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THE STATE OF UTAH.

The State of Utah began its career with mostly untried men in the posts of responsibility, just two months ago. This is hardly sufficient time within which to either figure up results as to what has gone before or cast the horoscope of the future, but enough to give us all an idea of the general drift of our craft in the open sea of political independence. So far, we have encountered no breakers, reefs or derelicts, but it has not been altogether smooth sailing by any means, and will probably be somewhat rougher as time wears on; in this respect, however, we will not be at all unique, there being no monopoly of such a thing attaching to the early or even the later career of any commonwealth.

Governor Wells, who never before held a high executive office and is not a law graduate, who is young in years and unripe in statecraft, is holding well to his promise to give the people a business administration. It has so far been quite free from partisanship or apparent bias; his suggestions to the Legislature are frank, plain and sensible, while his vetoes are not only based upon such grounds as the majority of the people will approve of, but are not withheld because of the fear of frequency diminishing their potency, and he has not been overridden yet. We can it, Democrats and Republicans alike, agree upon the proposition that he is doing very well indeed and promises to make a record of which any executive might be proud.

With the exception of the judges, the other State officials have had no such prominence before the public placed upon them, but each seems to be conducting his department in accordance with the law and the spirit which obtains at headquarters. Speaking of the judges reminds us that the new dispensation of things judicial, by which each county looks after and disposes of its own affairs and all offenses arising within its borders, was a rather trying one to place upon some of them where experience in that line was wholly wanting; but so far as can be learned they have all become accustomed to it with a readiness and facility which bespeak high intelligence and an excellent public spirit on the part of the people. Those of the judges who have never before sat on the bench—meaning all of them but two or three—are showing remarkable aptitude and giving the best of satisfaction; and as they are nearly all young men this evinces on their part not only learning in the law but a studious disposition which alone can keep the jurist abreast of his work.

The outlook as a whole is most encouraging. Not only is the political mechanism working with but few jars, but constant additions to our material resources are promising abundantly to meet all the added expense which our new estate has placed upon us, and considerably more than that. At the same time if the lawmakers would but occasionally permit their minds to rest upon the fact that the ninety days time granted them by the Constitution was intended merely as a limitation, not at all as the definition of the term, it would be much more satisfactory, especially in view of the important fact that two-thirds of the period is gone.

MAYORS VS. CITY COUNCILS.

As there is now considerable discussion among legislators regarding the relative powers that should be held by mayors, city councils and commissioners to administer affairs in different municipal departments, it might not be amiss to quote what a high authority on political science and social economics—George Gunton, editor of Gunton's Magazine—has to say of a proposition in the state of New York to enact a law authorizing the mayors of cities to appoint and remove the heads of executive departments, and have direct supervisory powers over the police. It is specially noted by Mr. Gunton that the proposed law does not go to the extreme of making mayors members of city councils or presiding officers thereof, but excludes them therefrom; yet of the other proposition he says:

The chief intent of this portion of the proposed law seems to be to ubolish and consolidate the common council, and to make of each mayor a petty autocrat, responsible to no one ... [illegible] ... English city governments, and which seems to imply that in America and ... of necessity, be a failure.

The discussion of the subject is continued at length, and closes with a series of questions, of which the following have particular interest because of their application to the subject generally throughout the country:

There are some who would like to know whether there is any city in the ... [illegible] ... ho by the councilmen and ... government of American city government since it has come into vogue?

Is it a true remedy from the evils of city government to stock the mayor into a ... [illegible] ... a pained commissioner?

Yet the State House of Representatives passed a bill Wednesday, making the mayor in first class cities a member of the council and presiding officer thereof, with the power of voting and and of afterwards using the veto, in addition to powers already possessed by that office.

ANY OTHER OBJECTION?

A morning contemporary says:

To locate the postoffice in a street that is but fifty feet wide all told, sidewalks included, would create constant crush and confusion, by reason of the great resort to it by persons and vehicles. It would be a public nuisance.

During twenty years the postoffice in New York city was located on Nassau and Pine streets, the one 34 feet wide, the other 17, sidewalks included. At the time, the metropolis had a population of five hundred thousand people. As Salt Lake has as yet only about a tenth of the above number of people, there is small reason to anticipate the "crush," "confusion" and "public nuisance" of having the postoffice located on a street so wide, within a few inches, as Pine and Nassau put together.

UTAH IN CONGRESS.

