The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

No. 75. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1895. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVIII.

ALL OVER TURKEY.

Mohammedan Persecutions of Christians Reported.

PROTESTANT LADY ASSAULTED.

No Justice to be Obtained—Property Taken by Officers and Soldiers—Reign of Terror.

BOSTON, Feb. 18.—A letter relating to the massacre of Armenians has received by a resident of this city, who to remain anonymous, but with his name published, is of great interest inasmuch of having been written from a part of Turkey entirely remote from where the letters mentioned published have come. It indicates a state deplorable only of Africa. Under date of Jan. this the writer says:

"The extraordinary quarrels the pretensions taken by the Hilmeta Hamidian Turks with regard to rhetoric that we all for ever, have now been exceedingly the things that have come from Moush. There is very strong evidence that a general massacre also now of massacre of Christians have been undertaken by the local government. There is an activity and energy displayed by the government in the mere efforts to encourage the Christians and put of their minds any notion that people to be a newly issued plan to be put into execution with as little waste of time as possible."

Relating to a case which occurred in the town within the writer says:

"A Protestant woman in V. was required and robbed by three Turks. Her was this in F. and found guilty, but the infamous court in S., under the influence of the civil inferior government, refused judgment and released the guilty men."

From this wide of things there is no hope, the writer says. No appeal to the law, and some crimes will be not frequent than ever. Terror and unusual have taken hold of the people to such an extent that even in order to escape insult even to their nationality. A couple have too made to officers and soldiers to the Christian into a quarter, but left to be killed. Most of the officers are in possession of the property of the Christians and doing just as they please without regard to law or justice.

BOMBING THE AMERICANS.

To Station Bath and Sanitarium Room in Mexico.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 19.—President Diaz has received an United States Senator Henry G. Davis, of W. Va., and Lieutenant Commander H. M. Oliver, of the U. S. navy, executive and disbursing officers of the International railway commission, and participated several days have been in a region of distinguished attention from the chief executive, who at one is increasing sent the chief of his staff but as body guard during the city, and today discovered a bomb placed under the palace reception room built by the president. Both of the gentlemen named are members of the pan-American railway commission and it developed during the interview that the Mexican government has finished the survey for the project road running through Mexico to the south. The surveys are to the Guatemala line, the map of which will shortly be sent to Washington. It is hoped that with some time on at the American capital the commission has not a few hundred miles road built south to put the road in the Guatemalan frontier.

Offer for the Chinese.

St. Joseph, Mich., Feb. 18.—Captain Ed Naylor is so sure that he can get the Sal Canada in the spring that he has offered to find her and give property valued at $15,000 for half of the boat, cargo and all. Captain Naylor is the boy's pilot he was pilot on the boat, and he thinks he can get the boat into Canada.

In the Vanderbilt District.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—Rev. Thos. Filben, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church, has addressed an open letter to the chief of police requesting the open and flagrant violations of order and decency as witnessed by the minister during several midnight inspections of the Tenderloin district. He expresses the belief that the police officers have for years been following of the protection they have been affording these dramas. He announces his ability to prove this charge by indisputable evidence and asserts that the chief's continued helplessness proves the need of a state commission for the work of investigating the police management.

For the Pacific Trade.

TACOMA, Wash., Feb. 18.—The summer schedule of the Northern Pacific Steamship company contains from Hong Kong states that a new steamship will be put in line this summer, sailing between her first trip July 21. This will give a steamer each way every three weeks. May 15 between Tacoma and China and Japan. The new steamer is not named in the schedule, but is supposed to be the first of the two new modern liners which are to be built for the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. Rates for steamship the Northern Pacific line.

Killed by a Falling Tree.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Feb. 18.—Jim Brown and his son Jesse were logging a falling tree, while falling two logs flying within a few hours.

LOOKING FOR SENTRY.

The Soldiers Thought to Be Dozing in New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—Lieutenant McLoughlin and his men made the round of the sentry, was stationed at Madison avenue and 86th street, Philadelphia. The police force were notified. The sentry is missing in the city.

