

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 12.—The arguments in the cases of the appeal of James Gordon Bennett from the awards against him of \$25,000 in favor of Cyrus W. Field, for libel, were concluded to-day. Judgment was reserved, and pending its pronouncement the execution of award was stayed.

DUBLIN, 12.—While the police in the towns in the vicinity of Kilgobbin were engaged in keeping the peace at a fair in that town yesterday, a gang of men scoured Midkerry county for arms. They were successful in their search and made away with large numbers of weapons, including rifles. They also seized a quantity of ammunition.

New York, 12.—The Herald's Belfast correspondent says: "To-day I had an interview with a Protestant magistrate of many years' service at Belfast. In spite of his religion and social position he said: 'I regard the Protestants as entirely in the wrong in this rioting. The Catholics have done their utmost to keep the peace and prevent exasperation of Orangemen. The priests at great personal risk and by much exertion kept the people from resorting to violence. Night after night the priests have watched until daylight the dangerous points, using the full influence of the church to prevent outbreaks and even resisting the rioters themselves when necessary. The Protestant clergy have not done this and have made no effort to keep the Protestants quiet. On the contrary, the clergy walked in the processions and funerals, thus keeping up the bad feeling. The whole trouble has been caused by our system of borough magistrates, which permits men saturated with local prejudices to try criminals, and also impedes the action of police when quick and sharp action is necessary. There are only 11 Catholic magistrates as against 35 Protestants. As the majority of the board decides the punishment awarded, the Catholics have been outvoted. I have seen magistrates frequently deal out punishment according to the street on which the criminal lives, ten shillings to one and six months to another.'"

A boy named Gillan is among the cases of persons severely beaten on their way home from a brickyard where they worked. He is now recovering. Gillan has a brother named Daly at 328 Third Street, San Francisco.

DUBLIN, 12.—The Irish Times (conservative) states that it is reliably informed that Lord Randolph Churchill is engaged in drafting a bill intended to solve the Irish question. The skeleton of the measure is already done, the paper says, and it provides for universal self-government throughout Great Britain and Ireland, giving Ireland, England, Scotland and Wales control each of its own immediate affairs, securing the supreme power in the Imperial Parliament undiminished. The bill is described as a measure which opens the door to an Imperial Federation. The full text of the bill the paper says, will not be completed before next February; "but," adds the paper, "so far as it has gone it has been submitted to the Marquis of Salisbury, the Marquis of Hartington and others, and is broad enough to satisfy all moderate Irishmen."

LONDON, August 12.—Anti-Jewish riots have occurred in the Province of Kieff, Russia. The houses of many Jews were wrecked.

LONDON, August 12.—The Queen will present the Royal speech to the Council of Ministers at Osborne on Tuesday.

LONDON, August 12.—The Kinross Iron Works at Kilsgrange, county of Stafford, have been closed on account of the depression in the iron trade. One thousand workmen are idle.

VIENNA, August 12.—The Hungarian town of Lillen has been destroyed by fire. The property burned includes 400 houses, churches, nursery and schools. The loss is \$250,000.

LONDON, 13.—A dispatch from Leigh, Lancashire, states that a terrible explosion occurred this morning in Wood End Colliery, at that place. One hundred and forty miners were below at the time, and many of them were shockingly burned. Two corpses have already been recovered from the mine, and it is feared that many more will be found.

Later.—A dispatch states that forty perished by the explosion.

BELFAST, 13, 2 p.m.—The excitement occasioned by the riots has been revived by an action committed by Orangemen of Queen's Island upon a Catholic named Johnson. The latter was returning to his home from work when he was seized by Orangemen and given a coat of tar and feathers. The Catholics are very indignant, and vow revenge against the perpetrators. Five hundred additional policemen arrived to-day. Since Saturday fifty persons have been seriously wounded. The patients have been treated at the Royal Hospital, two hundred more have been cared for at private surgeries and it is estimated that probably 300 others have received wounds in the riots whose cases have not been reported.

Rain continues to fall keeping the streets clear of people. The authorities intend to order the taverns closed at five o'clock this evening and keep them closed until ten on Monday morning.

LONDON, 13.—Williams and Maluwarding, Socialists leaders, arrested for holding a Socialist meeting

at the junction of Bell Street and Edward Road, July 18th, were to-day convicted of obstructing the streets and fined \$100 each, with the alternative of paying the fine or serving 2 months' imprisonment. They were given until Tuesday next to make up their minds.

LONDON, 13.—The Cabinet met this afternoon and remained in session two hours and a half. All the Ministers were present except Lord Ashbourne, Lord Chancellor of Ireland.

The Cabinet decided, among other things, to appoint a Royal Commission to inquire into the Belfast riots.

The Cabinet finally approved the Queen's speech, and Lord Salisbury will go to Osborne on Sunday to submit it to Her Majesty. The majority of the members of the Cabinet were in favor of proroguing Parliament in February unless unforeseen events in Ireland should make an autumn session necessary.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chief Secretary for Ireland, expressed confidence in the Government's ability to preserve order without having recourse to special legislation.

