in taking and selling tickets. I think they can realize \$100,000 on it."

Marie Roze, in "Trovaatore," on Christmas eve., was well received. On Thursday night, Gerster, Minnie Hawk, and Minnie Roze, appeared in a combination performance for the benefit of the scenery fund for the Academy.

The opera season opens in Boston, on the 30th, with "Carmen."

The "Babes in the Wood," at the Park, is the most successful of the few novelties produced this week.

"My Son," at Wallack's is in its last week.

"Our Boarding House," at Brooklyn Park.

"Evangeline," at Booth's is drawing well.

The "Brides of Garry Owen," at the Olympic, on Monday, was stopped shortly after the curtain rose, by a man stepping from a private box, and serving an injunction obtained by Boucicault on the ground that the play is an adaption of the "Colleen Bawn." The "Ticket-of-Leave-Man," was produced the next night.

"Manhattan Beach," advertised for the opening of the new Fifth Avenue drawing room for Saturday last, was seized on for a writ of replevin the same day on the suit of J. H. Hill, who claimed that Mollen Haner, its author, had leased the right to him for three years. The piece was, nevertheless, produced on Monday to a small audience. Its success is very doubtful.

"New York and London," at Niblo's, on Monday, was a very poor affair.

"Coriolanus," at the Grand Opera House, ends next week.

McCullough received a benefit last night. *Harper's Weekly* states that his professional income is from \$1,000 to \$2,500 weekly.

Edwin Booth has been sued by the Estate of Charles M. Barras for \$635 claimed as due on his residence at Cos Cob, sold to Booth.

Lawrence Barrett is having a successful tour with his new play and character of *York*.

Laure Don, so successful as Madame Laurant, in "Only a Farmer's Daughter," goes starring soon with the author, W. E. Barnes as manager.

The dramatic paper says: Wallack appears on Monday with Coghlen, in Paul Merritt's new play, entitled "At Last," Coghlen playing the principal part. The same paper says it is not probable Gunther's play will be produced this season, and that this is the third American play accepted by Wallack within a month.

It is stated that Ada Cavendish has propositions from Wallack's and Union Square to be leading lady next season.

Fanny Davenport will shortly appear here as "Imogene."

Willhemj appears with Damoschs orchestra, at the next concert of the Symphony Society, on January 4th, and performs Beethoven's concert.

Among the applications for the lease of the Globe Theatre, Boston, to the land owners now in possession, is one from Mr. Rice, San Francisco.

The dinner given to Mapleson on Christmas was well attended by prominent managers and artists. Among the latter were Marie Roze and Remenyi.

G. S. Bailey, one of Barnum's Agents, sailed for Europe, yesterday, to go everywhere in search of novelties such as has never been seen here.

Fechter, the tragedian, is farming 57 acres of Bucks County, Penn., with indifferent success.

Among the snow-bound travelers at Christmas, on the New York Central, was the Criterion Theatre Company en route here to play on Christmas night. It has not arrived yet.

WASHINGTON, 28.—The Teller committee met this afternoon in anticipation of the favorable decision of Acting Attorney-General Phillips, regarding the Senate appropriation, but the decision not being received, the committee adjourned to Monday next. The chairman informed the committee that he has not yet received from Senator Thurman an answer to the call for specifications, and presented the reply of Senator Blaine to the same call.

Acting Attorney-General Phillips has sent his opinion to the Secre-

tary of the Treasury. He holds that the committee has a right to use the \$20,000 appropriated for investigations by the Senate.

The hearing in the Kansas Pacific Railway case was continued to-day. The first question considered was the traffic contract or running arrangement between the Kansas Pacific Railway and Colorado Central on one side and the Kansas Pacific and its receivers on the other. This is the last pooling contract entered into last summer, and which placed the Kansas Pacific road under the management of the Union Pacific company. The court ordered the parties to take further testimony before February 1st, and that the matter be fully set forth and disposed of at the March term of the United States circuit court in Kansas.

Counsel for B. W. Lewis, trustee in the income mortgage, moved to dissolve the injunction, restraining the prosecution of the suit instituted by Lewis against the Kansas Pacific Railway Company in the State court of Kansas, to foreclose that mortgage. At the conclusion of his argument the court declined to hear counsel on the other side and refused to dissolve the injunction.

The court reserved its decision on the petition of Henry G. Holmes to be admitted as defendant in the suit of Lewis and Burnham against the Kansas Pacific Railway to foreclose the funding mortgage.

About 140 railway postoffice clerks, route agents and local agents are to be discharged, and the pay of those remaining will be reduced to bring expenditures within appropriations.