The man Guilty in one count 25 years old. He is of medium size, stocky and is far from good looking. He has spent a vagrant life up to the time of his arrest. Even his friends admit he is a vagrant. Even his speech is vagrant so he talks with a strong nasal twang not usual in a native of a southern place of Richmond, Va. It appears that he has been on and off for Eleven years of work, never very successful, never being where a good job, low attendance or have remain part. He was an agreeable companion and was well liked by his fellows when sober, which he rarely sober enough when his money singles with his failures as an actor and also to drink. It was about three years ago that he met the young woman whom he murdered Sunday night.

She was Scotch by birth, her father having been in the employ of a big dress society in his native country until Eleven years ago, when he came to New York to travel for a firm of linen importers. There were four children in the family—two boys and two girls—and of the four Hodge Yorke was the eldest and most attractive. She grew up into a fine looking woman with a sweet soprano voice and a figure and a manner that seemed to fit her particularly for the opera stage. She seemed to sing for there as home, and her father, proud of her talent, let her take lessons of Pierre Maat. But when she was born, at 19, that she wanted to go on the stage, he was greatly interested. He was enough of a man of the world to know there were many snares and temptations on the comic opera stage, and he learned by his daughter, because of her youth and attractiveness. Rich it had in view when she was 19 years old he gave her money and himself helped her to get a place in the chorus of the Casino.

WENT TO PARIS FOR A MODEL.

Proposition to Reorganize the City Government of Chicago.

Giving the Mayor a "Cabinet," Abolishing Veto and various Other "Ferrugatives."

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Feb. 19.—There will be introduced simultaneously in the house and senate today a measure that, if passed, will completely reorganize the city government of Chicago. It was prepared by the legislative committee of the civic federation. In its previous the city will be almost in the control of the mayor. Instead of the department as now existing, the mayor will have a cabinet similar to that of the President of the United States, to be known as the board of control. It does away with the election of the city treasurer and provides for the election of one alderman from each ward for a term of two years and twelve aldermen at large for a term of four years, the latter to be on the minority representation plan. The board of control will consist of the comptroller, to be at the head of the department of finance; the commissioner of public works, to be at the head of the department of public works; the treasurer, to be at the head of the department of funds and disbursements, and the commissioner of police safety to be in charge of the police, fire and health departments, and the corporation counsel who will have all the legal business of the city. The office of city attorney is abolished.

The salary of the mayor is to be $10,000 and of the heads of departments $5,000 a year. The salaries of aldermen are to be $2,000 a year and they will not be allowed to hold any other office. The mayor is to have power to remove any of his cabinet at any time and is given absolute veto power. The board of control shall say to what banks the city's money shall be deposited and what banks must give bonds. All franchises must be passed upon by the board of control and then sold to the highest bidder at public auction. Purchasers must pay a percentage of earnings to the city. The council will elect its own presiding officer.

The committee in preparing the bill, studied the methods by which almost every large city in the world is governed, and the bill provides for the government of Chicago almost on a plan like that which governs Paris.

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Hard on the Chinese.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Feb. 19.—Mr. Cantwell has introduced a bill in the house making it unlawful for any male person to wear a queue. The effect of the bill is to drive out the Chinese.

HENDERSON CURDERED.

Story of His Escapade and Subsequent Conviction at Surgeles.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 19.—Governor Rich, upon recommendation of the police board, issued a pardon today to Frank O. Henderson, convicted of larceny and sentenced to the reformatory. Henderson is a civil engineer, a graduate of Yale, and has already parole to California where he has not heard of his daughter. While calling upon a political worker he was attacked by the husband and jumped through the window. He has been in Michigan's watch and the husband had been arrested for larceny. For over a year of treating the wife's reputation Henderson was not explain the property in the house and was convicted. He has served two years of his term.

Gold Transactions.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—Trades in gold this morning were at Bidell yet not consolidated.

Dividend Declared.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy has declared a quarterly dividend of 1 per cent.

Students on the War Path.

TORONTO, Feb. 19.—All but five of the 70 students at Toronto university resigned away from the lectures today, as they threatened to do. If Professor Dale was not reinstated and an investigation into the management of the school. The government will not yield.

Millions for the Treasury.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The Gem, which will sail from Southampton for New York tomorrow, will take $1,000,000 in gold bars. The total amount of gold been on the way to America will be $5,000,000.