BRUSSELS, 13.—It is believed no less than 60,000 workmen will attend the Socialist meeting next Sunday, authorized by the Burgomaster, on condition that the parade to and fro avoided the vicinity of the King's Palace. It is also thought nearly that number of men will take part in the procession to the meeting. The procession will pass along all the principal streets and boulevards excepting those near the King's Palace. Six thousand soldiers have been detailed to guard the route of the procession from disorder. Six thousand other soldiers will be stationed along the line of march. All the garrisons in the neighborhood of Brussels have been ordered to be kept in readiness to move on the capital at a moment's notice on Sunday.

ROME, 13.—To-day 131 new cases of cholera and six deaths were reported at Barletta; 136 new cases and nine deaths at Ravenna; 61 new cases and 30 deaths elsewhere; in Italy and at Trieste 17 cases and five deaths.

BERLIN, 14.—The Empress Augusta joined the Emperor at Babelsburg on his way hither from Potsdam. The Emperor has already resumed his regular work on the business of the State. Princess Frederick Charles has returned to Potsdam.

The North German Gazette, welcoming the Emperor on his return, says: "The sincerity of Emperor William's peace policy merits the thanks of Europe."

The proposed meeting between Prince Bismarck and M. De Giers, Russian Minister for Foreign Affairs, has not yet been definitely arranged. M. De Giers will remain in Franzensburg for three weeks.

The Russian press persists in maintaining that the recent meetings between the German and Austrian Emperors signify a closer approach between Germany and Austria, and a relative estrangement between those powers and Russia. The newspapers of St. Petersburg and Moscow have become very hostile to Germany, and devote much space to attacks on the whole German race. Military circles in Berlin are indignant over the conduct of Russian officers in St. Petersburg in recently banqueting Paul de Renleider the great French advocate in Russia, of a war for revenge against Germany. At one banquet a Frenchman delivered a speech advocating a Franco-Russian alliance against Germany. The speech was loudly cheered by Russians. The military attaché of the German Embassy at St. Petersburg has not been invited to be present at the Russian military maneuvers at Warsaw.

LONDON, 13.—Rioting has been resumed in Belfast. From midnight last until four o'clock this morning a rifle fight was in progress on Shank Hill and Red Falls Roads. One person was killed and many wounded. The town is seething. A dispatch from Belfast says: "Sectarian strife has recurred in a deplorable cold blooded fashion. Expert marksmen are joining and conducting the rifle fight from roof tops, chimney stacks and street corners. Immense crowds of partisans, who carefully keep out of range, were prepared to assist by supplying ammunition and removing the wounded, the contestants being equally divided. The moon shone brightly throughout the contest. The Orangemen admit that one of their men named McFarlane was killed and two others named Smith and Johnson were mortally wounded. Also that there were a number of minor casualties on their side. They claim that they killed and wounded many Catholics, but the latter deny that they sustained serious losses. Many houses were riddled with bullets. Wherever the military appeared the combatants shifted their ground. Finally at 5 o'clock, after the riot act had been twice read, the troops charged upon the crowds and cleared the streets temporarily. An old man and two women, inmates of a house on Conway Street, from which many shots had been fired, were arrested. They stated that three men had forced an entrance into the house and had remained there all night firing from the roof. A howling mob escorted the prisoners to jail. The mob to-day repeatedly fired upon the police. A tavern owned by a Catholic, situated in a Protestant district, was looted. The order instructing the police to use buckshot instead of balls has been cancelled. The populace is sullen and menacing."

LONDON, 15.—In the race for the Cape May cup, between the Irex and Genesta, the latter of which won the

cup in the United States last year Irex was victorious, arriving at Cowe at 1.10 p.m. to-day, at which time the Genesta had not been sighted.

Both Irex and Genesta started with their whole masts square topped and their gaff topsails and jib topsails set over head sails. After passing the Needles the wind lightened and the yachts were then becalmed for an hour in a heavy rolling sea. When the wind freshened the Irex went ahead and in mid channel was six miles in the lead. After that she did not see the Genesta again. Irex sighted Cherbourg Breakwater at 2 a.m. Having passed inside the Breakwater she passed out by the east end at 3 a.m. A brisk southwest wind was blowing and she made a quick run. Genesta reached Cowe at 5 p.m.

LONDON, 15.—Central Russia, especially Moscow district, has been devastated by tornadoes and water spouts, many buildings and bridges and whole crops have been destroyed.

It is reported that there is a Chinese army of 40,000 men quartered on Hungary River in Manchuria, near the Russian boundary.

The Times again censures the Protestants of Belfast for their refusal to submit to the authorities. Referring to the report that Lord Randolph Churchill is preparing an Irish measure. The Times says he will have a long and arduous task. The nature of the government proposed must depend in some degree upon the attitude of the Irish convention at Chicago, but it is quite certain that nothing like a statutory Parliament will enter into Churchill's scheme, and that the development of county government on the elective system will be applied on the same principle to all parts of the kingdom.