Utah is not being lost sight of in Congress. There is the proposed annexation of a portion of Arizona, referred to a day or two ago, and now being considered by the House committee on territories; then there is the Utah University faculty's memorial on the metric system, presented in the Senate on Wednesday, also the submission to the House on the same day of estimates of the assistant secretary of the treasury for deficiencies in the government's part of conducting Territorial affairs up to the date of admission to Statehood, including $23,554.98 for election officers, $748.18, Utah Commission expenses, and $[illegible], Constitutional Convention shortage. Added to these are the efforts of the Utah delegation for the opening of the Indian reservations, the latest upon this point being Senator Frank J. Cannon's resolution, adopted by the Senate Wednesday afternoon, directing the secretary of the interior to inform the Senate for what reason the non-agricultural and unallotted lands of the Uncompahgre Indian reservation have not been restored to the public domain and proclaimed open to entry and location, as prescribed by sections 20 and 21 of the act of Congress approved August 15, 1894, entitled "An act making appropriations for current and contingent expenses of the Indian department," etc.; and further, to inform the Senate when, in his judgment, said lands will be so opened to entry and location.

Utah as a Territory was nowhere, compared with Utah as a State, when it comes to the consideration of her interests by the great governing body of the nation.

ITALY'S MISFORTUNE.

The present does not appear to be an auspicious time for aggressive colonial policies for the nations of Europe. First, England met with difficulties in the way of her Venezuelan aspirations and Alaskan extensions, then there was the failure of the Jameson raid in the Transvaal; Spain has had to bear still greater reverses, both on the battlefield and in the diplomatic arena; and now comes the culminating misfortune to European colonial aggressiveness in the awful disaster which has befallen Italy in her attempt to subdue Abyssinia. The uniformity of these occurrences suggests that those nations of Europe which are desirous of extending their foreign possessions ... [illegible] ... distant colonies by force of arms would better wait a while, till there is a turn in the wheel of fate.

A short time ago there appeared to be every prospect that Italian arms in Abyssinia would prove successful, and that, too, without much more effort than was being made. A large and splendidly equipped army was sent out to reduce the country and finally secure it to Italian control, and this was thought to be virtually accomplished. Hence the news that the expedition had been ... [illegible] ... came like a thunderbolt from a clear sky upon the Italian people. Grief, excitement, and anger at the supposed incompetence of ... those in charge, is racking King Humbert's dominions, and if the disaster is to be retrieved it will be only by a supreme national effort.

There is one thing which the battle of Adowa shows conclusively: supposed uncivilized peoples are not so far behind civilized nations in the art of war as they were a few years ago or are now generally thought to be. By the mingling among them of adventurous spirits of a more advanced race, they are being brought to a condition of discipline which formerly was unknown; and through closer acquaintance with civilized commerce modern ... they are able to supply themselves with improved implements of warfare. In the Abyssinian ranks it may be French officers, or others who have taken up their residence in the country, who have directed the native energy and courage. The outcome establishes the fact that in Abyssinia the inhabitants are pretty nearly as able to govern themselves as any European nation is to govern them, even if this condition has been attained by the aid of European soldiers. Italy's experience is a premonition that the future may produce great African powers as well as great European, Asiatic and American powers as factors in the world's politics; and regretable as is the heavy loss to Italian arms, it may open a way to the settlement of questions between civilized and half-civilized peoples by some other means than the dictum of rifles and cannon.

The [illegible] outburst of anti-Spanish feeling in this country must cause Queen Isabella of Castile to turn uneasily in her grave; if she had the thing to do over again perhaps she would not be so willing to pawn her jewels to help Columbus to discover America.

Montana barley is of so excellent a quality for brewing purposes that large German firms have contracted for two and a half million bushels for next season. That America should contribute to Germany material for beer-making is as much of an anomaly as carrying coal to Newcastle.

Mayor [illegible] says C. P. Huntington is the "biggest liar in America today." Californians in general and San Franciscans in particular will recognize in this remark Mr. Sutro's characteristic native modesty.

The veto is a great institution. It has many times been successfully and unjustly used, but in its proper application it makes the majority of the people glad of its existence.

It is said that Senator-elect Foraker is a victim of insomnia; and the worst of it is that when the lively Ohioan does not sleep, a great many other politicians are afraid to.

Among other rumors of European powers there is much favor for the proposition, as to the American eagle, to strike out its exciting claws.

Cuba to Uncle Sam: "If you won't give me belligerent rights or recognition of independence, won't you give me some ammunition?"

There is no question about the belligerent rights of the Abyssinians; even Italy recognizes them.

What a Prominent Insurance Man Says.

H. M. Blossom, senior member of H. M. Blossom & Co., 217 N. 3d St., St. Louis, writes: I had been left with a very distressing cough, the result of influenza, which nothing seemed to relieve, until I took Ballard's Horehound Syrup. One bottle completely cured me. I sent one bottle to my sister, who had a severe cough, and she experienced immediate relief. I always recommend this syrup to my friends.

John Cranston, 903 Hampshire street, Quincy, Ills., writes: I have found Ballard's Horehound Syrup superior to any other cough medicine I have ever known. It never disappoints. Price 50c.

Ballard's Snow Liniment.