A Bogus Bomb.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—An alleged bomb, found last night at 127 Bleecker street, consisted of a piece of gas pipe filled with white lead, and the fuse was simply a piece of twine.

Dr. Mathe Dead.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—Dr. Hales, president of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, is dead.

Died of Kidney Disease.

CHICAGO, Feb. 19.—Colonel J. P. Martin, assistant general of the department of the Illinois, died today of kidney disease.

Le Courage Not Again.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—Le Courage's machinery having been pronounced safe and sound after a dock test, the celebrated steamship will sail tomorrow afternoon with a full cargo and over 300 passengers.

Henry Irving Sick.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—Henry Irving is seriously indisposed, having influenza.

Dissatisfaction of Parliamentary Incumbent.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—Lord Rosebery hastily summoned a meeting of the cabinet which lasted fully an hour. It is rumored a dissolution of the parliament is imminent. Intervening when a vote was being taken in the House of Commons on the William Harcourt's motion to place the estate on the address in reply to the queen's speech, it was confidently believed by the opposition the government would be defeated. The vote was 204 to 171.

U. S. BONDS IN LONDON.

The Price at Which the Rothschilds Will Offer Them For Sale.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—N. M. Rothschild & Son will issue the prospectus this afternoon for the sale of the new U. S. bonds, of which half is to be taken here. Subscriptions will open tomorrow at noon on Thursday. The price will be £112 for every $1,000.

Messrs. Rothschild will issue scrip installments to extend into July. A coupon for every $1,000 will be attached to the scrip and be payable the first of August.

PRICE OF THE SYNDICATE BONDS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—The Belmont-Morgan syndicate issued their prospectus of the 4 per cent government bonds this afternoon stating 112½ as the issue price.

CARLISLE TO THE SENATE.

No More Bond Issues Needed to Fill Deficiencies.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 19.—A letter from Secretary Carlisle was read in the Senate today, stating that the security should be greater authority to issue short time bonds, but that the prospects are now such that bonds will not be needed to meet deficiencies. The letter is in response to a senate resolution and bears on the provision for certificates of indebtedness in the sundry civil bill.

Gone to Europe for His Health.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 19.—The Secretary and Mrs. Carlisle left here for New York this morning with their son, W. K. Carlisle, of Chicago, who will sail for Europe tomorrow for the benefit of his health.

FOR HAGEY'S DEFENSE.

Testimony in the Minneapolis Murder Trial Today.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 19.—Edward Grindell, a Chicago dental student, was put on the stand in the Hagey murder trial today for redirect examination. He testified that he usually had been Harry Hayward's companion when he came to Chicago to gamble and that he had seen him lose $1,000 at a time.

Frank Erhart, who was summoned by his brother when the body was found, swore he found in the dirt near where the body lay a heel mark, and such a the mark of a lady's shoe. There was also a trace where the body had been dragged to where the body lay. This evidence went to show that Miss Gling's body was pushed out of the buggy, feet first, instead of head first, as first testified.

George Grindell was an important witness for the defense. He was standing on 21st avenue north, between Fourth and Fifth streets at 7 o'clock on Sunday morning, December 2, the night of the murder. Standing a short way from him was a man "like that man there," said witness, pointing to Attorney Rosecrans. Grindell saw Miss Gling drive up. The man he had seen walking there entered the buggy with her and they drove away. The description given by Grindell of the man who hired her does not at all fit Harry Hayward.

There was a wordy quarrel between the lawyers over Grindhall's testimony, each side insisting that the other was misconstruing evidence.

Of Bright's Disease.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Feb. 19.—Colonel Robert Pepper, a wealthy stock breeder and owner of the famous stallion Ormond, died today of Bright's disease.

DISCUSSING SILVER.

Senator Jones's Bill Debated in the Senate Today.

NEW VOTE FOR THE WHITE METAL

Interest Manifested in the Matter—Other Business Before the Congress.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The year and nays were called on the Jones motion to take up the silver bill in the senate today and it was carried, 40 to 27. Quorge voted in the affirmative today and Wilson (Wash.), who has just been sworn in, also voted for the silver bill.