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

The steamer Australia, which arrived in San Francisco August 8th, brought advices from Honolulu to July 31st, as follows:

His Majesty, the King, has received from the Shah of Persia the insignia of the Grand Cross of the Lion and the Sun.

Under Gibson's rule it is said that non-leprosy women have been allowed to go to Molokai and remain among the infected for a month at a time. Such practices are cited as good reason for the rapid spread of the disease.

An appropriation has been asked of \$10,000 from the National Legislature for "genealogical purposes." In the course of the debate one of the representatives explained to the House the method of procedure hitherto followed in the important method of verifying "old bones" of chiefs or others. Sundry lots of "old bones" being collected, a pig is introduced, and toward whichever bones the said pig shows a preference, those bones are declared to be the bones of chiefs and become the property of the nation at so much a heap. Some members thought it a joke, an unseemly joke, at the expense of departed chiefs, but another representative assured the House that "the pig test is infallible!" The pig never made a mistake!

A Clear Complexion.

How can you expect a clear complexion when the blood is full of impurities and the stomach clogged? The blood becomes impure because the liver does not act properly and work off the poison from the system and the certain results are blotches, pimples and eruptions. Purify the blood with Simmons Liver Regulator, and regulate the liver, stomach and bowels, and then the skin will become clear.

BIRTH.

In West Jordan Ward, August 4, 1886, to the wife of Hyrum Goff, a son. Mother and child are doing well.

DEATHS.

MARCHANT.—At Peoa, Summit County August 2, 1886, of sore throat, Matilda O., daughter of Albert and Harriet Marchant; aged 7 years, 3 months and 24 days.

HUTCHINSON.—At his residence in the Tenth Ward, Friday, August 13, 1886, of old age and general debility, John Hutchinson.

He was born at Yorkshire, England, May 4, 1804, and has been a member of the Church for 36 years.

The funeral services will be held in the Tenth Ward meeting house to-morrow morning (Sunday) at 11 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to be present.

SPRAGUE.—In this city at half-past one o'clock a.m. August 16th, 1886, of old age, Doctor S. L. Sprague; born May 3rd, 1807, in Boston, Mass. He settled in Salt Lake City in 1848. His last moments were peaceful, and without pain he passed to his rest; he was a kind husband and loving father.

Funeral from residence, 46 S. First East Street, Tuesday, August 17th, at 3 o'clock p.m. Friends of the family are invited.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION.

One roan moody COW, 2 years old, brand resembling V on left hip; she has a calf. Which if not claimed within ten days, will be sold at my corral, August 23rd, 1886, at 2 o'clock p.m.

J. E. LOWELL.
Oak City, August 13, 1886.



THE Sign of the Arkansaw Cough Syrup is looking you all square in the face.

Do you want a sure, safe and reliable Cough Syrup? Are you troubled with a Cough, Cold, Bronchitis or Lung Complaint? Do your Babies keep you awake all night with Hacking Coughs, Colds in the Head, etc. Do you want something reliable in the house to meet these emergencies? We answer to all: "Go to your Druggist and get a Bottle of the Arkansaw Cough Syrup, and be troubled no more." Price, 50 cents per Bottle.

H. H. MOORE & SON.

For Sale by all Druggists.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One white HOG, tail cut off, about six months old.

If not claimed and taken away within ten days, will be sold to the highest cash bidder, Tuesday, August 17th, 1886, at two o'clock p.m., in the estray pound in Levan.

S. P. JENSEN.
Precinct Poundkeeper.
Levan, Juab Co., Aug. 7, 1886.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION.

One red STEER, 3 years old, crop off left ear, wattle on left thigh, branded A on both sides.

One brindle moody HEIFER, 2 years old, branded B on left ribs.

If said animals are not claimed and taken away within ten days from date hereof, I will sell them to the highest cash bidder, at the Junction District estray pound, August 23rd, 1886.

JAMES WHITTAKER,
District Poundkeeper.
Circle Valley Precinct, Piute Co., August 13th, 1886.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE IN MY POSSESSION:

One bay MARE 2 years old, branded AP combined on left shoulder.

One light iron-grey horse COLT, one year old, white stripe in face, both hind feet white; no brands visible.

If said animals are not claimed and taken away within ten days from the date hereof, they will be sold to the highest cash bidder, at the Enterprise estray pound, Thursday, August 26th, at one o'clock p.m.

BENJ. HUBERT,
Precinct Poundkeeper.
Peterson, Morgan Co., Utah, Aug. 16, 1886.

J. I. CASE T. M. CO'S

AGITATOR

— AND —

Woodbury Horse Power,

SAW MILLS & ENGINES.

A Full Stock of REPAIRS on Hand.

FOR PRICES AND TERMS WRITE

STUDEBAKER BROS. MFG. CO.,

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.