This liniment is different in composition from any other liniment on the market. It is a scientific discovery which results in it being the most penetrating Liniment ever known. There are numerous white imitations, which may be recommended because they pay the seller a greater profit. Beware of these and demand Ballard's Snow Liniment. It positively cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Cuts, Sciatic and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Sore Feet, Contracted Muscles, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Pain in Back, Barb Wire Cuts, Sore Chest or Throat, and is especially beneficial in Paralysis.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you Bilious, Constipated or troubled with Jaundice, Sick Headache, Bad Taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot Dry Skin, Pain in Back and between the Shoulders, Chills and Fever, etc. If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order, and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your Liver does not act properly. Herbine will cure any disorder of the Liver, Stomach or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver Medicine. Price 75 cents. Free trial bottles at Z. C. M. I. drug store.

Ninety Per Cent

Of all the people need to take a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla at this season to prevent that run-down and debilitated condition which invites disease. The money invested in half a dozen bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla will come back with large returns in the health and vigor of body and strength of nerves.

Hood's Pills are easy to buy, easy to take, easy to operate. Cure all liver ills. 25c.

GOOD PLACE TO BUY

Chinaware, Crockery, Glassware.

PRETTIEST PATTERNS. LOWEST PRICES.

Great American Importing Tea Co.'s

245 Main St., Salt Lake City, Utah.

We operate 100 Stores and Agencies. [illegible]

TABERNACLE.

Friday, March 6, 8 p. m.

Saturday Afternoon, March 7,

SOUSA'S ★

PEERLESS CONCERT BAND FIFTY EMINENT MUSICIANS

America's March King.

JOHN PHILIP SOUSA, Conductor.

Brilliant Assisting Artists:

MISS MYRTA FRENCH - Soprano

MISS CURRIE DUKE - Violinist

MR. ARTHUR PRYOR, - Trombone

and the

TABERNACLE CHOIR, 450 Voices

[illegible]

A Great Comedy Success.

EVERY EVENING and SATURDAY MATINEE.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Week Beginning MONDAY, MARCH 2

J. H. Rogers, Mgr.

THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE COMPANY

Will Appear In a Perfect Production of

LED ASTRAY

The Great Comedy by Dion Boucicault.

PRICES—25c, 35c and 50c. Matinee every Saturday, 25c. Evenings at 8:15, Sat. Matinee 2:15.

LYCEUM

WEEK OF MARCH 2

[illegible] Managers.

ALL THE FAVORITES IN THE CAST THE

Two Orphans

The Grandest Production Ever Seen in the City.

Prices—15c, 25c, 35c. Saturday Matinee, 15c.

EX-GOVERNOR

DAVIS H. WAITE,

OF COLORADO.

Will Deliver a FREE Lecture on the

"Monroe Doctrine"

AT THE

SALT LAKE THEATER

Thursday Evening, March 5,

[illegible] The public cordially invited.

GO SEE THE GREAT FEAT OF ENDURANCE AT

Continental Market Hall

MISS ZOE GAYTON

[illegible]

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Are the certain results to be derived by dealing at this great store—pleasure, because of the newness, the variety and the completeness of the stock; profit, because of the very low prices always ruling. Our great business is kaleidoscopic in its nature, constantly changing and exhibiting the results of its wonderful resources—today this attraction, tomorrow that.

Two Kinds of Men.

There are two kinds of men to be found every where. Those who are obliged to dress roughly while at work, and those whose occupation involves no difference in attire. For the laborer we have heavy, substantial boots; for the business man, comfortable shoes; for the boys and girls good knockabouts and for the ladies the latest novelties in footwear.

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To the wearing qualities of our clothing are coming to us every day in the shape of new customers sent us by old patrons. That is endorsement worth having. We want you to become a customer now, and ten years hence you will be one of the old ones. Call in this week and examine our new stock.

Z. C. M. I.

T. G WEBBER, Supt.

Send in this BLANK with Your Want.

NEWS WANT COLUMN ORDER BLANK. No. ____

THE WANT COLUMNS of the **Deseret Evening News** will hereafter be made one of the special features of the paper. Fill out this blank and send in or call up Telephone 389. Twenty words (three lines) one insertion, 15 cents; two insertions, 25 cents; one week, 50 cents; one month, 30 cents per line. No Ad. taken for less than 15 cents. Wants of more than three lines same proportionate rate. Rate in Semi-Weekly same as Daily.

No. Insertions ____________ Paper ____________

Persons out of money seeking employment, three line want written on this blank, inserted three times free.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

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SCANDIA EMPLOYMENT OFFICE ... [illegible]

ARTISTIC FOOT-FITTING, ALL KINDS shoe repairing. T. Andersen, ... [illegible]

SALESMEN TO CARRY GOOD LINE OF ... [illegible]

A SINGLE MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS ... [illegible]

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN TO ... [illegible]

IF YOU HAVE ANYTHING TO BUY, sell or rent, ... [illegible]

A PERSON FAMILIAR WITH THE CULtivation of grapes ... [illegible]

EVERYBODY TO BUY THE BEST ICE cream at ... [illegible]

A COUPLE OF GOOD CHAMBERMAIDS at ... [illegible]

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNIture, wagons, buggies, harness, etc. ... [illegible]

WILL PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICES for good gents' second-hand clothing ... [illegible]

FOR SALE.