After the silver bill had been taken up, Jones (Ark.) tried to get a time fixed for a vote, but the senators objected.

Jones gave notice that he would ask the Senate to sit tonight until a vote was reached.

Vilas then took the floor for a speech.

There were large accessions to the floor in the senate today and the galleries were well filled in anticipation of the struggle and perhaps vote on the silver bill, shortly before to the floor last night, as well as the senate. There was hardly an absentee on the Democratic side. It was evident by the quiet talk in the silver strength would be augmented by another vote, as the resignation of Wilson, the new senator from Washington, had been received.

The report from the secretary of the treasury in response to the resolution concerning the cost of the bonds to meet deficiencies was read. The secretary states that the aggregate sum was $95,535,000 exclusive of over $65,000,000 gold reserve. Discussing hard, the economic the opinion that it would be desirable for the secretary of the treasury to issue and sell from bonds to meet deficiencies but advise that no such embargo now exists or is likely to exist and he was of the opinion that there would be ample revenue for the coming fiscal year.

Hawaiian reported from the conference committee on the diplomatic and consular bill that an agreement had been reached in all items except $75,000 for beginning the Hawaiian cable. The report was confirmed and further conference on the Hawaiian cable item ordered.

DEFICIENCY PROBABLE.

It is stated by a Republican senator that an informal understanding has been reached by which the silver bill will not be allowed to come to a vote in the Senate. As Jones appears determined to have a vote, a deadlock seems inevitable.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 19.—After passing a number of small bills today the House resumed consideration of the naval appropriation bill.

Shipwrecked Sailors Reach New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—Thirteen shipwrecked seamen reached this city today on the White Star steamer Teutonic. They were Captain Jones and crew of the Norwegian ship Hulda, bound for Pensacola, which went ashore on February 10th with great difficulty after six hours' continuous effort.

DYNAMITE DETECTIVE TRIED.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 19.—Chancellor Magill today appointed Vice Chancellor John H. Emery to take testimony in Judge Dixon's divorce case and report the conclusion to the chancellor for confirmation. The chancellor also, on motion of counsel for Mrs. Dixon, granted her the rule to show cause why she should not be permitted to return, but a very few will be reserved right to issue the motion any time during the trial.

APPOINTED BY CLEVELAND.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—The President appointed Lorenzo S. Ross of California, U. S. marshal for the Ninth judicial district, vice Ross, deceased, for by an act approved February 16, 1895.

Thomas H. Shelby Dead.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 19.—Mayor Thomas H. Shelby, president of Federal revenue in this district, and father of John T. Shelby, Col. Breckinridge's law partner, died today of paralysis of the throat, in his 64th year. He was a grandson of Isaac Shelby, the first governor of Kentucky.

The Flames Put Out.

ASHLAND, Penn., Feb. 19.—After twenty-four hours of continuous work, the men fighting the flames at West Bear Ridge colliery, where 16 men were killed and seven injured by an explosion of gas yesterday, succeeded in quenching the fire today.

SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION MEETING

Dr. J. M. Tanner Lectures on Biblical Geography.

Nearly all the city wards were well represented at the Union meeting held last night, Feb. 18, 1895, as also were the following county wards: Brigham, south District of Big Cottonwood, Murray, Farmers', Sugar House, South Jordan, Union, Granger and Forest Dale.

Opening prayer was offered by Elder Thomas F. Howells.

D. J. M. Tanner, who recently returned from an extensive mission to the Holy Land, was introduced to the audience and delivered an instructive lecture on the interesting subject of "Biblical Geography of the Holy Land."

After the opening exercises Stake Superintendent Grant requested that the annual statistical reports be at once forwarded to the secretary. Some stakes of these reports were still lacking to complete the Conference Minutes. Referring to the blanks for special quarterly reports recently sent to the schools, superintendent Grant stated that they were for the present year and not for 1894.

The committee ward Sabbath school, under the direction of Brother Frank N. Foster, rendered excellent musical exercises during the evening, and the benediction was offered by Superintendent William McLachlan.

The Eighth ward Sabbath school was requested to furnish music at the next meeting of the Union, to be held in March.