CHICAGO, 28.—George H. Blaikie, who robbed the special deposit vault of \$3,000 last Thursday, was before Justice Morrison this morning. Dr. Turpin, receiver of the bank, declined to prosecute on the ground that the money had already been returned by Blaikie's father, and that he considered the young man insane and not responsible for the deed.

CINCINNATI, 28.—The national executive committee of the socialist labor party, to-day, issued an address to the sections and working people generally, calling for simultaneous holding of public meetings in all parts of the country on January 18th, for the purpose of condemning the action of the German government in suppressing freedom of speech and of the press.

BOSTON, 28.—The Emerson Piano company's factory was burned to-night. Loss, \$100,000; insured. Eighty-five men are thrown out of employment.

PORTLAND, 28.—The schooner *Ellen*, from St. John for New Haven, was wrecked on the coast of Maine. The captain and three seamen were drowned.

SAN FRANCISCO, 28.—A Sacramento dispatch says the bodies of Allen Reynolds and wife were found to-day in their house. They had not been seen since Wednesday last. The cause of death is poison and it is supposed to be a case of murder and suicide.

NEW YORK, 30.—O'Leary was off the track two days, three hours, ten minutes and thirty-five seconds altogether. Campana was one day, twenty-three hours, thirty minutes and forty seconds. Campana, in an address to the crowd, charged the trainer he had in the early part of the week with paralyzing him, and said if he had his present trainer at the beginning, he would have won by at least fifty miles. He concluded by offering to run any man in England or America a twelve days' match for \$10,000.

The *Times*' Bismarck D. T. special says: Lt. Harry Tiffany, of the 11th infantry, Fort Custer, who recently deserted while attending a court martial at Fort Keogh, was driven to that step, as asserted, by threatened disclosures of forged pay accounts sold in Bismarck, and the proceeds lost by him at faro. Tiffany is the nephew of Gen. Joe Johnston and husband of Miss Barrett, of Baltimore, who he clandestinely married at the Palmer House in Chicago, last September. An order for his arrest is out.

More than \$24,000 was taken at Gilmore's Garden during what is called the "swindling walk."

Beecher, in his sermon, yesterday, referred to the policy of the United States toward the Indians. He said that to them we send the gospel, and with them we make treaties, and then, in our after-dealings with them, we violate every principal of the gospel. There never was a more ignominious

policy invented than that pursued by this country toward the Indians, and it seemed not to be confined to party, but shared by both parties and under the administration of both parties. The nation had showed itself utterly unable to take care of the Indians, but had given them over to bummers of civilization, who provoked quarrels, and then the nation starts out armed hands to distress the Indians. He felt ashamed to say it, but it was his opinion, that in the judgment day no nation will stand more infamous for atrocities, injustice and blood-red cruelty unprovoked, than this proud, liberty-loving United States of America. The history of our treatment of the Indians ought to bring the crimson blush of shame to the cheek of every man who loves justice and religion.

Madame Anderson continued, yesterday, her attempt to walk 2,700 quarter miles in as many consecutive quarter hours. At 10 o'clock, last night, she had made 1,258 quarter miles, and was confident of accomplishing the feat.

The steamship *Lartington*, from Galveston for Reval, with 4,000 bales of cotton, went ashore at Bermuda, while trying to make a harbor to repair a leak. One thousand bales were saved, dry.

The steamship *Kate*, from Galveston for Havre, with a cargo of cotton, ashore at Bermuda, has broken up. One hundred and eighty bales of damaged cotton were recovered up to Christmas.

Reports published shows that scarlet fever is rapidly increasing, creating considerable alarm. The disease is not confined to any particular quarter. The cases reported to the board of health, for the last week in November, were 100; first week in this month, 120; second week 168; and third week 175.

The Mapleson opera troupe has left for Boston. Minnie Hank, however, refused to go, giving illness as the reason. Much disappointment is felt.

The friends of the captain and chief engineer of the *Emily B. Souder* have strong hopes that they and their associates who left the sinking ship on a raft, have been rescued. The engineer, some years ago constructed a raft from which he was saved after floating upon it ten days, subsequent to the loss of his ship. As the report makes no mention of the use of the metallic life-raft carried on the steamers deck, it is supposed its air-tight cylinders were used as a basis of a larger and more comfortable refuge constructed by the engineer. As such a raft would be more seaworthy than any open boat, the chances for the safety of its occupants seem greater than were those of the two sailors rescued from the hatch.

ST. LOUIS, 30.—Five chiefs, of the Ute Indians, arrived here, yesterday, en route from Colorado to Washington to consult with the Interior Department relative to the sale by them to the government of another strip of their reservation, said to be very valuable as a mineral district.