GOOD SECOND-HAND WAGONS FOR sale, cheap ... [illegible]

ORDER YOUR COAL AT ... [illegible]

HOME MADE BREAD AND CAKES, ... [illegible]

TEN SHARES CLARK ELDREDGE & CO. stock. ... [illegible]

MUST BE SOLD.

A NICE 4 ROOM BRICK ON NINTH East; ... [illegible] CHAS. E. MOYES, ... [illegible]

TYPEWRITERS.

NEW "No." HAMMOND ... [illegible]

SEEDS.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST SEED house in ... [illegible]

LAND FOR RENT.

FIFTEEN ACRES OF FARMING AND ... [illegible]

FOR RENT.

MASQUERADE COSTUMES CAN BE had of Mrs. M. E. Hubbard, ... [illegible]

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AT REAsonable rates. ... [illegible]

REPAIRING.

TAILORING, CLEANING AND REPAIRing. A. Andersen, ... [illegible]

PRACTICAL WATCH MAKER, A. HAUER... [illegible] Satisfaction guaranteed. ... [illegible]

H. F. CLARK, THE TAILOR, ... [illegible] Cleaning and Repairing.

BICYCLES, GUNS, REVOLVERS, SAFES opened. ... [illegible]

BICYCLES AND TRUNKS ... [illegible]

ALL KINDS OF STOVE REPAIRS AT J. T. Lowe's ... [illegible]

REMOVALS.

SHEARMAN & HANKS, GROCERS, TO ... [illegible]

MONEY TO LOAN

6 AND 7 PER CENT INTEREST ON IMproved city realty. ... [illegible]

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, JEWelry and ... [illegible]

SCAVENGER No. 5.

Closets and Cesspools Cleaned. N. J. SANDBERG, Address: 126 East Stevens Avenue. Office, 341 State Street.

ALL THE 400 BUY THEIR DRUGS And DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES FROM THE Johnson-Pratt Drug Co., 44 MAIN STREET.

WISCOMB & COMPANY, Staple, Fancy and Green Groceries, 16 East, First South Street.

DISSTONS' CELEBRATED SAWS

Cross Cut, Drag, One Man, Upright, Mill, Hand, Rip, Panel, Tenon, Pruning, Compass, Butcher, Cook, Keyhole, Etc.

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CIRCULAR,

Both Solid and Chisel Point Tooth; and "TRIUMPH," for felling trees, are selling at lower prices than ever. Also a full stock of their Rasps and Files always on hand.

Z. C. M. I.

Go to S. F. BALL, TEMPLE CAFE, 18 MAIN STREET, For Cakes, Candies, Bread, etc. Tourists' Lunches and Sandwiches. Hot Lunch [illegible]

PROFESSIONAL.

RICHARDS & RICHARDS Attorneys-at-Law. Rooms 501 to 503 McCornick Block.

BASKIN & HOGE, Attorneys-at-Law. [illegible]

JAS. H. MOYLE, Attorney-at-Law, Rooms [illegible] Constitution Building (op. Z. C. M. I.)

I. M. WADDELL & THOS. ADAMS, Attorneys-at-Law and Land Attorneys, [illegible] McCornick Block, Salt Lake City.

I LOAN ONLY MY OWN MONEY, HENCE ... [illegible] RUSSEL L. TRACY, [illegible] Commercial Block.

DR. E. M. KEYSOR, Dentist. Rooms 2 and 4 Scott-Auerbach Building, 1st floor, 164 Main St.

CHAS. M. CANNON, Dentist. Rooms 228 and 229 Constitution Bldg.

EYE AND EAR. DOCTOR IRA LYONS Has Removed to Atlas Block, 36 West Second South.

DR. J. R. KEYSOR Dentist. Parlors in the new Lollin block, 240 Main Street. First door north of Walker House.

DR. J. THOMAS, Surgeon Dentist, [illegible] Main St. Anesthetics Administered.

Chicago Dental Parlors

Have removed to 238 south, Main street next door to Bank of Salt Lake, where they have fitted up elegant apartments with all the latest and modern devices for their rapid and painless operations in dentistry.

EVERETT HOUSE, UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK.

Favorite hotel for Utah people in New York. Under new management. Thoroughly renovated. Perfect sanitation and all modern improvements. In the very heart of the popular shopping district. Convenient to places of amusement and readily accessible from all parts of the city. European plan. WM. M. BATES.