J. H. Paul,
Secretary.

About to Commence.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey were on hand in Judge Bartch's court at the opening near this morning and Valentine had been brought down from the penitentiary, so that everything might be in order in the event of the case being called up early. Hustead and wife, as on yesterday, sat together within the bar enclosure, and all the attorneys engaged in the fight were present, but the Cal Boss hostler continued to block the way. At 11 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Hurlburt joined in the court room and were soon again during the remainder of the ceremony. Valentine was meanwhile accommodated with temporary lodging in the cells from adjoining Marshal Brigham's private apartment, where he remained in the custody of a reliable guard, and presently whiled away the time in smoking cigarettes and holding conversation with those who stopped in at intervals.

When the cases were called this afternoon, shortly after 1 o'clock, the prosecution asked that they be peremptorily set for hearing tomorrow morning, and number for the defendants offering no objection, an order to that effect was entered.

FOR DOCKING A HORSE'S TAIL.

Prosecution of a Case That Has Attracted a Good Deal of Attention in Colorado.

Dr. Gosswell, a new veterinary surgeon, who has been practicing in Denver for Dom Gaspian near the state line, returned to Denver on Saturday from Colorado Springs, where he appeared as an expert in a case against a local veterinary surgeon for docking a horse's tail. The case has attracted a great deal of interest at Colorado Springs and the British element are said to be stirred up on one side and the American element on the other. The defendant, says the Denver News, claims that the operation was performed on account of cancer in the tail of the animal, and although the docking was performed three or four months ago, a specimen shown as the original tail was presented in evidence. All last reports the jury could not agree and it was thought that the question would be reached. It is against the law of Colorado to dock a horse's tail and the case has been prosecuted by the humane society. A great deal of sensational doubling is expected to be practiced at Colorado Springs.

In England, Dr. Gresswell says, the practice is legalized, provided the operation is performed by a competent person. The doctor says the conditions are entirely different in England and America, and while he might oppose the practice in this country, the same arguments would not hold good in both countries. In England animals are not bobbed to any large extent by fire and the perpetual sore of the stump lies inside the horse's tail a cancer.

Militia Eagle Blasts.

The First Regiment band—Thirty—was mustered into the service of the N. G. U. last night. By this action Professor Held became quartermaster sergeant. New uniforms for the musicians of the band will be secured at once.

Colonel Page has issued the following in general order No. 2:

"Commanders of each company in the Fifth Regiment, N. G. U., will forward to headquarters of the regiment a list of non-commissioned officers with dates of original appointment. Upon receipt of said list warrants will be issued in accordance with section 20 Military Code."

Bennett Lines.

If Bennett Lines, who came to Utah about fifteen years ago with his family, will give the his address, or if any person knowing of his place of residence, or if any of his children's, will do the same, they will very some oblige a relative of his wife.

WAGNER EVERTS,
GLENDALE, Kane Co., Utah.

"THE JUDICIARY ARTICLE."

A Member of the Bar Association Gives His Views.

Your article of the 11th on "Our Part Well Guessed" and the Tribune's reply thereto of the 15th, afford matter for thought by members of the Constitutional Convention as well as by the Bar Association.

Your paper leans a conservative and considerate view of questions affecting the welfare of our Territory, and at this time your paper, the Convention and the Bar Association will have an eye single to the welfare—the best welfare of our entire people. While of course the Bar Association will in the main profess our judges and prosecuting attorneys, I think your article exonerates and tending to place us in a somewhat false light. I think no one will seriously contend for more than one judge for any district (notice Salt Lake City) with three when there will be two, and seven judges. I think no one will argue a salary to exceed $2,500 or $3,000 for the prosecuting attorneys for reason to be set forth. I am well aware that from secret service in the courts of the district in other than criminal cases. But such practice in other cases will be very materially increased from the opportunities that attendance in all courts of the district will give them to secure other practice.

That is the salary that generally obtains for such office in other states.

That for superior territorial courts to secure talent and independence of the district attorneys will, I think, suffice. The fact is, in all states where that system has come existence, it has been sufficiently satisfactory. Instance is sufficient evidence to show that in the federal district courts of this Territory.