DEADWOOD, D. T., 30.—News was received here yesterday, that Dr. Skinner, post surgeon at Fort Peck, was hit in the head and mortally wounded, while witnessing the killing of cattle for the Indians.

WASHINGTON, 30.—The *Capital*, yesterday contained the following editorial paragraph: That the California people are unanimous against Chinese immigration is shown by the action of the constitutional convention on the memorial to Congress. The chairman of the committee, Gen. Miller, was delegate at large upon the non-partisan ticket. The earnestness with which the convention urges the question, demonstrates a fair but deep impression against the heathen Chinese, and, it is hoped that congress will deal a decisive blow at one of the great evils which threaten our country. Religiously, morally, and politically, the Chinaman is inimical to the spirit of our institutions, and is altogether a filthy wretch, as dangerous as he is nasty. The southern negro is absorbed into our politics to his own good and without harm to the white man, but the Chinaman is irredeemably a creature of his own country and will never improve.

FOREIGN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, 28.—It is expected a second negotiator in the discussion relative to a definite treaty of peace with Russia, will be

appointed. Negotiations begin immediately. Russia, it is said, will not exact an immediate settlement of the indemnity, but will accept the promise of a future arrangement. As soon as the treaty is signed the evacuation of Turkish territory by the Russians begins.

LONDON, 30.—An account of the riot of the students of the University of Kieff, Russia, says: The students, in a meeting outside the town, decided to protest against the closing of the university. A number, well armed, proceeded to the university, forcing their way in, after disarming the police, and fixed on the blackboard an energetic protest against the arbitrary proceedings of the authorities. Two companies of local militia tried to disperse the students, a collision ensued, and 60 persons were killed and wounded. The cavalry force finally cleared the square in front of the university. Some students were arrested. Similar riots, on a smaller scale, broke out in other university towns. It is believed there is an intention of proclaiming a state siege in Kieff and Kharkoff. The police are instructed to stop the smuggling of revolutionary pamphlets and prevent the entrance of revolutionary emissaries from Germany.

The Ameer of Afghanistan has 14 or 17 regiments at Herat, and if he can retain his hold over them and maintain his supremacy in Afghan Turkistan, he may still offer considerable opposition to Yakob Khan or whatever ruler England sets up in southern Afghanistan. The Ameer released Yakob under pressure from the Ghilzai chiefs, who would not allow him to leave Cabul without appointing his successor.

The following details were received from Kingston, Jamaica, of the loss of the steamship *Emily B. Souder*: A leak was discovered at 9 o'clock in the morning of the 10th, and a deck load thrown overboard.

At 11 the crew began throwing overboard the cargo in the hold.

At 5 o'clock in the evening the wind was blowing half a hurricane and saving the vessel became hopeless; four boats were got out, one was found useless. The first boat containing the first mate, John Christen, George Scan, and five passengers was swamped alongside. The second boat, in which were Engineer Booth, two of the crew, one baby, and several passengers, drifted away. The third boat, containing the purser and others, also drifted clear.

At 10 o'clock a life-raft was constructed, and captain, chief engineer, second mate, and two passengers left the vessel on it. Of the six persons remaining, Theodore Stinert, O. A. Anderson, and one passenger was left on a floating hatch, leaving the two cooks, and one passenger whom it was impossible to help, as the steamer disappeared in three minutes afterwards.

At daybreak of the 11th Shinert and Anderson were alone. No boats nor bodies were in sight. Nothing but floating cargo. The two men saved were rescued at five in the evening by a schooner bound for Jamaica.

The report of the arrival of Yakob Khan at Jelallabad seems doubtful.

The *Times* Calcutta special says: It is rumored that Shere Ali took with him 30 lacs of rupees, and is going to St. Petersburg to appeal to Europe.

The *Standard's* correspondent with the Kuram column, telegraphs that Gen. Roberts convoked the principal inhabitants of Kuram Valley, at Peiwar and Ali Khyel, and informed them that the Ameer's rule had passed away forever, and henceforth they must look to the Empress of India.

ST. PETERSBURG, 40.—The *Golos* states that Russia's participation in Afghan affairs will probably be confined to offering Shere Ali the usual hospitality to royal visitors and maintenance.

MADRID, 30.—The ministers favor the immediate execution of Moncali. The king is disposed to mercy.

Utah Horses—A Grand Breeding Climate.

Editor *Spirit of the Turf*:—I have read with pleasure those well-timed articles on street car horses in Chicago, in your paper. I am satisfied from the class of horses that are used for that purpose that this is the country to produce the very