We believe that the judiciary is the one branch of State government and we will not complain that it must be recruited at the expense of other overburdened branches of government. If the salaries named seem too high, there is no doubt who pays them and we know we will demand efficient service at the salary, even at one-half of $2,500, and that a great majority of our people would have more cheerfully than complained of the salaries paid. Only a few years ago the salaries of our judges, including all expenses of office rent, furnishings, stove bills, etc., etc. There are many cities, even quite old cities of the Union where, not long ago, the salary of the judge of the supreme courts, and the salary of their district judges. To those who find able and experienced lawyers ready to lay down the entire work of attorneys and also the work and, and who are willing to hold their position as long as the people want them on the one hand and a salary on the other. That it does not necessarily cost cheap judges, but cities of large population have demanded the change. A judge in Iowa, for instance, who for years filled a position of judge of the district court, then a supreme judge many years, at $2,500 per year salary, later a federal judge and so many years has had a judge of the supreme court of the United States—Judge Brewer, now of America's chief justice. Where supreme judges on the small salary, he became there many most able decisions, some of which have been followed by many other supreme courts of American states.

While the Bar Association favors a policy that will secure able judges and that will necessarily pay them, it will hardly recommend to the whole Bar not justify the attitude that two were made attorneys in opposition to the recommendation by practitioners without an order of thanks was not justified the people of the State which have relied in its courts generally and within the state and near states and necessity of witnesses become required by age or other and wonderful reason.

If the salary of our courts was made from yearly some of the abler practitioners would not seek to find position for the position, and in very many cases the ability of the tender would not be strengthened thereby. It takes years of training to make a most able, careful judge of an active efficient advocate, and to have a man be become an industrial, patient, painstaking judge, it takes a few years' practice to again resume his strength and power as an advocate. This affords another consideration justifying long terms of judgeship.

The superintendent of attorney general of any other office ought not to be considered a moment. The history of America shows it is a mistake to place official power beyond direct accountability to the people. The officer should not be placed beyond the reach of the people through the ballot box, or that if he is derelict of his duty of inconsiderate of their demands the people may bring him back to them.

Efficient and able service, prompt heating of cases and the best prosecution possible without neglect of other branches of government, are, I take it, the objects at which our Convention should aim, and our press and Bar Association should stay their hand to its accomplishment.

Respectfully submitted.

C——
Member of Bar Association.

SHE SPAT IN HIS FACE.

That Is How Gussie Blake Acted Towards Detective Franks.

Detective E. A. Franks is ordinarily a patient man, and the one who can shed a good deal—even from a woman—before his temper gets up but when Gussie Blake spat in his face yesterday afternoon and accompanied that action with a most objectionable epithet, the limit of his endurance was exceeded. Franks had been testifying against her in Commissioner McNulty's court upon the hearing of the charges of which she and her sister companions were convicted, and Gussie wanted to him, thinking for revenge. Active detective was leaving the Eagle building, she followed Eight and Richard as with the assault above stated. The assault for her arrest was sustained and this morning "Miss Gussie" sentenced before Commissioner Greenman, who fined her $1.50 and costs.

Council Meeting Tonight.

The City Council will meet in regular session tonight. The street lighting ordinance which is on its third reading and which provided so much discussion in the committee of the whole last evening, is expected to come up for passage. It seemed to be the impression of a majority of the Council today that the measure will be so passed. A strong effort, however, will be made to pass it.

GUSSIE BLAKE'S FINE IS $200.

The Girls To Pay the Fine of $50 Each, But Including Costs.

Commissioner McNulty this afternoon passed sentence upon Gussie Blake and seven of the female inmates of her Commercial street establishment, Gussie having been convicted, first, of keeping a house of ill fame and, second, of selling liquor therein without a license. The girls were convicted of having resorted to the place for immoral purposes.

The commissioner fined Gussie $100 and costs on each of the two cases against her; the other defendants were mulcted in the sum of $50 each, including costs, all to be imprisoned, in default of payment, at the rate of one day for every dollar.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

The Second Jury Fails to Agree in the F. M. Sawyer Case.

HACKMAN HAS ACQUITTED.

Civil Jury Matters before Chief Justice Merritt: A Bill for Merchandise, Etc.

Judge Bartch has been occupied with the criminal calendar all day.

JURIES FAILING TO AGREE.

After being out all night, the jury in the case in which was tried yesterday F. M. Sawyer, on a charge of fornication, came into court this morning and announced that they were unable to agree. Judge Bartch therefore discharged them and directed that the defendant be released on his own recognizance. The offense was alleged to have been committed with a young girl named Louisa Fowler. This was the defendant's second trial on the same charge, the former jury having also disagreed. The prosecutrix is that nothing more will now be heard of the case, as the prosecution contended its utmost effort on the present occasion to secure a conviction.

SEAL, THE SACKMAN.

The trial of Cal. L. Seal, a local bookmaker, was taken up late yesterday afternoon. The charge is lottery, alleged to have been committed upon Sam Ann A. Cassels on the night of August 25, 1894. The case comes here on appeal from the police court, where Seal was found guilty and fined $100. Attorney F. H. Lewis defended.

Mrs. Cassels now testified that she resided Salt Lake from Ogden on the evening of August 25th, and engaging Dean's hack, had the defendant drive her to 12 South First West street. Instead of doing so, however, he drove south on Main street, for a distance of about three miles, and then, getting out the flight, came and opened the carriage door and caught her by the wrist. She said "If you know what you are doing you had better get back and take me to my destination; if you don't, I will scream." Seal laughed and said "Well, scream if you want to; nobody will hear you and it won't do you any good, as there are no houses close." Just then a carriage drawn past and Seal jumped back upon his carriage and started to drive off. A short distance farther on Mrs. Cassels saw a light and asked Seal to let her out, stating that she wanted to get a drink. "Well," said he, "I will let you out if you will promise to come back." She promised, but when she got to the house she told a lady what had happened, and they went out to the hack together. She then had Seal that she would not go any farther with him. He insisted, but she refused, and she then went home. Seal now said he was blind. He replied "If you told me you would only charge me $1 or $2 I would not have any part of the city." she said. "Yes," Seal said, "but we are now out of the city limits and I charge you 10 cents per mile." She then handed him 50 cents and he refused to deliver her fare, saying he would hold it until she paid him. She cursed him a trifle and said she would see that he was punished for his treatment of her, after which he returned her baggage. He then took a car and reached his office about half an hour.

Mrs. I. Howell, at whose house Mrs. Cassels stopped on the night in question, corroborated Mrs. Cassels as to her alighting there and taking a car, but stated that Mrs. Cassels did not tell her her trouble arose on Twelfth South street, which was subsequently found to be a mistake.

The prosecution rested at 5:30, and court then adjourned until this morning.

The defense opened this morning, Attorney B. C. Dickson, who appeared to prosecute the case in the lower court, being one of his witnesses called. The object sought was to impeach Mrs. Cassels, who testified yesterday, and some little was accomplished in this direction.

The defendant then took the stand. He gave his version of the affair, from the time of his city arrival by train on the night in question until the time of his arrest. Among other things he testified that a gentleman got into Mrs. Cassels's coach at the depot and gave the driver the address to which he was to be driven. This he understood to be Twelfth South and First West. Upon passing Twelfth South and West Temple he messenger called upon him to stop, and he immediately obeyed. He opened the door and was cut off, saying "Where are I?" He told her a couple of stories from her destination, and finally he said he would go back. At a moment of rest she called to him, "Wait a moment, I want you to have a drink of water." She again alighted from the hack, went out to a house, returned with more ladies and said she would not go any farther. He confessed denied having in any way molested the complainant, and that she did not upbraid him at all or call him "a villain" in the presence of the other ladies. He at no time during the drive out of the best of the hack until they reached the house, and it was not true that he knocked Mrs. Cassels's hand at any stage of the journey.

In Mr. Rallison's hack drive, testified that Mrs. Cassels came up to his hack, near the Denver Western depot, on the night in question. She told him she wanted to go to Twelfth South and First West, and he agreed to take her there. At the conversation, she went up to the Denver Depot. J. F. Lewis, a stranger, Fred M. Tilton, a friend of defendant, and other witnesses were

(Continued on Page Four.)